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ATLANTA, GA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 21, 1906

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PRICE FIVE CENTS

PREDICTED TEMPERATURE OF 25 MAY KILL HALF OF PEACH CROP

If Scheduled Drop in Mercury
Comes Today Damage
Will Be Great

NORTH GEORGIA BELT
WILL BEAR THE BRUNT

Whole Question, Which Means More
Than a Million Dollars to Georgia
Growers, Depends on
Velocity of Wind Early
This Morning.

Much fear was felt last night by peach
and fruit growers of Georgia that the
low temperatures predicted for tonight
by the weather bureau will result in
serious if not disastrous damage to the
crops.

The weather forecast for Atlanta to-
day: Fair and colder, minimum tempera-
ture 25 degrees during hours of very
early morning and warmer during the
day. The state forecast is for freezing
temperatures to the coast, followed by
warmer weather in northwestern portion
of the state.

It is believed that the freezing tempera-
tures may extend far to the south-
ward. One prominent railroad official
who looks after the fruit crops very
closely stated that if the promised con-
ditions arrive with a heavy frost and lit-
tle wind, the result will be a destruction
of 40 per cent of the expected crop of
6,000 cars of peaches.

He stated that he did not think that
the entire 40 per cent cut would result
from being killed outright, but that the
fruit would be so damaged that it would
succumb to future weather conditions
and drop from the trees.

Not so much fear is felt for fruit in
the southern sections, because of the
advanced condition of the trees and the
heavy foliage which will protect the
fruit from normally cold weather.

Marbury Cannot Talk.

Forecasters Marbury, of the weather
bureau, yesterday said that instructions
had been received from Washington to
the effect that in the future the weather
bureau would confine itself to the matter
of climatic conditions and conditions
directly, and not last Sunday the
crops would be mentioned now or in the
bulletins which are issued weekly through
the crop season.

Reports from other parts of the coun-
try are to the effect that the peach crop
in the entire country promises to be a
very small one, which will mean high
prices for what fruit there is. Word was
received that the Michigan crop was
ruined. Dispatches have also reported
much injury to the fruit in the Missouri
and Ozark country.

Fruit growers were comforting them-
selves with the fact that in case the
Georgia crop is badly cut now or later
by weather conditions, the loss will be
made up to a great extent by an advance
in prices. This was proved last year
when the entire crop was raised with
2,245 cars, and the price ranged from
\$.15 to \$.3 a crate, fancy fruit bringing
\$.4 and better. In case of a crop of
6,000 cars, for which prospects were
bright up to last Sunday, the growers
stated that such an amount would prob-
ably mean prices of only \$.10 per crate.
During the record crop of 1904 the
prices were not much better than this
amount. The estimated value of the
peach crop for last year for Georgia was
\$2,300,000.

Weather of Banner Year.

It is interesting to compare the weather
conditions which existed in 1904
when the banner crop was raised with
those this year. The February in 1904
was exceptionally cold and kept the fruit
trees from blossoming and maturing
early. The March of that year was
warm and with rather even tempera-
tures. This year the conditions are al-
most the opposite. February was very
warm, especially certain periods when
the warmth was at its height. April and
May, of course, occasioned the rise of
sap in the trees, and the budding and
blossoming so that at this time the fruit
is further advanced than usual. The
last average date for killing frosts is
March 24, while killing frosts have oc-
curred as late as April 10.

DOUGLAS' NEW RESIDENCES.

News Notes From Growing South
Georgia Town.

Douglas, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—
The city court is in regular session this
week and several cases have already
been tried. Superior court convenes
next week.

The revival service at the Baptist
church grow in interest. Rev. J. W.
Head, of Atlanta, is assisting Rev. J.
B. Roseman in the services.

Several new residences are being erect-
ed in this progressive city and Quincy
& McDonald will erect a splendid brick
building in the business part of the
city soon.

M. M. Porter has interested several in
the peach business here and in two or
three years this will be a great peach
section.

The Methodist here expect to let the
contract for their new church in the
next thirty days.

Irregularities in Mail Weights.

Port Wirth, Tex., March 20.—(Special.)—
According to a report made by Superintendent
Gaines, of the eleventh division railway
service, which has been forwarded to
Washington, irregularities have been dis-
covered in the weight of mail carried in
the state. Contraband matter, it is said,
has been located in the matter carried
by several railroads.

Fine New Club Building for Elks.

WEATHER AND PEACH CROP SITUATION FROM FIGURES FURNISHED BY EXPERTS

Official forecast for Atlanta this morning: . . . 25 degrees
Estimated damage in case of heavy frost and temperature of 25 degrees to
entire state crop of peaches, 40 per cent, with greatest injury to fruit in
northern sections of the state.
Lowest temperature yesterday . . . 29 degrees
Hourly velocity of wind during day . . . 30 miles
Peaches reported injured in northern part of state.
Freezing temperature yesterday extended to vicinity of Griffin.
State forecast predicts temperature near freezing for today south as far as
Savannah.
Probable supply (car loads) of peaches in Georgia up to Sunday . . . 6,000
Number of cars of peaches shipped from Georgia in 1905 . . . 2,445
Number of cars shipped in 1904, record-breaking year . . . 4,581
Estimated value of Georgia peaches in 1905 . . . 2,300,000
Estimated number of bearing trees at present . . . 17,000,000
Total number of peach trees in state at present . . . 21,000,000
Estimated number of cars of peaches from state north of Atlanta in 1904,
record crop . . . 2,500
Estimated number of cars from state south of Atlanta in 1904 . . . 1,800

TOM WATSON'S MAGAZINE BARRED BY UNION LABOR

It Has Been Placed On the "Unfair" List for Refus-
ing Eight-hour Day to Printers--Printers Say
Watson Ought to Remove His Name.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—(Special.)—Tom Watson's Magazine
has been placed on the "unfair"
list by the labor organizations of the
country.
The announcement of this fact is made
in The Trades Unionist, official organ
of the Typographical Union here. This
is made on the authority of Typograph-
ical Union No. 6, of New York, which
includes Tom Watson's Magazine in its
list of "unfair" publications. This maga-
zine is published by the same company

which publishes Town Topics. The com-
pany has resisted the demand of the
printers for an eight-hour day, and is ac-
cordingly placed under the ban by the
unions. In commenting upon the inter-
esting fact that the magazine controlled
by one who has so frequently declared
himself a friend of organized labor, the
trades unionists says, "Perhaps it is true
that Tom Watson cannot control the
policy of his company toward its em-
ployees, but at least he can take his
name away from the magazine."

POOR UNCLE SAM PARADES POVERTY THOUSANDS DIE IN EARTHQUAKES

Consulates and Embassies Left
Without Funds.

Ambassador at Paris Has To Stop
Outside to Use the Telephone,
and Many Consuls Cannot
Even Buy Postage
Stamps.

Washington, March 20.—As the result
of the failure of the state department to
secure, at the hands of congress, definite
appropriations aggregating \$70,000
for contingent expenses of embassies, le-
gations and consular officers, many of the
consular offices have been obliged to
cut off a large part of the necessary rou-
tine work. A cablegram received today
at the department from one of the con-
suls in Japan asked whether the consul
should refuse to receive invoices of
shippers to America, lacking the means
to perform the necessary clerical work.
The department sent out a circular let-
ter today to all its offices abroad, notifi-
ying the incumbents that the contingent
fund was exhausted, and directing them
to refrain from making any further
drafts. So there will be, in many cases,
no money for clerk hire, postage, office
rent or other consular necessities.
The American ambassador at Paris is
obliged to pay out of his pocket a fee
to congregate next door to the embassy
when he wishes to send a telephone
message, as the embassy is not allowed
its own telephone. Another ambassador
must go without a typewriter or buy on
his own expense upon which to write the
government's business letters.

CANCER GROWS ON ROCKEFELLER STOPS CARRIER WITH SHOTGUN

Growth at Base of His
Tongue Not of Virulent
Type.

New York, March 20.—The Evening
Post, today says: "Confirmation was
obtained today of statements that Wil-
liam Rockefeller is suffering from can-
cer, but not of the virulent type re-
ported. It was learned that Mr. Rocke-
feller was advised by his physicians
last fall to go abroad because of a can-
cerous growth at the base of the tongue,
which for the past two or three years
has been causing more or less trouble.
The recent reports of his illness are at-
tributed to a probable renewal of the
symptoms previously displayed. In
quarters usually well informed as to the
interests of Mr. Rockefeller, no alarm
was expressed today over the reports
of his illness. It was intimated that
in view of the pending Standard Oil in-
vestigations it was thought best for Mr.
Rockefeller in his present condition to
spend the winter in Italy. No confir-
mation could be had of the report that
Mr. Rockefeller's trouble had develop-
ed into cancer of the stomach."

Vessel Lying on Beach.

Punta Rana, Chile, March 20.—The
American steamer Olympian, from San
Francisco for New York, before reported
ashore in Possession bay, lies broadside
to the beach, having run aground. Cost of
the salvage is estimated at \$17,500.

Growers Report Little Damage.

Jasper, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The
cold wave reached here last night, the
mercury falling as low as 26. The peach
growers report but little if any damage
to peach crop.



ACT OF MOB ENRAGES HIGH COURT OF LAND

Trouble Ahead for Somebody
as Result of Affair at
Chattanooga.

PUNISHMENT POSSIBLE
FOR LOCAL OFFICIALS

Women Are More Sullen Than the
Men, and the Troops Now in That
City Are Expecting To Be
Called Upon to Quell a
Riot.

Chattanooga, March 20.—Nearly 1,000
negroes have stopped work in several
of the large industrial plants, and are
standing around in groups talking. The
women servants have in many cases
left their employment and are more
sullen and angry than the men. The
trouble arose over the lynching of Ed
Johnson, a negro convicted of assault,
whose case had been appealed to the
supreme court of the United States.

Order Kept Last Night.

Law and order was a signal victory
in Chattanooga tonight, when a squad
of less than 100 policemen backed by
four companies of militia, held a large
crowd of negroes, variously estimated
from 2,000 to 4,000 in number, in check;
preserved peace; and prevented a riot,
which might have resulted in a great
loss of life.

With the exception of a small fusillade
of shots on East Ninth street, near the
intersection of A, in which two white
men were shot, and the burning of a
house on West Ninth street, there was
no further disorder.

p to midnight the following injured
had been reported:
John Curtis, a railway man, shot in
shoulders by unknown negroes.
Dick Light, deputy sheriff, shot in
hand by unknown negroes.

The officers are satisfied with the situa-
tion here tonight, and it is believed that
if tomorrow passes without trouble,
the crisis will be over. The funeral
of Ed Johnson, the negro who was lynched,
will occur without trouble, but it is
feared that some outbreak may occur
after that.

The night opened with every evidence
of trouble. During the day all the man-
ufacturing plants in the city were closed
because of the refusal of the negroes
to work, and by night they were forming
into parties which the officers broke up
as fast as possible. A report from Wash-
ington tonight says that the United
States supreme court has been placed, will
take the matter up, and that secret ser-
vice men will be sent here to arrest the
members of the mob. Considerable ap-
prehension is felt.

Governor's Statement.

Jackson, Tenn., March 20.—Governor
Cox was intercepted by telephone while
he was en route to Spring Creek, where
he has an appointment to speak, and
asked concerning the lynching of Ed
Johnson, a negro, at Chattanooga last
night. It was the first news the governor
had received concerning the matter. He
greatly deplored the affair, and said he
was confident no lynching would have
occurred had the case not been taken
from the Tennessee courts into the fed-
eral courts. He was not prepared to say
what action he would take in the matter,
not knowing any of the particulars.

Governor Cox will return to Jackson
late this afternoon, and will have some-
thing to say concerning the matter.

Three Girl Babies Born to Mrs.
Kate Ricks.

Albany, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—A
report from Sylvester tells of the birth
there on Saturday of as fine a trio of
baby girls as ever came to bless the union
of proud parents.

Mrs. Kate Ricks presented her hus-
band, G. V. Ricks, with girl triplets, each
of the babies weighing 3 1/4 pounds. The
little girls are reported living and doing
well, as is the mother. Mrs. Ricks is
about twenty-four years of age, and had
previously given birth to a daughter,
who is now nearly three years old. Ricks
is a carpenter.

\$340,000 SAVED BY STEVE CLAY AT ONE STROKE

Georgia Senator by Timely
Action Prevented Granting
Unnecessary Appropriation.

\$140,000,000 WAS SPENT
IN LESS THAN 20 MINUTES

Senator Perkins Criticized the Build-
ing of the Dry Dock Dway on
the Atlantic When it Could
Have Been Built
on Pacific.

By Jos. Ohl.

Washington, March 20.—(Special.)—
Senator Clay saved the government
\$340,000 at one stroke today. When the
fortifications appropriation bill was under
consideration in the senate, Senator
Lodge led the fight against a provision
that no part of \$600,000 appropriated
for fortifications in Hawaii and the
Philippines should be expended at the
naval station of Olongapo or Subig Bay.
He claimed that this was an evident
effort to divert the expenditure from
Subig Bay to Cavite. Finally Senator
Teller moved to strike all reference to
the Philippines in the item and this
carried, the effect being to appropriate
the whole \$600,000 to Hawaii. The item
was sliding through in this shape when
Senator Clay came to the front with a
motion to cut the item from \$600,000 to
\$260,000.

The Georgia senator produced the esti-
mate of the war department showing
the needs of Hawaii to be fully covered
by the \$260,000 and insisted that the ap-
propriation bill be cut to that figure.
Finally, this was done the result being
a saving of a \$340,000 to the govern-
ment.

Spent \$47,000,000 a Minute.

In less than twenty minutes time the
senate voted away \$140,000,000 of the
public funds. The sum is carried by
the pension appropriation bill which be-
ing a better document was made the sub-
ject of vote—little discussion.

The railroad rate bill was laid aside
for the day and the major portion of the
time was devoted to the consideration
of the fortifications appropriation bill.
In that connection the question of the
necessity of sea coast fortifications in
the Philippines was discussed at con-
siderable length with the result that all
provision for such appropriations in these
possession were eliminated. The
consideration of the measure was not
excluded.

There also was a brief discussion of the
power of the department to amend the
bill providing for the punishment
of the premature divulgence of
government secrets as to make the in-
hibition extend to senators and members
of the house, but the subject was left
undisposed of for the time.

In the discussion of the Philippine for-
tifications Mr. Bacon said that a naval
station should be retained in the Philip-
pines and that the world's attention to the
designation of Subig Bay if some island
containing coal could not be utilized for
the purpose.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, March 20.—Weather fore-
cast for Wednesday and Thursday:
Georgia—Fair Wednesday and
Thursday; warmer Thursday; light
west winds becoming variable.

North and South Carolina—Fair Wed-
nesday and Thursday; warmer in west
portion Thursday; light west winds.
Alabama and Western Florida—Fair
Wednesday and Thursday; warmer Thurs-
day; light west winds, becoming vari-
able.

Eastern Florida—Fair Wednesday and
Thursday; warmer Thursday; light vari-
able winds.
Tennessee—Fair Wednesday and Thurs-
day; warmer.

Local Data.

Highest temperature . . . 41
Lowest temperature . . . 30
Mean temperature . . . 36
Normal temperature . . . 38
Precipitation past 24 hours . . . 1.52
Excess since last of month . . . 4.88
Excess since January 1 . . . 2.35

Data from Various Stations.

Stations and State	Temp.	Rain.
of Weather.	7 a.m.	12 hrs.
Atlanta, clear . . .	34	41
Athens, pt. cloudy . . .	52	46
Augusta, clear . . .	40	46
Baltimore, clear . . .	32	38
Boston, cloudy . . .	28	38
Buffalo, cloudy . . .	22	30
Charleston, clear . . .	44	50
Charlotte, clear . . .	36	42
Chattanooga, clear . . .	36	38
Chicago, clear . . .	24	26
Cincinnati, clear . . .	24	28
Corpus Christi, clear . . .	50	52
Detroit, clear . . .	32	34
Dodge, clear . . .	48	54
Galveston, clear . . .	50	52
Huron, clear . . .	30	34
Jacksonville, clear . . .	46	52
Jupiter, clear . . .	62	60
Kansas City, clear . . .	38	40
Knoxville, clear . . .	28	34
Memphis, clear . . .	38	38
Mobile, clear . . .	32	38
Montgomery, clear . . .	44	46
New Orleans, clear . . .	50	52
New York, clear . . .	30	34
Norfolk, clear . . .	40	44
North Platte, clear . . .	30	34
Omaha, clear . . .	30	34
Palm Beach, pt. cloudy . . .	50	54
Portland, Me., cloudy . . .	32	34
Raleigh, clear . . .	30	40
Savannah, clear . . .	42	50
St. Louis, clear . . .	30	32
St. Paul, pt. cloudy . . .	32	38
Tampa, clear . . .	52	62
Vicksburg, clear . . .	44	48
Wilmington, clear . . .	42	48

T indicates trace of rain or snow.

J. B. MARBURY,
Local Forecaster.

that purpose. He considered Cavite unfeasible.

Loss on the Dewey.
Mr. Perkins, in charge of the bill, spoke of the Dewey dry dock, saying that it had been built in California it would be now at its destination. He declared the distance to be 5,000 miles less and the cost was incalculably greater by the route taken. One item of cost mentioned was that of \$5,000 for toll through Suez canal.

Mr. Bacon suggested the long reaches without harbor of refuge in the Pacific for such a structure as the dock as an explanation for selection of the Atlantic route.

The explanation was not acceptable to Mr. Perkins, who said no place of refuge was necessary.

Mr. Teller moved an amendment striking out the provision for fortification of the Philippines and Messrs. Alton and Lodge declared their willingness to support such a motion.

In supporting this purpose Mr. Teller said that money should not be spent to fortify harbors in the Philippines unless along some definite plan. Fortifications necessary to defend the islands would cost \$500,000,000, he said, and even the expenditure of that sum, he asserted, would give no assurance of effective defense. The Teller amendment was accepted, 25 to 23, and on motion of Mr. Clay, the appropriation applying only to season's defenses in Hawaiian islands was reduced to \$250,000 to correspond with the estimate for those islands. The senate adjourned until tomorrow.

House Very Frugal.
The house of representatives today did business with a microscope in one hand and the bill making appropriation for the salaries of its officers and employees in the other. The result was that although five and one-half hours were spent in reading the legislative appropriation bill for amendment, less than twenty-five pages of the measure were completed.

The spirit of economy in little things was all-absorbing. Points of order were made and many of them were fatal to proposed increases in the salaries of officers, janitors, doorkeepers, messengers and laborers.

Mr. Hardwick, of Georgia, constituted himself a censor on the bill, and made many points of order. He confined these to cases of increased salaries.

The house adjourned until tomorrow.

THIS IS FIRST DAY OF SPRING

Vernal Season Begins With Mercury at 25.

And this is the first day of spring, with weather colder. And yesterday it snowed in Atlanta—at least, there were traces of it falling in the morning.

The lowest official temperature yesterday morning was 22.6 degrees, while thermometers in the city showed 22 degrees. The forecast of Director Marbury was for 50 degrees. High winds prevailed during the night and day, with an average velocity of about 30 miles an hour. The highest velocity reached yesterday was 38 miles early in the morning.

The minimum temperature for Atlanta yesterday was 29 and the maximum 38 at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, making the average 20 degrees colder than the normal for the day, which is 52 degrees. The wind velocity per hour was 27 miles at 10 o'clock, the lowest for the day, and had increased to 32 miles per hour again at 4 o'clock.

While the day was cold and unpleasant, with Aeolus getting busy in the north-west, the records show a temperature of 25 degrees on March 20, 1887, and 19 degrees on March 27, 1894, and it was 25 degrees as late as April 2, 1881. The coldest day in Atlanta's history was 8-12 below zero on February 13, 1899, a rule of thumb, and is known as the vernal equinox. This vernal equinox gets its name from the fact that the sun, equinox, meaning equal, and nox, being the Latin for night, and so it tells the entire story of this date of an equally long day and night.

Killed by Negro Workmen.
Knoxville, Tenn., March 20.—Reuben Bird, aged 26, white, employed as a walking boss on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, was shot and killed today by negroes of his railroad working gang who refused to go to work.

Circulating Bad Money.
Phenix City, Ala., March 20.—Counterfeit dollars are being circulated in Phenix City, and so clever are the imitations that in some instances they have passed into many hands before it was discovered that they were spurious. Several of the dollars have turned up during the past few days.

Some of the dollars have turned up during the past few days. Several of the dollars have turned up during the past few days. Several of the dollars have turned up during the past few days.

It Is Free

To All Who Need It—the First Bottle of Liquezone

We have no wish to argue what Liquezone can do. The simple truth would seem to be that the results we have seen from this remarkable product would sound impossible, until you have tried it. So we ask you to try it—to try it at our expense. The product itself will do more to convince you than anything we could say. That it is a million-dollar product, done. Then judge the power of the product by the results that it brings you. Judge if you wish to continue.

What Liquezone Is.

The virtues of Liquezone are derived solely from gases, by a process requiring large apparatus and from 8 to 14 days' time. No alcohol, no narcotics are in it. Chemists of the highest class direct the making. The result is to obtain from these harmless gases a powerful tonic-germicide.

The great value of Liquezone lies in the fact that it is deadly to germs, yet harmless to you. Germs are of vegetable origin, and this gas-made product, when absorbed by them, stops their activities. We publish an offer of \$1,000 for a disease germ that it can not kill. But to the body Liquezone is exhilarating, vitalizing, purifying. It is helpful in the extreme.

That is its main distinction. Common germicides are poisons when taken internally. That is why medicine proves so nearly helpless in a germ disease. Liquezone is a tonic.

CROP PASSED YESTERDAY WITHOUT MUCH DAMAGE

THE peach crop of '06, so far as the state agricultural department has been advised was not materially affected by the cold winds of Monday night and Tuesday morning.

"No reports indicating a destruction of the fruit by the cold wave we have been having has been received by the agricultural department up to this time," said Captain Robert Wright, assistant commissioner of agriculture, yesterday.

A hard freeze, a protracted cold spell or a heavy frost is necessary to destroy the peach bloom at the advanced stage it has reached, declare state house officials. Yesterday there was no freeze, nor did frost materialize according to information received.

"That is the way the situation is viewed by the optimistic students of the present conditions."

"Of course any one can make predictions," remarked Captain Wright, "but a verification of those predictions does not always follow. I have heard predictions which have failed. In fact I am inclined to think that there are more predictions of an unfavorable kind than of a favorable character. The truth about the present condition of the fruit crop is unknown and it will require some little time to determine it."

Advices from the peach belt about Norcross, Pittman and Flomery Branch received late yesterday afternoon indicate that the fruit in that section is yet alive and was last night in good condition. In that section there are about 50,000 trees from which a heavy and profitable crop was harvested the past season.

Will Burn Brush.
A dispatch from G. A. Thompson, Southern railway agent at Warm Springs, says examinations have been made there and that so far no damage had resulted from the cold weather at the big orchards of the Pine Mountain Fruit Company, J. J. Stranahan, president. The fruit men there are preparing

now, and it is believed tonight's contemplated freeze will about finish what is left.

No Damage Apparent.
Barnesville, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The fruit men here say no damage is perceptible here yet, but it has been getting colder since morning and fears of injury are entertained.

Crop Reported in Doubt.
Adairsville, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The result of the cold in this section is yet uncertain. The fruit in that section is yet alive and was last night in good condition. In that section there are about 50,000 trees from which a heavy and profitable crop was harvested the past season.

Peach Crop May Be Failure.
Griffin, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Fruit and vegetables were seriously injured by the freeze here last night and it is feared the peach crop will be a complete failure.

Crop Reported Not Hurt.
Calhoun, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The thermometer registered 33 degrees this morning at 6 o'clock, but owing to the wind blowing from the north, the fruit crop has resulted. Tonight will be the most critical time.

Crop Damaged One-Half.
Marietta, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Last night was the coldest this month in Marietta. The peach crop was damaged at least 50 per cent. Judge Goben, a large peach grower, thinks Cobb will have a large crop yet.

Fruit Shows No Damage.
Port Valley, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The temperature went down to the freezing point last night, but high winds prevented much damage to the fruit crop. The peach crop has resulted. Tonight will be the most critical time.

Damage to Crop Feared.
Eatonton, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—There was a heavy freeze last night. The growers cannot estimate the damage until they examine the orchards more fully. A heavy loss is feared.

Crop Slightly Damaged.
Jasper, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The thermometer registered 26 at 6 o'clock this morning, which was the coldest of the season. Snow fell about three hours. Only slight damage is reported to the peach crop. A harder freeze is feared tonight.

No Damage to Crop.
Sparta, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—No material damage to the fruit crop is reported. Growers are as yet apprehensive for tonight.

Is Not Damaged.
Barnesville, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—There was ice here this morning and the weather was chilly, but it is not believed there is any damage to the fruit crop. The peach crop has resulted. Tonight will be the most critical time.

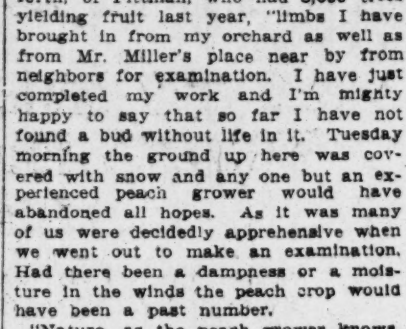
Weather Grows Colder.
Montgomery, Ala., March 20.—From every section of the state come telegrams, followed by much colder weather. It is feared that the fruit crop has been greatly damaged.

Frost and Ice Work Havoc.
Jackson, Miss., March 20.—Frost and ice wrought havoc to the early fruit crop in Mississippi this morning and the loss cannot be estimated. Peach and pear trees in full bloom have been blighted, and it is feared the crop is utterly ruined. Reports from the truck farming districts say that all early vegetation has been killed.

No Serious Loss Reported.
New Orleans, March 20.—Unseasonably cold weather was reported from all points in Louisiana this morning. In many places the temperature going below freezing. In New Orleans the mercury dropped to 35. There was frost to the coast line. Ample warnings of the freeze were distributed over the crop growing sections and no reports of serious losses have been received.

Hat Styles For Spring 1906.

Essig Bros.



To be sure that you have an approved standard style, you should buy a Stetson Hat.

The makers are the acknowledged designers of the world's fashions in men's headwear.

Your head dress should be just as stylish as your clothes—you'll find all that's new in shapes and colors for Spring 1906.

\$3.00 and \$3.50
Essig Bros.,
"Correct Clothes for Men,"
26 Whitehall St.

are to be produced in abundance in this community the coming season.

Marshville Crop.
Marshville, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Fruit crop was not damaged to any extent from last night's freeze. Georgia growers, however, fear serious results tonight.

Winds Saved Fruit.
Dalton, Ga., March 20.—It is snowing here, and the thermometer registers 29 degrees. A million peach trees are in bloom in this county, and so far are unharmed. Tonight will tell as to whether there is to be a fruit crop or not.

Fruit Growers Alarmed.
Macon, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Macon fruit growers state today that they are safe up to the present moment, and believe only slight damage has been done to the fruit crop. The peach crop has resulted. Tonight will be the most critical time.

Crop Reported Not Hurt.
Calhoun, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The thermometer registered 33 degrees this morning at 6 o'clock, but owing to the wind blowing from the north, the fruit crop has resulted. Tonight will be the most critical time.

Crop Damaged One-Half.
Marietta, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Last night was the coldest this month in Marietta. The peach crop was damaged at least 50 per cent. Judge Goben, a large peach grower, thinks Cobb will have a large crop yet.

Fruit Shows No Damage.
Port Valley, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The temperature went down to the freezing point last night, but high winds prevented much damage to the fruit crop. The peach crop has resulted. Tonight will be the most critical time.

Damage to Crop Feared.
Eatonton, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—There was a heavy freeze last night. The growers cannot estimate the damage until they examine the orchards more fully. A heavy loss is feared.

Crop Slightly Damaged.
Jasper, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The thermometer registered 26 at 6 o'clock this morning, which was the coldest of the season. Snow fell about three hours. Only slight damage is reported to the peach crop. A harder freeze is feared tonight.

No Damage to Crop.
Sparta, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—No material damage to the fruit crop is reported. Growers are as yet apprehensive for tonight.

Is Not Damaged.
Barnesville, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—There was ice here this morning and the weather was chilly, but it is not believed there is any damage to the fruit crop. The peach crop has resulted. Tonight will be the most critical time.

Weather Grows Colder.
Montgomery, Ala., March 20.—From every section of the state come telegrams, followed by much colder weather. It is feared that the fruit crop has been greatly damaged.

Frost and Ice Work Havoc.
Jackson, Miss., March 20.—Frost and ice wrought havoc to the early fruit crop in Mississippi this morning and the loss cannot be estimated. Peach and pear trees in full bloom have been blighted, and it is feared the crop is utterly ruined. Reports from the truck farming districts say that all early vegetation has been killed.

No Serious Loss Reported.
New Orleans, March 20.—Unseasonably cold weather was reported from all points in Louisiana this morning. In many places the temperature going below freezing. In New Orleans the mercury dropped to 35. There was frost to the coast line. Ample warnings of the freeze were distributed over the crop growing sections and no reports of serious losses have been received.

Tracks Cleared; Rivers Still Up.
Southern and Seaboard Again Operating Westward.

The railroad situation and the irregularities caused Monday by the rising and overflowing of the creeks and rivers in northern Georgia and Alabama, was much relieved yesterday by the clearing of the side caused by the recent rains near Rockmart and the opening of the tracks of the Seaboard Air Line. The bridge at Silver creek, 6 miles south of Rome, was also repaired early yesterday morning, and helped much to relieve the state of congestion in the traffic.

TORNADO SWEPT LARGE SECTION

Mississippi Again Visited by the Twisting Terror.

Details Are Not Obtainable, but Report Indicates Southern Part of State Suffered Severely by a Tornado Yesterday.



Hattiesburg, Miss., March 20.—A cyclone passed over south Mississippi last night. Details are meager. Whether any one was killed or not cannot be learned. The tornado in many respects resembled the one which passed over Meridian a few days ago and played havoc with that city. This afternoon George M. Kennedy returned to the city from New Augusta and brought the first news of the tornado to Hattiesburg.

Before leaving New Augusta Mr. Kennedy talked with several men who witnessed the tornado; others hearing it for a distance of four or five miles.

From all accounts, the tornado originated at a point between Beaumont, on the Mobile, Jackson and Kansas City railroad, and Brooklyn, on the Gulf and Ship Island, 20 miles south of this city. The tornado, with a funnel formation, sped across the country a distance of 15 miles, demolishing everything in front of it. The tornado covered a space a quarter of a mile wide. It passed through the Newman Lumber Company's tract No. 21, crossing the big public road 2 miles below the old John C. Pierce homestead. At this point the tornado seemed very severe, and was traveling at the rate of 70 miles an hour. It tore down fences, uprooting and destroying all of the timber in its path.

Mr. Kennedy left New Augusta early in the morning, and up to the hour of his departure few, if any, details of the tornado had been received. He was of the opinion, however, that great damage had been done. Whether the storm was accompanied by heavy loss of life, he is unable to say, but it was certain the storm had swept the country for the width of a quarter of a mile, or more, and at the points from which reports had been received the country was entirely cleared of timber and everything else in front of the storm.

TRAFFIC RESUMED AFTER THE RAINS.
Many Lines Have Again Established Schedules.

In Various Sections of the South Roads Were Put Out of Business, and Some Are Still Feeling the Flood's Effect.

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While the bridge over the Sweetwater, just south of Austell, was open yesterday, Superintendent Eagan, of the Atlanta division, who is superintending the repairs at that place, reported that the bridge had been fixed so that trains were passing last night.

It is expected that all repairs will be made in plenty of time for the carrying out of the usual and regular schedules today.

While the Chattahoochee was reported to be over 7 feet above the dam at Bull Sluice yesterday afternoon, the river was also reported to be falling, and so there was no further danger anticipated from this quarter.

Director of the railroad yesterday received special bulletins from West Point and Bufala. At 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon the river was reported to be over 19 feet at West Point. The danger line is 20 feet at this point, and the river was reported to be still rising, so that some solicitation was felt as to the chances of the water overflowing and entering the city.

At 3 o'clock at Bufala the river was reported to be over 34 feet. The danger line at this point is 30 feet, but no prediction of any sensational result was included in the dispatch.

Traffic Still Hampered.
Montgomery, Ala., March 20.—Railroad traffic is still greatly hampered, but the numerous washouts are being repaired rapidly and schedules are resuming. Both the Mobile and Ohio and the Louisville and Nashville are using the tracks of the Southern railway in detouring trains by way of Selma. Many accommodations trains have been delayed for hours.

River on Boom.
Rome, Ga., March 20.—The Oostanaula and Etowah rivers are again on a boom. The rains of two days have filled them to a point exceeded only by the great freshet of 1898. At a late hour the Etowah had fallen about 4 inches and the Oostanaula was about on a stand. At the intersection of West First street and Third avenue the water has backed up to within a few feet of the big department house of Lanham & Sons and in this same locality the Rome Vehicle Manufacturing Company's plant, the Bureka foundry and machine shop and the Etowah Wood and Coal Company's yard are all out of commission on account of the high water, which in some places is nearly up to the tops of the work benches in the shops. The damage to these particular concerns will be pretty heavy, to say nothing of the time lost.

A few miles from Rome the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis trains today passed through from 6 to 10 inches of water over the tracks and the tracks of the Southern are so badly torn up by the floods at Silver creek that trains could not for the past two days run over this line from Rome to Atlanta.

Damages to the crops along the river bottoms will not be very great, as not many of the farmers had planted very much; most of the ground, however, had been prepared and will have to be worked over.

Tracks Inundated; River Rising.
Mobile, March 20.—Information reaching here from a private source states that the tracks of the Mobile and Ohio railroad are inundated just north of Shubuta, Miss., and also at Enterprise, Miss., and that the Chickasaw river is rising rapidly. Fears are entertained that the

INJURED IN A RUNAWAY.
Mrs. Thalheimer, of Cincinnati, Receives Severe Kick.
Albany, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Mrs. Hazel Thalheimer, of Cincinnati, a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Leo Altheimer, was grievously hurt this morning in a runaway. Mr. and Mrs. Altheimer and Mrs. Thalheimer were in Mr. Altheimer's wagon about 12 o'clock driving north on Jackson street. The horse began running soon after leaving the street and was not checked until he had gone several blocks. Here the animal began kicking. Mrs. Thalheimer was struck by the flying hoofs just below her knees and suffered painful injuries. At first it was thought that the bones had been fractured, but it was found that bad cuts and bruises were the extent of the injuries. Mr. and Mrs. Altheimer escaped with slight bruises.

OBIEG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF BEEF
the most concentrated form of beef goodness for sick-room and kitchen

It MUST have THIS signature
Obiege
In blue, or it's not genuine

"Must" Is a Hard Nut to Crack, but It Has a Sweet Kernel.

You "must" drink water—if you would be well.

Ask the doctors. They recommend ten glasses a day.

Be sure it's Bowden Lithia.

It keeps you healthy.

Bell Telephone 1086.

Bowden Lithia Springs Water Co.,
Depot, 166 Peachtree Street, ATLANTA, GA.

Eugene V. Haynes
FOR
Perfect Diamonds
Of the First Water
37 Whitehall Street.

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the most concentrated form of beef goodness for sick-room and kitchen

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In blue, or it's not genuine

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TO PROTECT DRY SECTIONS.

Liquor Question Discussed by Committee of the House.

Washington, March 20.—The house committee on judiciary held a hearing today on the Hepburn-Dwyer bill and other matters for the regulation of interstate traffic in liquor. Representative Weber, of Ohio, who attracted much attention by the introduction of a bill for absolute prohibition in the District of Columbia, spoke in favor of the pending measure to regulate shipment of liquor into local option districts.

Representative John Sharp Williams, of Mississippi, answered Mr. Boutell. He defended the Williams bill, abolishing the liquor traffic into prohibition areas, and pointed out that the courts have already declared this bill unconstitutional. Mr. Boutell's objection that this bill would interfere with the sovereign rights of the different states was denied by Mr. Williams emphatically.

Headaches and Neuralgia From Colds.
Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy, removes the cause. Call for the full name and look for signature of E. W. Grove.

Putnam Superior Court.
Eatonon, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The March term of the superior court, Judge H. G. Lewis presiding, and Colonel James E. Polite, solicitor general, convened here yesterday. The grand jury organized by electing W. H. Hearn, foreman and George W. Adams, secretary.

Owing to the unfinished condition of a new court house room, the cramped quarters have rendered it necessary for Judge Lewis to hand down to the county court, without a jury, in consequence of the grand jury, is, however, sitting.

The grand jury sitting last September appointed a special committee, composed of F. W. Holt, W. E. Andrews and Judge J. S. Turner, to examine and check up the books of all the county officers and report at this term of court.

To Investigate Lynching.
Knoxville, Tenn., March 20.—Hon. John R. Fendall, United States attorney for the Eastern district of Tennessee, announced the lynching of Ed Johnson today as "downright murder." He condemned the slaying severely and stated that he was now investigating the legal aspect of the case. If he becomes convinced that Johnson was the grand offender, he stated that he would call on Attorney General Moody for instructions and would prosecute the offenders to the full.

Diseases of Women Cured.
Headaches, Backache, Female Weakness, Pains in the Pelvic Region, Discharge from the Vagina, Nervous Strain, and other diseases peculiar to women, of any chronic ailments.

Over 20 years experience in the treatment of these diseases. Call for free consultation. Private reception room for ladies. If you can't call, write for our book, "Diseases of Women," and an examination plan.

home treatment. Everything strictly confidential. Address Dr. Hattaway & Co., 33 Inman Bldg., 22-1/2 S. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga. Hours, 8-30 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 to 1.

EYES.
Examined, by an optometrist, and correctly fitted with the finest lenses. Investigate our prices and the advantages we offer.

JULIUS R. WATTS & CO.,
C. E. POLSON, Optometrist.
28 Whitehall Street.

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EYES.
Examined, by an optometrist, and correctly fitted with the finest lenses. Investigate our prices and the advantages we offer.

You should always have it on hand

Good whiskey is a household necessity. There are times when it is absolutely necessary to have it. You will find my "No. 14" to be all right in every particular—an excellent whiskey for the sick. Investigate, and if you find your stock is low phone 325 and see how quick I deliver goods.

I. H. OPPEHEIM,

7-9 East Alabama St.

Atlanta.

ROOSEVELTS WILL CRUISE WEST INDIES IN MAY FLOWER

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Mrs. Roosevelt, accompanied by her sons, Archie and Quentin, and her daughter, Miss Ethel, and possibly by her son Kermit who is at school at Groton, Mass., will leave Washington the latter part of next week for Florida. At some convenient port there, possibly Fernandina, they will go aboard the naval yacht Mayflower and make a cruise to the West Indies. They will visit Cuba and Porto Rico, stopping at both Havana and San Juan. It is expected that the party will be absent ten days or two weeks. The Mayflower left Washington yesterday for Fernandina.

TWO BARGES LOST BY TUG DURING A TERRIFIC STORM

NEW YORK, March 20.—The tug Margaret, Captain Hickman, arrived in port today with the barge J. R. Dempsey in tow, after a thrilling experience at sea, in which Captain Hickman was compelled to abandon the barge Martha McCabe, on which were Captain Willard Massey and two sailors, and the barge Virginia Hudson. The crew of the latter were thrown off in a small boat by the crew of the tug, but it is feared that Captain Massey and the two sailors perished with their vessel.

The tug left Norfolk last Friday with the three barges loaded with rails and railroad ties and proceeded without mishap until Monday morning when off Atlantic City she ran into a gale accompanied by blinding snow and sleet. The barge between the barge Hudson, the last of the tow and the McCabe parted, and the Hudson, driven by the gale, started seaward.

Captain Hickman called for volunteers to man the tug's lifeboat and after a desperate struggle, the crew of the barge was taken aboard the tug. It was impossible to attach another hawser to the barge and she was abandoned.

The voyage to New York was resumed with the two remaining barges, and fair headway was made despite the storm until when off Barnegat the hawser of the barge Martha McCabe broke. Captain Hickman put the tug about and endeavored to pick up the McCabe, but hampered by the barge J. R. Dempsey, he was unable to get near the McCabe, which was driven rapidly out to sea. It was impossible to reach her with a life boat, owing to the heavy sea, and after waiting about two hours in the hope that Captain Massey and his men would be able to launch a boat from the barge, Captain Hickman started for New York. He remained in port here only long enough to tie the Dempsey up, and then started back in search of the McCabe and her crew.

Surgeons in Session.—The second annual convention of the surgeons of the Atlantic Coast Line convened at the Tampa Bay hotel this morning. Dr. G. Thomas, of Wilmington, N. C., chief surgeon, presiding. One hundred doctors are in attendance. The session continues tomorrow.

1-30th of the entire Quinine production of the World is consumed every year by the makers of **Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets** "Cure a Cold in One Day." E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 28c

If You Are Out of Town

There are certain puzzling little matters sure to come up to worry the man who wants to dress correctly, or to worry the mother who has boys to buy for.

Muse's has long been a standard of correctness in these things—a veritable style school.

If you are out of town we have three booklets, just from the press, that will be, we believe, of great service to you—

A Booklet

On Oxfords

A Booklet

On Men's Hats

A Booklet

On Boys'

Clothing and All That Boys Wear

They will be sent gladly anywhere upon request.

GEO. MUSE CLOTHING CO.
3-5-7 Whitehall ATLANTA.

NO SLAUGHTER DONE WANTONLY

Philippine Officials on Mount

Dajo Affair.

Governor Says No Women or Children Were Killed by Intention, and Those Killed Could Not Have Been Saved.

Washington, March 20.—Secretary Taft has received the following cablegram from Governor General Ide, at Manila, dated today, relative to the Mount Dajo fight:

"Newspaper reports from Manila announcing wanton slaughter of women and children at Mount Dajo, extremely sensational and in all essential details false. The situation occupied by Moro outlaws in the crater of the volcano 2,100 feet high, was exceedingly difficult and required great display of heroism on the part of the army, navy and Philippine and Moro constabulary, who rendered most valiant service. Some women and children were killed or wounded by preliminary shelling at a distance. Moros were outlaws and fanatics and refused to surrender to the last, attempting repeatedly to murder our forces who were rescuing wounded Moros.

"Moro sultan and leading Dattos rendered great assistance, and the surrounding population is in great sympathy with the course taken to remove the gang of out-throats who were preying upon the community, retreating as occasion required to what they supposed to be impenetrable fastness, and there was no killing of any one except as was indispensable to end the intolerable situation.

"Attack not ordered until every resource looking to possible adjustment. Exhausted troops and officers deserving of highest praise."

Secretary Taft also made public an exhaustive report from Major Hugh L. Scott, who was governor of the Moro provinces just preceding the engagement, respecting the habits of warfare of those people.

Major Scott details his efforts to maintain order among the Moros and says: "The policy of General Wood in that archipelago has always been to bring about peace and order as gently and with as little loss of life as possible. In every case when it has been necessary to arrest Moros charged with crime they have gone into their strongholds and called their friends and relatives about them to resist arrest. Every possible effort, extending in some cases over weeks and months, has been made to bring about the arrest without bloodshed.

ROOMS NEEDED FOR VISITORS

Wheeler Memorial Committee Urges Public's Cooperation.

As time draws nearer for the Wheeler memorial which begins next Tuesday, the public comfort committee grows more anxious about the proposition of finding accommodations for the large number of visitors expected. So many inquiries concerning the memorial have been received and it has been so generally advertised that those in charge of the movement believe one of the greatest crowds that have attended a similar event in Atlanta will be present.

Chairman Alex W. Smith, of the public comfort committee, urgently requests that all who can accommodate guests of the secretary of the committee, E. Marvin Underwood, Prudential building, giving their rates, so that provision may be made for all the visitors unable to find lodging in the hotels. Mr. Smith said yesterday: "The situation is very perplexing and the people apparently do not recognize the magnitude of the memorial or the amount of interest being shown in it. It would be a lasting disgrace to Atlanta if these aged veterans were to come here and have to walk the streets all night. And yet as it is now we have no place to put them. From the best advice obtainable it seems that they are coming from all sections of the union in thousands, of both armies—and where we are to put them I do not know.

"The hotels and boarding houses are crowded now. There is but one way for us to accommodate the visitors, and that is for us to throw open our homes for their reception. We must know at once how many people are willing for two or three days at this time to double up a little and let us have a room or two in their homes for the entertainment of these guests. The money that will be paid for the room is not the thing at all—it's the room we need and must have or else appear very inhospitable."

Committee Meets.

The general committee in charge of the Wheeler Memorial met yesterday morning in the convention hall of the Kimball house. A number of details in regard to the work were attended to and facts concerning the number of delegates and visitors coming were brought out.

The chairman of this committee was Colonel T. Hardin Jones, and he stated that the number of inquiries which denoted the interest in the coming memorial were astonishing.

It is proposed to have a great parade, in which will be citizens, soldiers, war veterans and children from the public schools—all there to do honor to General Wheeler.

Speakers Chosen.

Chairman Jones will serve as master of ceremonies, introducing Governor Terrell, who will in turn present each of the speakers to the audience. Among the orators selected for the occasion are Judge Medford, of Rome, who will make the leading address; Governor Jelks, of Alabama, which was the home state of General Wheeler; General C. A. Evans, representing General Stephen D. Lee, commander general of the U. C. V., who is prevented from attending by illness; Commander Charles R. Miller, of the

J. M. HIGH CO.

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TWO STRIKINGLY SMART TAILOR MADE SPRING MODELS

FROM OUR MAGNIFICENT STOCK WOMEN'S READY-TO-WEAR APPAREL.

Either one of these handsome models would make a swell Easter Suit.

We desire to call your particular attention to just two great garment values from our superb stock women's apparel.

The distinctive air of these beautiful suits, their graceful hang and artistic lines, have never before been achieved at such a modest figure. We cannot, therefore, too strongly advise our patrons to take immediate advantage of this sale.

They come in Serges, Chiffon Panamas, Batistes, Voiles and Fancy Mixtures, Shadow Plaid effects, etc., in light and dark shades, including twilight gray, Alice blue, coral, white, reseda, blue and black. As the styles for spring are absolutely fixed, this is distinctly the opportunity for forehanded purchasers, especially as we candidly do not believe that these suits can be duplicated after this sale at \$25.

No. 1.—Snappy Eton Suit of fine quality Chiffon Panama, designed and trimmed exactly as shown in cut (picture was drawn from the model), handsomely trimmed bolero three-quarter sleeves, fashionable plaited circular skirt. This model has won unstinted praise from Atlanta's smart dressers; comes in Alice blue, reseda green, coral, pearl gray, black and navy, all sizes, \$25 to 42, specially priced.....\$25.00
Same Suit in Altman Voile\$29.75

No. 2.—Suit like cut is a stunning \$25.00 tailor-made model of light-weight, gray mixture, in the shadow-checked effects; an exceptionally smart garment. The Eton is silk-lined, trimmed and designed as illustrated. (The picture was drawn from the model.) Three-quarter sleeves, new circular skirt with straps of same material at bottom. Priced special\$25.00

In ordering by mail be sure and give measurements, size of bust, waist and length of skirt, also color and material desired.



No. 1---\$25.00



No. 2---\$25.00

Mail Orders Filled Promptly.

J. M. HIGH CO.

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded.

BANK LOOTED BY ARMED MEN

Nearly Half Million in Money Taken from Moscow Institution.

Moscow, March 20.—As the officials were closing the Mutual Credit Society's bank this afternoon, twenty armed men surrounded the building, which is near the bourse, and, covering the employees of the bank with pistols, they pillaged the place, getting away with \$425,000, and made good their escape in spite of the efforts of the bank guards to arrest them.

MERCHANT HELD IN ANSWER.

Norris Accused of Setting Fire to Inhabited House.

Raleigh, N. C., March 20.—M. T. Norris, a prominent wholesale grocer, was arrested here tonight on a warrant sworn out by the state insurance commissioner, charging him with setting fire to the night of November 17, 1905, to an inhabited house in this county, the property of Norris wife, the purpose alleged being to defraud the insurance company. Norris gave \$1,000 bond for the preliminary hearing on Friday. He denies the truth of the charges.

Persian Mint Closed.

Tehran, Persia, March 20.—The high price of silver has produced much speculation in the purchase of krans (a Persian silver coin worth less than 20 cents) and the Persian mint has been closed owing to lack of bullion. Fears of a financial crisis are expressed here.

Spanish-American war veterans, and Commander James Tanner, of the G. A. R.

The complete programme, including music and other appropriate features, will be announced within the next few days.

Considerable financial assistance will be needed by the committee to entertain the many distinguished guests, and the following committee was named to cooperate along that line with Chief W. R. Joyner, chairman of the finance committee: Sam D. Jones, D. Q. Dougherty, H. H. Cabinis, W. C. Dodson and D. L. Carson.

The canvassing committee, of which Chief W. R. Joyner is chairman, will begin an active campaign today, collecting subscriptions and securing additional gifts to the fund.



It stands for good materials, good style, good workmanship and good fit
WHITE OR COLOR-FAST FABRICS
\$1.00 and \$1.25
CLUETT, PEABODY & CO.
Largest Makers of Collars and Shirts in the World

ESTILL VISITS HAWKINSVILLE

Shakes Hands With the People of Pulaski County.

Hawkinsville, Ga., March 20.—(Special.) Colonel J. H. Estill, of Savannah, one of the candidates for governor of Georgia, and well known to our citizens personally and by reputation, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon from Wrightsville, and spent the greater part of the day calling on the people personally and renewing old acquaintances and making many new ones.

Colonel Estill is the first one of the gubernatorial candidates to put foot on soil of Pulaski since the campaign opened.

Pulaski county went for Colonel Estill in the last gubernatorial race.

"I will have seen more people when this campaign closes," said Colonel Estill, "than either of the other candidates, with all their speaking and hurrahing. More people are telling me they are going to vote for me than in my former race, and if they do that I am sure to be the next governor of Georgia."

Colonel Estill is looking very well, and is standing up finely under the house-to-house plan of campaign he is making.

He saw most of the people in the city yesterday, and in his quiet and unassuming way left a good impression on those who met and conversed with him. "Why, the field is open to me," said the colonel, "and it will be easy in another month for the people to see the trend of this campaign, and I am going to get many votes from men who thought several months ago that they would vote for one of the other candidates."

After going thoroughly over the city and meeting with much encouragement, Colonel Estill departed for Cochran, 10 miles away, where he will meet and mingle with the people of that city, which is also in Pulaski county.

From Cochran Colonel Estill takes a trip to Waycross to meet with the Shriners. He will then return to Abbeville, where he will arrive Thursday.

At Cochran.

Cochran, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Col. J. H. Estill came unannounced into Cochran today. It has been known heretofore that Colonel Estill has many firm friends here. This district, as well as the county, gave him a handsome plurality in his last campaign.

TWO CANDIDATES IN GLYNN.

H. S. Lee Will Oppose E. C. Butts for the Legislature.

Brunswick, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Quite a surprise was caused in political circles today by the announcement of H. S. Lee for representative of Glynn county in opposition to Hon. E. C. Butts, the present representative, who has offered for reelection.

Mr. Lee for the past several years has been county treasurer, but announced when he was last elected that he would not again offer for the place, not knowing at that time, however, that he anticipated getting in the race for representative.

Both of the candidates are unusually popular in Brunswick and it is expected that the race will be an interesting one. Mr. Butts has served two terms in the legislature and has made an excellent record. This will be the first time that he has had opposition for the place.

The democratic executive committee will meet Tuesday to fix the date for the holding of the primary and to arrange other details. It is thought that the primary will be called for May 1 or thereabouts.

DEATHS.

Harry Reese.

Harry Reese, the 9-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Reese, died last night at 8 o'clock at a private sanitarium in Atlanta. The funeral services will be held at the residence, 108 Highland avenue, at 2 o'clock this afternoon. The interment will be at Westview.

John Duncan.

The funeral services of John Duncan, the son of Dr. J. W. Duncan, were conducted yesterday morning at 10 o'clock at the residence, 281 Houston street, by Rev. Mr. Jarrell, pastor of the Grace Methodist church. The interment was at Westview.

S. D. Abernathy.

The funeral of S. D. Abernathy took place yesterday morning at 10 o'clock at the residence, 211 East avenue. The body will be taken to Sandy Springs, Ga., this morning for interment.

William Farr.

William Farr died at a private sanitarium in Atlanta at 9 o'clock Monday night. The funeral occurred yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the chapel of Harry G. Poole & Co. The body will be taken to Roswell, Ga., this morning for interment.

Grady Bolton.

The funeral services of Grady Bolton were conducted yesterday morning at 9 o'clock at the chapel of Harry G. Poole & Co. The interment was at Casey's.

N. L. Bryan.

The funeral of N. L. Bryan took place yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at Antioch church and the interment was in the church yard.

William Newman.

General Clement A. Evans took charge of the funeral services of William Newman, which occurred yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at 155 East Fair street. The interment was at Oakland.

Miss Lavada Bowles.

The funeral of Miss Lavada Bowles will be held at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon at the McDaniel Street Tabernacle and the interment will be at Westview.

J. W. Blackshear.

J. W. Blackshear died yesterday morning at 2 o'clock at the Soldiers' home. He was 72 years old. The body was taken to the undertaking establishment of Barclay & Brandon and will be carried to Macon, Ga., this morning for funeral services and interment.

Mrs. Martha Nally.

Mrs. Martha Nally died yesterday morning at 10 o'clock at the residence, 253 Legick street. She is survived by her sister, Mrs. Susan Martin, and her brother, J. W. Martin. The funeral services will be held at Westview.

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

Cleanses and beautifies the teeth and purifies the breath. Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century. Very convenient for tourists.

PREPARED BY

J. H. Lyon, D.D.S.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

RESE.—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Reese are invited to attend the funeral of their son, Harry, today (Wednesday) at 2 p. m. from their residence, 108 Highland avenue. Interment at Westview.

will be conducted at the Barclay & Brandon chapel at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Dr. Holderby officiating. The interment will be at Oakland.

Nellie Burke. Nellie Burke, 6 years old, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Burke, died yesterday morning at 2 o'clock at the residence of her parents, 13 Thurmond street, after an illness of eight hours with congestion of the brain. The funeral services will be conducted at the residence at 10 o'clock this morning. Dr. Holderby officiating. The interment will be at Westview.

Mrs. Sarah Adams, Macon. Macon, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Mrs. Sarah Adams died at an early hour this morning at the home of her mother, Mrs. L. F. Hendley. She is survived by two brothers and one child, besides her mother. The remains will be taken to Glenzer, Ga., tomorrow for the funeral and interment.

Cowan M. Shivers, Eatonton, Ga. Eatonton, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Cowan M. Shivers died here last night in his twenty-eighth year. His body was carried to Americus for interment. Besides a wife and one small child, he leaves two brothers and a sister, Milner S., a well-known druggist of this place; Lester, a prominent young business man of Columbus, and Miss Mildred, a teacher in the public schools in Valdosta.

Queen Quality

Save Your Feet

THE soles of the new "Queen Quality" Custom Grade Oxfords are stitched by a method which makes them unusually flexible and perfectly smooth inside. There is no "burning sensation" nor tacks nor threads to irritate the feet or tear the hosiery.

The graceful Gibson Tie illustrated is one of the new models. It is of Gun Metal, soft and pliable. Priced at \$3.00. Other new styles of Black Kid and Patent Leather in great variety now ready for you at \$2.50 \$3.00 and \$3.50.

Daniel's Shoe Store

32 Whitehall St.

King Quality

Are Imperial Shoes.

They are King in every phase that goes to make the highest type of men's shoes. King in name, King in quality, King in fashions, King in fit. No other make like them, nor equals them. There is a kingliness atmosphere to them that is refreshing. Come in all good leathers, in all correct styles, and all sizes to suit every foot. If dealer doesn't carry King Quality send for priced catalogue.

ARNOLD SHOE CO.,
N. ABINGTON, MASS.

THE SHOE OF SHOES

PLAYED ROLE OF POLICEMAN

Thomas Moriarty Makes Arrests and Is Arrested.

Thomas Moriarty, who had partaken of Irish whiskey, was arrested last night by Patrolmen Ivey and Borne on the charge of impersonating an officer. Moriarty was in his cups and he went on Mitchell street and began to arrest a man or two. The arrested citizens called for the police and Patrolmen Ivey and Borne went to their rescue. The policemen ascertained that Moriarty had tried to make several arrests and the last effort he made was to lock up an honest mechanic on the charge of being an express robber. Moriarty stated to the officers that he was a secret service man in the employ of the United States and that he had been deputized to catch a gang of express robbers. "Sh—, Don't tell it too loud. I am a private sleuth. I am after deserters from the United States army. Sh—. Keep it easy. I was out to bag two deserters tonight. Sh—. Don't give it away. I am out for the government, but I don't want it known. Sh—." The station sergeant failed to be impressed and he locked Moriarty up for the night.

Road Board Wants Two Tracks.
Macon, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The Bibb county road board is now communicating with the Macon Railway and Light Company with a view of securing double tracks all through Vineville. Portions are already double tracked, but the railway officials will in all probability consent. The road board is in turn considering the granting of a franchise along Columbus road for new tracks.

Traveling Man Dead.
Macon, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Charles Kraufman, a traveling man, representing Price Lucas & Co. of Louisville, died of pneumonia at the city hospital here this morning. He came to Macon a week ago. His firm was notified and the remains will await direction.

Chamber of Commerce in New Quarters.
Macon, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The officers of the Macon chamber of commerce were moved to the second floor of the Grand opera house here this morning. Secretary Anderson and the members of the body will celebrate the removal by giving a smoker to the general public next week.

WE TEST YOUR EYES

Entirely by artificial light. Hence we can give as perfect correction on cloudy days as on bright ones. No guess work, no haphazard, but conscientious, painstaking examinations by expert opticians, with the result—a perfect fit.

A. K. HAWKES CO., Opticians,
14 Whitehall St.

"Marian Harland"

The Best Drip Coffee Pot You Can Buy

1-pt..... 90c
1-qt..... \$1.25
2-qt..... 1.50
3-qt..... 1.75
4-qt..... 2.00

Take elevator to our second floor and see our magnificent stock of House-furnishings. All the new labor saving devices for the up-to-date kitchen.



Have you seen Mrs. Hutchins' Strainer Spoon? Price only .10c

Anderson Hardware Co.,
33-35 Peachtree St., 2-16 Edgewood Ave.

CLAIMS ABSURD

SAYS MR. MOODY

Attorney General Indulged in Telling Sarcasm.

Says Discovery of Miller That Trip to Washington Means Immunity Will Give Him Thanks of Generations of Captains of Industry.

Chicago, March 20.—Attorney General Moody spoke nearly all day in the hearing of the immunity pleas advanced by the packers. He declared with considerable sarcasm that the pleas of the packers were not well founded, and that they could not be entitled to immunity because they had given their evidence of their own free will and had not been placed on oath, nor subjected to compulsion of any kind.

The attorney general declared that the statements of Attorney John S. Miller, who represents Armour & Co., in the case, were utterly at variance with the terms of the immunity plea. The attorney general said:

"Mr. Miller said in his argument that if a man had committed a crime in the postal service and went voluntarily to the proper person and made confession, he would be entitled to immunity if the law gave immunity."

"Let us see where that most extraordinary claim leads to. It is a great discovery of my learned friend for which uncounted generations of captains of industry will thank him. Washington will become the Alcatraz to which they can report for the pardon of their offenses. All the people who are violating the laws of the land may go there at intervals, and obtain their immunity."

"All they have to do is to go there in obedience to the compulsion of the law. The law is a license to commit crime. Now I can fancy these gentlemen gathering there. I can fancy Mr. Swift and Mr. Armour and their meeting in Washington with some other great magnate who has been there, and has been washed in what I may call 'sulfur bath.'"

"I imagine them meeting and saying: 'Good morning, good morning, Mr. Rockefeller, have you had your immunity bath this morning?' Look at the absurdity of the thing."

The sarcasm of the attorney general brought out much laughter, and the ballads had some trouble in restoring order in the court room.

Wheat is Best For the Laborer

Pure Malted Grain Strengthens the Body and Sustains Good Health. Some people profess to think that just because a man does a hard labor he can eat anything and all he wants. Many a man who "labors" knows better. He knows that his stomach is just like other stomachs and that sooner or later it will break down if abused, just like other stomachs.

The laborer is not slow in grasping the importance of wheat as a food. And when he finds out how deliciously whole wheat may be prepared and that it is really more nourishing and strengthening than much heavier food and how much better it makes him feel, he then knows, better perhaps than many of us, how foolish it is to believe that the laborer can "eat anything and all he wants."

For those who have eaten Malt-Vita, the perfect whole-wheat food, a satisfactory breakfast is next to impossible without it. Malt-Vita contains every nutritious element of the best white wheat grown. For it is simply the whole of the whole, steamed and cooked and freely mixed with pure malt extract, a powerful digestive agent which converts the starch of the grain into maltose, or malt sugar. Malt sugar is great food, physicians everywhere recommend it.

Baked crisp and brown, always ready to eat, Malt-Vita is the best food for the world for laborer and brain worker, old folks and little folks. All grocers. Now 10 cents.

MONCRIEF COMES TO COX COLLEGE

Rev. A. J. Moncrief, an eloquent preacher, has been elected president of Cox college and conservatory, and has accepted the position. This announcement was made in yesterday's Constitution, and has been affirmed by the management of the college.

Mr. Moncrief was for several years pastor of the LaGrange Baptist church; later he preached to the church at Union Springs, Ala., and is now in charge of the First Baptist church at Brunswick, Ga. He is a graduate of Mercer university, and won the Graves medal in the inter-collegiate oratorical contest in Atlanta. He is scholarly, forceful, earnest, enthusiastic and has the executive ability of a worthy leader. The work to which he comes is not entirely new to him, as he at one time very acceptably filled President Charles C. Cox's place while Dr. Cox was away from the college.

Mr. Moncrief will enter upon the duties of his new office June 1, at which time he and his family will move to College Park. Under his leadership the institution will continue its policy of keeping up with the educational progress of the times.

The members of the Cox family will retain their connection with the college. Mrs. Charles C. Cox, as dean of the faculty; Mrs. Alice Cox Crenshaw, as director of the conservatory; and William B. Cox, as business manager.

OPPOSE MAKING THIS TAX RETURN

Macon Officials Want a Certain Georgia Law Repealed.

In Report to Council Recommend That Law Requiring Common Carriers and Public Utility Corporations to Return Taxes Be Repealed.

Constitution Bureau, 467 Second Street, Macon, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—City Marshall W. B. Chapman and City Tax Assessors John F. Toole and Max Harris, in their annual report to the city council of the taxable property of Macon, strongly recommended a repeal of the Georgia law requiring common carriers and public utility corporations to make tax returns to the comptroller general of the state. They claim that not only Macon but other cities have been deprived of large amounts of taxes to which they are entitled.

Macon has arranged to send Marshal Chapman and the assessors to Atlanta when the corporation taxes are returned to the comptroller general so that the interests of Macon can be properly cared for in the fixing of valuations. The report of this body of assessors to the council shows about 100 miles of railroad tracks within the city besides the street railways. This property, says the report, is worth at least two millions inside the city limits.

"Macon is growing," another part of the report states, and to substantiate this, figures for the year 1906 are presented as follows: Taxable real estate, \$11,058,941; personal property, \$7,424,810; total \$18,483,751. This is an increase of \$675,610 over the report of last year. The growth in returns has also accompanied a decrease of \$676,000, which belonged to the Plant estate last year. Altogether the increase has reached nearly a million in taxable property. This is a much larger increase than has ever been shown by a report of the assessors. The assessors state that this list includes only such property as will mean net returns to the city, and the fact that last year Macon collected taxes on about \$17,000,000 shows a possible increase in round numbers of between a million and a half to two millions in taxable property.

Negro Slays Jack Finney.
Macon, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Jack Finney, a white butcher, was done to death in a row with a negro, last night at a late hour in the store of J. F. DuPriest, near Vineville branch. The butcher was fatally injured, having received a terrible slash across the head and face from the negro's knife, and subsequently from his own revolver in the hands of the negro a shot was fired into his side. A trivial row starting from a drunken quarrel caused blows. The occupants of the store said they heard nothing until the two were fighting. When they came to the rescue Huff had seized Finney's revolver after the latter had fired at the negro and while an effort was being made to take the weapon the desperate negro fired the fatal shot. He then escaped.

Lieutenant L. W. Grace and Patrolman Robert W. H. H. were on the street a short distance away, hurried to the store, but failed to get track of the negro. Finney was sent to the hospital but died at noon today. Sheriff Robertson took a dying statement. Finney was employed by W. J. Jones and was unmarried. The negro assailant has not been captured.

Sponsor Is Chosen.
Macon, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Miss Walden Roberts, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harley Roberts, has been named sponsor for Camp Hardman, sons of Veterans, at the confederate reunion in New Orleans. She has chosen Miss Maggie Malone, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Malone, maid of honor. The officers chosen for the ensuing year by Camp Hardman are as follows: Commander, Dr. F. M. Cunningham; vice commander, Dr. O. C. Gibson; adjutant, Marion Dunwoody; quartermaster, sergeant, W. F. Blue; commissary, Major E. A. Crump; orderly sergeant, Albert F. Jones.

Funds for Fair Assured.
Macon, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—At a meeting of the directors of the Macon Fair Association this afternoon the action of the committee on the premium list of \$10,000 was considered, and the directors will proceed at once with the publication of the list. Chairman Felton Hatcher, on the committee on premiums, stated that the committee had decided to be in the hands of the association.

STRANGE FACTS.
It seems strange that sometimes your stomach or bowels won't digest your food, no matter what you eat. It may be the weather, or it may be just the state of your general health, but, in any case, there is only one certain, safe and positive method of cure, and that is to use the powerful, universal remedy for all forms of dyspeptic trouble or digestive weakness, whether in stomach, liver, kidneys or bowels—Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Strange, it is, that in such little tablets, taken three or four times a day, may lie such wondrous potential possibilities, that by their use the course of a man's whole life—the world—may be changed!

Yet, who would not appreciate the fact that Napoleon, if not for suffering from Cancer of the Stomach, he would have won instead of lost—at Waterloo?

And Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets would have cured his Stomach Trouble had they then of his Stomach he would have cured thousands of others. In the past ten years, who have suffered just as Napoleon did.

So you can readily appreciate that today, by curing all these people, Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is helping to get the work done by people who would do worse work if they were sick, so they must be having a great influence, in that way, on the world's progress.

They may, therefore, be classed as one of the triumphs of science, amongst other discoveries in medicine, mechanics, transportation, etc.

Let this, then, remain in your memory, a fact that you will act when occasion requires: When any organ in your vast digestive machinery gets out of order, or when at your command one of the great inventions of the age, in Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, to put your machinery in order again.

By so doing you will save much useless energy, add to your energy and work, the possibilities of your bodily machine, and relieve yourself from suffering, disease, weakness, premature old age and death.

All this is strictly in accordance with the most modern teachings of the best scientific schools of health, hygiene and medicine, and it will be to your advantage to try these tablets to better understand the facts. Try Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets today.

and declared that the people of the city will readily assume all responsibility in furnishing the cash. The greater portion of the full amount is already in the hands of the fair association, and the preparation for Macon's big centennial fair will proceed at once.

Students Pay Tribute.
Macon, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Students of the department of law in Mercer university have adopted the following resolutions in memory of John L. McKibben, of Atlanta, a member of the department who died while at his studies here last month:

"Resolved, first, That the sudden removal of such a life from among us leaves a vacancy and a shadow that will be deeply realized by all the members of the class, and will prove a great loss to the institution."

"Resolved, second, That with deep sympathy with the bereaved relatives of the deceased, we express our hope that even so great a loss to us all may be overruled for good by Him who doeth all things well."

"Resolved, third, That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of our class, a copy printed in The Macon Telegraph and in The Atlanta Journal, and a copy forwarded to the bereaved family."

"H. E. OXFORD,
"DAVID SHANNON,
"J. G. ROBERTS,
"C. O. WEBB,
"M. M. BROOKS,
"A. E. HAWKINS,
"Committee."

Committee Favors Macon.
Macon, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Among the recent communications to the Macon chamber of commerce regarding the coming democratic state convention are replies from nearly all the members of the state democratic committee assuring those interested that they will favor coming here. The committee is soon to meet in Atlanta, and the city for the convention will then be named.

The R. M. Rose Co.'s New Store

Tomorrow, March 22d, we will throw open our handsome new Branch Store at 77 South Broad St.

This offshoot of the parent stem is the outcome of the constantly increasing patronage of residents of the South side, and for the convenience of out of town patrons coming through the New Terminal Station.

The new store will be kept up in the same high class manner that has always been such a pleasing characteristic of the main store.

It will be kept constantly stocked with a complete line of our magnificent "Old Fashioned" Medicinal Whiskies, as well as an ample supply of fine Imported and Domestic Wines, Brandies, Cordials, etc., identical with that kept for sale at the main store, from which source it will draft its supplies.

The same policy that has made the main store such a splendid success will be pursued at the Branch Store.

The "New Store," or as it will be better known, the Broad Street Branch, is located just two blocks distant from the Terminal Station, and is "just a step" from Mitchell Street.

For the convenience of any one who will take advantage of it we will have in operation a thoroughly organized checking system at the Broad Street Branch, so that the traveling public can, without cost or obligation of any sort, leave their grips, satchels, or traveling luggage of any sort, parcels or packages, in our care, for which we will be responsible, and for which a duplicate check will be given.

This is an innovation in store keeping, and one which we believe the people will be glad to take advantage of.

Tomorrow, the opening day, we will give free to every visitor a handsome souvenir.

Mr. E. F. Sims will be in charge of the New Store. Don't forget the date, tomorrow (Thursday), March 22d. 77 South Broad Street.

R. M. Rose Co.,

The Old Reliable Distillers,
Main Store, 79-81 Peachtree Street,
Atlanta, Ga.

THE VICTOR Sanitarium

321-323 Whitehall Street.
Drs. H. E. & F. T. Truax, Physicians in Charge.
A private homelike institution for the treatment and cure of Nervous and Chronic Diseases; Liquor, Morphine, Cocaine or other drug habits. Cures perfected in four weeks. Modernized Bath Appliances. Electricity successfully used in the cure of diseases. Address DR. E. M. WOOLLEY, 102 North Pryor St., Atlanta, Ga.

PICTURE TAKERS AT BIRMINGHAM

Tri-State Association Is Now in Annual Session There.

Birmingham, Ala., March 20.—The second annual convention of the Tri-State Photographers' Association, composed of photographers of Alabama, Mississippi and Georgia, met here today with nearly 100 delegates present. E. B. Peddinghaus, of Birmingham, called the convention to order. Mayor George B. Ward delivered an address of welcome. The chief discussion was with reference to increasing the license of traveling photographers. A feature of the convention is the splendid exhibit of photographic work present. The convention will last four days.

Would Bar Injunctions.
Washington, March 20.—Mr. Overman presented an amendment to the railroad rate bill in the senate today providing that in cases of review of the findings of the interstate commerce commission by the courts, "no writ of injunction or interlocutory order shall be granted by any district circuit court without first giving five days' notice to the adverse party nor until petition and answer are filed and hearing thereon had."

Freight Cars Derailed.
Columbia, S. C., March 20.—(Special.)—Several freight cars were derailed near Union today by the sinking of the track, causing considerable delay to traffic.

Miners Fight Gendarmes.

Lens, France, March 20.—Striking miners and gendarmes had a severe encounter today in front of the town hall where the miners congress was in session. The gendarmes charged several times, a number of people were trampled under foot and many arrests were made. Among those taken into custody was M. Brouchoux, president of the miners' federation. The miners' congress is expected to reject the operators' terms. The strikers now number 81,000 men.

UNCLE SAM SAYS

A Government GUARANTEE
On each bottle of whiskey bottled in bond, just when it was made and when bottled, and what Uncle Sam Says, does. The man who wants to drink the best can rest assured that the Government's GUARANTEE—as to Age and Purity—is CONCLUSIVE.

HURON RIVER RYE
A handsome Kentucky Bone Marrow—Send me \$3.95 for 4 Quarts, or \$7.95 for 8 Quarts. If you don't like it ship it back to me express collect and I will refund your money. Ask any Bank in Richmond as to the reliability of PHIL G. KELLY, RICHMOND, VA. Write for Free Booklet giving valuable information on the Whiskey Question.

DELEGATES TO WOMAN'S MISSION CONFERENCE.



THE Woman's Home Mission Society of the North Georgia Conference adjourned Monday night. No former conference had so many delegates in attendance or considered in detail so many perplexing religious and humanitarian problems. The following named ladies were elected officers: President, Mrs. W. B. Higginbotham, West Point; first vice president, Mrs. George Mose, Atlanta; second vice president, Mrs. S. M. Jones, Cartersville; third vice president, Mrs. L. C. Baldwin, Marietta; corresponding secretary, Mrs. R. P. Millam, Atlanta; recording secretary, Mrs. Lindsay S. Arrington, Augusta; treasurer, Mrs. Rufus H. Brown, Augusta; auditor, Mrs. W. J. Hollingsworth, Augusta; editor, Mrs. J. W. Hurt, Atlanta; superintendent literature and press work, Mrs. W. F. Trenary, Marietta; supplies, Mrs. M. L. Troutman, Atlanta.

PICTURE SECURED
OF RARE DOCUMENT

Obtained by History Department
of Alabama.

Director Owen Learns Something of
Alabama Ordinance of Secession
Taken From the Capitol at
Montgomery by Federal
Soldier in 1861.

Montgomery, Ala., March 20.—(Special.)—The recent death in this city of Joe Goode, the expert draughtsman who engrossed the Alabama ordinance of secession, finds a coincidence in the receipt by the state department of archives and history of a large photograph of one of the originals sent by courtesy of Hon. P. P. Fleming, vice president of the Florida Historical Society at Jacksonville. In his letter of transmittal Mr. Fleming says:

"A short time ago a friend of mine, Mr. J. V. Detweiler, of New Smyrna, loaned the Florida Historical Society the

negative of a photograph which he took of the Alabama ordinance of secession, being the original paper and signatures of the members of the convention. This photograph was taken in 1895. Mr. Detweiler tells me that the document was in the possession of an individual who stated that he had belonged to a New York regiment and was on the staff of the general who captured Montgomery during the war, and that he took this paper out of the state house, and he permitted Mr. Detweiler to make a photograph of it. The latter gentleman tells me that this party, whose name he would not give, afterwards sold the document, stating that he did not propose that it should be got back to the 'rebels.' I have had some photograph prints made from this negative and send you one by mail. From an examination of the photograph I do not think there can be any doubt that it was taken from the original document, but you can decide upon that doubtless by comparison of the signatures with those of the individuals known to be genuine."

Genuine Copy.

Dr. Thomas M. Owen, director of the history department, believes that the photograph is taken from one of the originals. It appears that there were three originals made, one of which went to William M. Brooks, president of the convention; one deposited in a tin can in the capitol and the other attached to the original journal. The last named is now in the possession of the department over which Dr. Owen presides. It is not known what has become of the copy taken by Mr. Brooks, and it seems likely that the copy photographed is the one put into a tin can and taken when the capitol was raised in 1865.

In the year 1861, in the city of Baltimore, A. Hoen & Co., made some lithographs or fac simile copies of the document 15 by 18 inches in size, which are themselves very rare. One copy of this issue is in the possession of Supreme Court Librarian Julius Riggs, and another in the vaults of the history department. It may be that there are others in the state, but they are not generally known of if this is so. Like the original, they are sought by collectors and state officers, and have become valuable and much sought after.

Story of Possession.

This document, photographed by the friend of the Florida gentleman, is no doubt the same that was held by an old federal soldier who lived some years ago in Florida. He spent his time in a house boat, and was a recluse, having little to do with any one from the outside. An Indiana gentleman wrote the state department here in 1901, saying that he could get the document if the state would pay for it the sum of \$100. This gentleman said that he had been in Florida and had seen it in the possession of the old soldier in question, and had been told that it could be returned for that amount of money. The governor

and Director Owen decided, however, that as the state had one of the original copies, and possessed no funds to buy with, it would not allow this old fellow to hold them up. Dr. Owen wrote the Indiana man to this effect, saying to him in way of parenthesis that, as the ordinance was stolen from the state, he thought the man who had it should send it back to its real owner. Since then nothing had been heard of it until the arrival of the Florida photograph. Dr. Owen said that he hoped that it would eventually come into the possession of some one who would return it to the state, where it should be.

Among the signers of this remarkable document there seems to be but four now living, namely, John T. Morgan, United States senator; Dr. George A. Ketchum, Mobile; Hon. A. A. Coleman, Judge of the Jefferson county circuit court, and Hon. John W. Izner, Asheville. John P. Ralls, of Gadsden, died only last year.

The Secession Ordinance.

The years that have gone by since January 11, 1861, has done much to eliminate memory of the wording of the document, and it is repeated here for the benefit of the younger generations:

"An ordinance to dissolve the union between the state of Alabama and the states united under the compact styled 'The Constitution of the United States of America.'"

"Whereas, the election of Abraham Lincoln and Hannibal Hamlin to the office of president and vice president of the United States of America, by a sectional party, avowedly hostile to the domestic institutions and to the peace and security of the people of the state of Alabama, preceded by many and dangerous infractions of the constitution of the United States by many of the states and people of the northern section, is a political wrong of so insulting and menacing a character as to justify the people of the state of Alabama in the adoption of prompt and decided measures for their future peace and security, therefore,

"Be it declared and ordained by the people of the state of Alabama, in convention assembled, that the state of Alabama now withdraws, and is hereby withdrawing, from the union known as 'The United States of America,' and henceforth ceases to be one of said United States, and is, and of right ought to be a sovereign and independent state."

"Be it further declared and ordained by the people of the state of Alabama, in convention assembled, that all the powers over the territory of said state, and the people thereof, heretofore delegated to the government of the United States of America, be and they are hereby, withdrawn from said government, and are hereby resumed and vested in the people of Alabama."

"And as it is the desire and purpose of the people of Alabama to meet the

slave-holding states of the south who may approve such purpose, in order to frame a provisional as well as permanent government upon the principles of the constitution of the United States.

Other States Involved.

"Be it resolved by the people of Alabama, in convention assembled, that the people of the states of Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Georgia, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, Tennessee, Kentucky and Missouri, be and are hereby invited to meet the people of the state of Alabama, by their delegates, in convention assembled on the 4th day of February, A. D. 1861, at the city of Montgomery, in the state of Alabama, for the purpose of consulting with each other as to the most effectual mode of securing concerted and harmonious action in whatever measures may be deemed most desirable for our common peace and security."

"And be it further resolved, That the president of the convention be, and is hereby, instructed to transmit a copy of the foregoing preamble, ordinance and resolutions to the governors of the several states named in said resolutions."

"Done by the people of the state of Alabama, in convention assembled, at Montgomery, on this eleventh day of January, 1861."

Here follows the signatures, the first being that of William M. Brooks, of Perry county.

Election Very Quiet.

Montgomery, Ala., March 20.—(Special.)—The election of yesterday was one of the quietest that was ever held in the county and though there was a great deal of interest in the contest no one seemed to get excited about it. The nomination of Congressman Wiley for reelection from the Second district, was a surprise, as though there is a great deal of criticism of his friends in the methods used, he did not get money into Butler county in time to get the boxes out and there was no election. There were other things that did not take well, though there was not any great fight made on him. Mr. Hall, the opposing candidate failing to qualify in time to get his name on the ticket, Mr. Wiley was chosen overwhelmingly.

S. S. Belser, the winner for sheriff, has been a deputy in the office of Sheriff W. H. Waller for some time. George Powell, one of the defeated men, is also a deputy for Mr. Waller.

Charles Teasley, selected for state senator, is a young man, for some time in the office of the tax collector. He surprised everybody by beating by a large vote M. B. Houghton, one of the most popular men in the county.

Tyler Goodwyn, who led the ticket for representative, is now a member of the house and a Gaston Gunter, also to go to the legislature, is president of the city council, and a brother in law to Hon. J. Kirk Jackson, private secretary to the governor. L. Martin, who retired to the governor, is a former attorney general of the state, and one of the best known men in the state. Mr. Peter B. Maxson, the fourth man, is a farmer and well known local citizen who has not before held office.

Wreckage Washed Ashore.

Marblehead, Mass., March 20.—Wreckage of the Booth Bay, Me., schooner Lillian, was washed up at Marblehead Neck today. Later two bodies of seamen came ashore. The Lady Antrim carried a crew of five men, and as she was literally smashed to pieces, it is feared all were lost.

Snow at Birmingham.

Birmingham, March 20.—The first snow of the season fell here early this morning. It was very light, and of short duration. The weather is quite cold and grave apprehensions are felt for the safety of the fruit crop in this section. All the streams in north Alabama are high because of recent heavy rains, and trains are still delayed on many railroads due to washouts and wet tracks. However, the continual wind last night did much to dry the ground.

Banks Court in Session.

Homer, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The superior court of Banks county convened yesterday at 10 o'clock with the newly-appointed Judge C. H. Brand presiding, with Hon. S. J. Tribble as solicitor general.

Both the civil and criminal dockets are heavily loaded with cases. Among the criminal cases, the case of Henry Motes, who is charged with killing "Speck" Edwards at Maysville, Ga., four years ago by stabbing him in the neck, will more than likely come up for trial again, and a criminal having been had at the last term of court.

General Gilchrist for Governor.

Waycross, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—General Albert W. Gilchrist, of Punta Gorda, Fla., who has large property interests in Waycross, is being spoken of by the newspapers in his state as a probable candidate for governor of Florida at the next election.

General Gilchrist is at present vice president of the Florida state senate. His Waycross interests are quite large and he continues to invest in Waycross property.

Confirmed by the Senate.

Washington, March 20.—The senate today confirmed the following nominations: Alfred E. Holt, district attorney western district of North Carolina; Postmaster—Virginia, W. T. Hopkins, Newport News; J. N. Davis, Woodstock; E. V. Jameson, Pensacola.

Pittsburg National Park.

Washington, March 20.—House committee on military affairs decided today to report favorably a joint resolution authorizing a commission to examine the battle fields around Petersburg, Va., and report whether it is advisable to establish a national field park there. Representative Hay, of Virginia, will make the report.

YOUNG LOOKING, DRESSY.

are The Kryptok Invisible Bifocal glasses. All other bifocals have a seam to collect dirt and annoy wearer. But the Kryptok glasses are absolutely seamless, with both far and near vision in one glass. They cannot be successfully imitated. Jno. L. Moore & Sons, sole manufacturers for Georgia, 42 North Broad street, Prudential building.

Always Get the GENUINE MEXICAN CHILI

There is as much difference between the genuine Mexican Chili Con Carne and the imitation as there always is in every line. The imitation made to sell the genuine to please. Ours is the famous old-time Mexican dish, made of the finest beef, chili beans and real chili pods. Call for it at restaurants, etc., or try your grocer. Look for the "Red Cross." It's your protection. Prepared by Houston Packing Co., Houston, Tex.

Heat It and Eat It. 10c and 15c Per Can

J. M. HIGH CO. J. M. HIGH CO. J. M. HIGH CO.
SALE Popular Black Dress Goods

We consider this announcement the most important piece of store news offered over our signature in many days. AN UNUSUAL SALE BLACK DRESS GOODS. This store has long been famous for its Black Goods. The best, most renowned black goods looms of the world contribute to this magnificent stock. WE CANDIDLY BELIEVE THAT THERE IS NOT THE EQUAL OF THIS MAGNIFICENT COLLECTION BLACK DRESS GOODS WITHIN 500 MILES OF THIS STORE. Whether you wish a modest, inexpensive black dress, an elaborate gown or an elegant "mourning" costume you can be easily suited here. The J. M. High Co. stand back of every yard of Black Goods on these shelves, and quality for quality, prices cannot be matched in Atlanta.

Some Special Bargains for Today:

50c to 60c Black Goods

Today come take choice of an assortment of about 30 pieces fashionable Black Goods—Mohairs, Black Panamas, Black Voile, etc., popular Spring weaves worth regular 50c to 60c yard; priced special..... **39c**

75c Black Goods

Here's a group of fine Black Goods, consisting of 54-inch English Sicilian, 46-inch lustrous Brilliantine, and 40-inch French Serge, worth regular 75c to 85c yard; priced special..... **59c**

Other Specials in Fashionable Black Dress Materials:

44-in. Black Panamas	At	44-in. Black Batiste	At	44-in. French Voile	At
42-in. Mohair		45-in. English Mohair		44-in. Armure	
40-in. Black Batiste	50c	44-in. Brilliantine	75c	46-in. Brilliantine	\$1.00
40-in. Black Sicilian	Yard	40-in. Crepe de Paris		56-in. Sicilian	
44-in. Black Voile		44-in. Crepe de Chine	Yard	44-in. Bolonnie	
40-in. Black Albatross		44-in. French Serge		And about twenty other weaves	Yard
40-in. Black Henrietta					

J. M. High Company

SCHMIDT MADE
A GREAT HERO

Lieutenant Who Was Shot
Monday Praised as
Martyr.

St. Petersburg, March 20.—Lieutenant Schmidt, leader of the naval revolt at Sebastopol, in November last, who was tried by court-martial, and shot near Ochakoff fortress, South Russia, yesterday, with three sailors sentenced to death for mutiny, is made a hero and a martyr, by the revolutionists. The boys of the St. Petersburg gymnasium struck today, in order to compel the offering up of prayers in school for the repose of the soul of the lieutenant.

The Russ prints a detailed account of the execution, from which it appears that when Schmidt received the news that the authorities had refused to commute the death penalty, he went for the three sailors, his companions, saying they were so young and honest, and he would prefer to die alone. The condemned men were taken to the small deserted island of Borizan, and were shot at sunrise. Schmidt addressed his executors, sixty sailors of the cruiser Teretz, saying: "I die for the Russian people, and the fatherland, many of you doubtless will hereafter share my death for the same cause."

Schmidt refused to accept the sacrament, and asked not be blindfolded. He met his death with head up and eyes open. The firing party was stationed at a distance of 50 paces. Two of the sailors were killed at the first volley, and one more at the third. Schmidt did not fall until the fourth volley.

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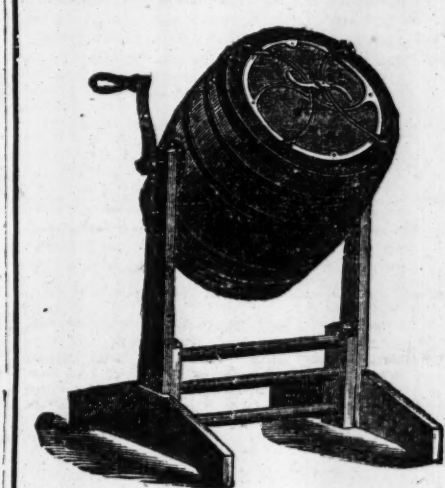
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Heat It and Eat It. 10c and 15c Per Can

Pleasure
and
Economy
Get
Together

No joke about this for you well know there is no fun in operating the old-time churn.

When you have used our Swing Churn one week you will reckon the operation in with one of the pleasant household duties. No longer will it be a task. We have them all sizes, from \$2.50 up. Call, telephone or write us.

King Hardware Co.,

Main Store, 53 Peachtree Street,
87 Whitehall St. 116 Decatur St. 203 Peters St.

SHIPS LIKE DREADNAUGHT
NOW OUR NEED SAYS DEWEY

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Great battleships like the 18,000-ton English battleship Dreadnaught are the crying need of the American navy, according to Admiral Dewey, who appeared before the house committee on naval affairs today to discuss the future of the American navy. At least two 18,000-ton battleships, with ten 12-inch guns each, should be authorized at once, in Admiral Dewey's opinion. He would have these of American design and thinks we should be creative rather than imitative in developing the navy. Admiral Dewey also believes extensive experiments with submarine boats should be carried on. In case of attack by a foreign navy an American harbor of supply would be necessary and submarines, in his opinion, are admirably adapted to prevent a foreign foe from gaining such a supply harbor. The admiral does not favor additional cruisers and armored cruisers, but believes scout ships of the monitor type should be built. Admiral Dewey thinks battleships should not be kept constantly in commission. He would have them rest in suitable harbors, where a small crew could keep them in condition. This would result in great saving to the navy. Crews could be trained satisfactorily on water and in less expensive ships, in his opinion.

OIL MAGNATE NOT IN HOME
BUT DOCTORSWORE HE WAS

ST. LOUIS, MO., March 20.—Increased interest was manifested today in the proceedings of the oil hearing at the Southern hotel, and many spectators congregated in the room to listen. After a long delay, awaiting the appearance of H. Clay Pierce, former president of the Waters Pierce Company, who was on the witness stand a few days before adjournment last evening, the hearing convened. Judge Priest, of counsel for the Waters Pierce Company, announced that Mr. Pierce was confined at his home in Vandeventer place, suffering from tonsillitis and brachitis, and offered a certificate furnished by Dr. Long H. Bond in support of the statement that Mr. Pierce was unable to attend. Attorneys General Hadley refused to accept the certificate, as an excuse unless Dr. Bond personally appeared and made a sworn statement. By agreement, Dr. Bond was notified to come to the Southern hotel, and in person tell Commissioner Anthony the seriousness of Mr. Pierce's illness. At the Pierce home in Vandeventer place, a reporter inquired as to the condition of Mr. Pierce. The statement that H. Clay Pierce was said to be ill was a surprise to the inmates of the household who said: "Mr. Pierce is not at home. He may be at his office."

Body-Building
Results
from using

Grape-Nuts

a 10 days' trial will show YOU!

"There's a Reason."

New Vests and New Cravats

If you've seen these new Vests, you've surely bought one or more of them. We've been selling fancy vests a long time—but the new Spring styles are the best we ever handled.

Marseilles, Oxfords, Matelasse, Linen Crashes, French Flannels in plain colors, plaids, checks, stripes, mixtures and plain white for street and evening wear.

Full dress Vests, too, in correct styles. Vest prices range from \$1 to \$6.

The new Neckwear is the most attractive we've ever seen. The shapes—the weaves—the patterns—the colorings are all that the most critical man could desire.

Prices range from 50 cents to \$1.50.

Daniel Brothers Co.

Clothiers — Hatters — Furnishers — Shirt Makers.

45-47 Peachtree — Opposite Walton Street.





WHEN the Demon Discomfort prods with his spear, he is giving a hint that you need Crossett shoes.

CROSSETT
\$4.00 SHOE \$5.00
MAKES LIFE'S WALK EASY

Do away with his torments—buy the shoe that's worth while. Crossetts at once bring rest and relief.

If your dealer does not keep them, we will send you one on receipt of price with 25c. additional to pay forwarding charges.
LEWIS A. CROSSETT, Inc.
NORTH AMINGTON, MASS.

ORPHAN CHILDREN WORK FOR FELLOW SUFFERERS

JACKSON, MISS., March 20.—(Special.)—A pretty and rather pathetic incident in connection with the removal of the Methodist orphanage from Water Valley to Jackson, which takes place on the first of April, has been brought to light.

The children at the Baptist orphanage nearby, about 100 in number, have requested that they be given permission to go over to the Methodist orphanage and put the building to rights, clean up the

grounds, install the furniture, etc., prior to the arrival of the little folks from Water Valley, and they are looking forward to the event with great eagerness. The request was conveyed through Dr. J. P. Carter, the superintendent, to Major R. W. Millisaps, Dr. A. P. Watkins and Rev. H. M. Ellis, local members of the board of trustees of the Methodist institute, and, of course, it was readily granted. One week before the arrival of the children from Water Valley the little folks from the Baptist orphanage will commence their labor of love.

LAST KUROPATKIN ORDER SHOWS CAUSES OF DEFEAT

St. Petersburg, March 20.—General Kuropatkin's last order of the day to the first Manchurian army, printed in the Ruskaya Invalid (the military organ), today is a remarkable exposure of the causes of the Russian defeats, showing that they were due to lack of preparation, equipment, and to the fact that there were no explosive shells for the mountain artillery, etc., in the early stages of the war.

He does not shirk his own responsibility as minister of war (before the war

broke out), but points out that the causes of the defeats were deeper, namely, the morale of the troops, and of the officers, who did not display initiative, independence, or enthusiasm in spite of the iron nerves and heroic spirits of the non-coms is attributable to the oppression of the soldiers. All this the general boldly and bravely states during the last fifty years, which in the case of the officers drove men of independence from the service, leaving only worthless ones.

He congratulates the troops on the advent of liberty, and hope for the regeneration of the people.

CHURCH CHIMES.

Arrangements are being made for the opening service to be held in the new Grace Methodist church, which is located on the Boulevard. In appearance it is one of the most beautiful of Atlanta's handsome church edifices. Its interior arrangement is as nearly perfect as architectural skill can make it. By a splendid arrangement of rolling walls the Sunday school room and the main auditorium are quickly thrown into one room with a seating capacity of 1,200 or more. It is probable that Dr. James E. Dicke, of Emory college, the former pastor of the church, and Dr. John S. Jenkins, now of Griffin Methodist church, will take part in the opening ceremony of the new church. The exact date for the opening service has not yet been decided on.

One of the most interesting evangelistic speakers that have visited Atlanta in some time is conducting a revival at the Cumberland Presbyterian church. He is a rugged and happy hearted former confederate veteran, and though far advanced in years, he is as active as a man many years younger. The rich, sweet Christian character which has melted his life into his every sermon, and his audiences are loud in his praise. He is free from the sensational methods of some evangelistic workers, but draws his crowds by the uniqueness of his personality rather than in any other way. His services are held at 3:30 in the afternoon and at 7:30 at night.

Rev. John E. Briggs, who is conducting the services at the Western Heights Baptist church this week, announces that on Monday night there were two additions to the church, as the result of his first service. Others are inquiring the way of salvation and the prospect for a good revival are very encouraging. These facts he deemed very hopeful in view of the uncomfortable condition of the weather.

Rev. Cardigan Wilson passed through the city yesterday on his way to Florida for a short rest. He is pastor of the St. James Methodist church, of Indianapolis, Ind., and has made himself quite prominent in his native city by his recent tirade against members of his church who visited the theater, played cards and drank wine. He succeeded in having several turned out of his church for their position of so-called worldliness, which he deemed unfitting a church member. One of the members dismissed from the church met him a few days afterwards and attempted to give him a thrashing, but the "fighting parson" proved too much for him. When seen yesterday he said: "I have about cleaned out my church, but it was an awful job, and I am taking a brief rest to recuperate. When I return, now that I have driven the devil out, I shall try to build up the saints and get God to return and live amongst us. There is nothing that hurts me more than to see a namby-namby Christian—I love a fighting Christian or none at all."

The Sunday school of the First Presbyterian church is in the most flourishing condition it has seen for years. The officers are all actively at work, trying to get new attendants, and those who are on the roll are more faithful than ever before. This condition of affairs is very gratifying to the pastor, Rev. C. P. Bridgwell, and he has commented on it to the officers of the church several times recently. He believes that much of the growth of the church roll is due to the work of the Sunday school.

A most encouraging sign in connection with the revival now in progress at the Western Heights Baptist church is the activity of the members of the church in seeking the salvation of others. Rev. Mr. Norcross in discussing this phase of the matter said: "I have never seen a more united or eager church. The blessing of God in my life. And to me one of the most helpful signs is the interest taken by the members of the church in the condition of the unsaved in that particular community. All the members of the church seem eager to work, and only have to be guided. Many of the souls saved so far in the revival are rejoicing in Christ through the faithful efforts of a friend or relative. Such a condition of affairs rejoices my heart, and that of all those of the community in which the church is located."

The Tabernacle Bible school begins work again today, and will continue through its course, unbroken. It is understood that Dr. Arthur P. Peterson will open the school this morning at 11 o'clock. Miss May Blodgett, who is in charge, will then continue the regular work of the school for about three weeks, when the present term ends.

The St. James Methodist church is planning the erection of an early date of a new house of worship. The stewards have just purchased a site for the structure a portion of the old Grant homestead, on Grant street. This is an ideal location, and is in an unoccupied field. The congregation is rejoicing over the prospect of having a new house of worship in. It will be built of stone and brick.

It is announced that \$3,000 of the \$5,000 or \$6,000 necessary for the financing of the Torrey-Alexander revival campaign has been raised. The finance committee which has this in charge are hopeful that they will not have any difficulty in raising the balance. The proper financing of so great an undertaking as this event will be. Arrangements are now under way looking to the enlargement of the skating rink on Peachtree street, so as to make it accommodate at least 5,000 people. It is stated that Dr. Torrey does not wish to come unless he can get an auditorium of that size. Efforts were made to have an auditorium erected especially for the purpose, but the failure to get an available place and the shortness of the time before the arrival of Dr. Torrey necessitated the abandonment of this idea.

The prayer meetings of the Central Presbyterian church are being conducted by the elders of the church. Owing to the fact that Dr. Rice's physical condition has not been as good as usual, the session of the church relieved him of his prayer meeting duties, and are conducting the prayer meeting themselves. Dr. Rice announced last Sunday that he had decided to have a "quiet" day in each month, at which time he desired to meet all strangers or new church members. This day he set as the third Tuesday in each month. His hours for the day will be from 5 to 6 in the afternoon and from 7:30 to 10 at night. At the congregation is urged to visit him on that day specially.

The new Sunday school building of the Central Presbyterian church is to have in it a pastor's study. The Central church has never provided their pastor with a study, except at the manse. This has not been entirely satisfactory, so that in drawing the plans for the new building a room was set apart for a pastor's study. It will have an entrance on Washington street, and be located on the southern side of the building.

Brick Men to Build Levees.
Macon, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—At a meeting of brick manufacturers in the office of Alderman Jordan Massee, yesterday afternoon, arrangements were made to erect levees along the Ocmulgee river in the vicinity of the big brick yards south of the city. These plans were deemed necessary on account of the constant overflow which fills the clay pits along the river and prevents the mining of clays. Considerable damage has been done recently in the pits by the high water.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.



These Waists Today At \$5.00

Seventy-five of these Waists in three patterns (one shown in cut) on sale after 9 o'clock this morning.

In cream or white net of fine quality; plain or embroidered in bow-knots; lined with Mousseline de Soie.

All three patterns have yokes trimmed with medallions of Irish Point and bands and frills of Val. lace.

Seventy-five new arrivals, \$7.50, \$8.50 and \$10.00 net Waists, this morning after 9 o'clock,

\$5.00

2nd Floor, at the Elevator.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

Jacobs'

Jacobs'

Dr. Palmer's Electric Plasters

Owing to their careful preparation and the many valuable drugs employed, Dr. Palmer's Electric Plasters give almost instant relief to all bodily pains if promptly and properly applied. For the alleviation and cure of pain in the back, side or chest, colds, coughs, asthma, etc., they are very highly recommended.

10c each: 3 for 25c.

Jacobs' Dovers and Quinine

For coughs, colds, grip and other derangements caused by the variable weather conditions of the present season, we highly recommend Jacobs' Cathartic Dovers and Quinine. It is mildly laxative, easy and pleasant to take and acts very quickly, curing a moderate cold in one day. Formula printed on each box. In capsules.

15c a Box.

Dr. Palmer's Tolu and Honey

Dr. Palmer's Tolu and Honey Cough Syrup is very pleasant to take, mildly laxative and a certain cure for coughs and colds. It acts very quickly, stopping the most severe cough almost instantly. Contains no opiates or other harmful ingredients.

15c, 35c and 75c a Bottle.

Good Medicinal Whiskies

H. O. WISE PRIVATE STOCK is an absolutely pure, straight Pennsylvania rye whiskey, made of select grain, double copper distilled and aged 6 years in wood before bottled. It is full 100 proof, exquisite in bouquet and deliciously mild, mellow and satisfying in flavor.

\$1.00 quart bottle; \$3.50 gallon jug;
\$3.75 for 4 quart bottles.

ROB ROY RYE is a whiskey that is superior in every way to the majority of whiskeys on the market at a dollar a quart.

75c quart bottle; \$2.50 gallon jug.

MONONGAHELA XXXX is a straight rye of good quality and pleasant flavor—pure, but not very old.

50c quart bottle; \$2.00 gallon jug.

JACOBS' PRIVATE STOCK is one of the very few corn whiskeys now on the market that is made by the old-fashioned hand process, doubled in copper over open wood fires. Aged in wood six years before bottled; delicious in flavor.

\$1.00 quart bottle; \$3.50 gallon jug;
\$3.75 for 4 quart bottles.

UNCLE REMUS CORN WHISKEY is absolutely pure, well aged and full proof. Ideal for family and medicinal use. Try it.

75c quart bottle; \$2.50 gallon jug.

RABBIT FOOT is a straight, pure corn whiskey, made of select grain. Not very old.

50c quart bottle; \$2.00 gallon jug.

Our New General Catalogue Is Now Ready.
If Out of Town Write for a Copy of It.

Jacobs' Pharmacy,

6-8-10 Marietta Street—23 Whitehall.

LITTLE BUSTER BROWN HAS COME TO TOWN: TALKS OF HIS FARM AND SOUTHERN PROBLEMS



By Alan Rogers.



ELL us, is Master Buster Brown Gabriel in?" I asked in the union when we reached the door of room 22, Aragon.

"I am Mr. Gabriel," replied a voice from a small dent in one of the pillows on the bed.

"Drag him out and put him up near the window," suggested the artist. "I want to see what's back of that voice and where it comes from."

"Pardon me just a moment," interrupted B. Brown Gabriel, who is one of the Sunday Constitution's funny pictures done in real life. "I'm a bit busy with my mail and my secretary is ill with appendicitis from inhaling smoke on the streets of Birmingham where we showed Saturday. I'll be with you just as soon as I am through with this correspondence from my theatrical manager and with the superintendent of my Meadowbrook farm up in Rhode Island. Have a cigar?" and this diminutive comedian returned to his mail and the continental breakfast, the small cup of black coffee, which he slipped from time to time, almost obscuring him.

Just here the cartoonist carefully started whistling "Dixie" and in a moment George Ali, who plays the part of Buster's canine companion, came bounding in on all-fours with the smile that made him famous. "Watch 'em, Tig," said Mr. Gabriel, from behind a small cup containing the soft boiled variety.

"Hydrophobia," squealed the artist, trying to hide himself behind the clothes of Mr. B. B. Gabriel, which were hanging on a chair.

"Down, Tiger," again came the voice from behind an envelope, and George Ali covered just as he does when Buster's mamma appears in the last picture on the Sunday page. And then a little later, "Gentlemen, what can I do for you?"

"We came to see you, Mr. Gabriel," explained the reporter, "for an interview."

"Something about my life, my views of the labor problem and the south. Also my views of the drama and experiments in agriculture which I am directing on my farm and all that sort of thing, I suppose?" returned Mr. Gabriel with a playful attempt at a smile.

"Why, yes," rejoined the reporter, "of course. But really it was in regard to what constitute the real number of working hours in the nursery, the cruelty of the multiplication table, the painful portion of the woodshed and a father's loving-hand. You see very many of our small subscribers have sent in a petition demanding more cake and more pie and less oatmeal and healthy food and some better understanding of the limits of the nurse's authority and subjects of this kind."

"Oh, me; oh, my!" yawned Mr. Gabriel. "Really, dear old chap, you Americans have such queer ideas. While I have been playing comedy parts for the past six years, I much prefer the legitimate, only it's so beastly difficult to find any old thing who has any real knowledge of dramatic climaxes and clever situations. I see my friend, Mm. Bernhardt, has just been here. Very clever, remarkably clever, the madam. I have seen her often in France, dear Prance, Prance."

"Then you are a French boy—Frenchman, I mean?"

"Yes, indeed, although I was born in Rhode Island. But I lived and studied in France. Dear old Dumas, Balzac and those old times in the atelier of the Latin quarter. No, I never studied for the stage. I really prefer literature. Mr. Lamar and myself have quite rewritten the present 'Buster' from the original and most of the work is altogether interpolated and all my own."

"Really, I quite like the south, and I am sure your problem is for you to solve. We in the north have Italians and other troubles of our own. But Roosevelt will fix everything. Beasty sorry I couldn't vote for him. I registered in Providence, but had to go on my tour before the election."

"Do they vote half-fare tickets in Rhode Island?" asked the artist as he bird's-eye viewed the little actor.

"Watch 'em, Tig," and a growl from

the bedside gave a hint to the cartoonist to be less inquisitive.

"I'm really much interested in the cultivation of sweet peas. This and weather are the only crops I raise, except a bit of mint Julep weed on the side. Here, Tig," and he threw George Ali a small chop bone.

"And is it on the farm that you entertain your cousin and do all those tricks which appear in The Sunday Constitution?"

But Mr. Gabriel only leaned nonchalantly over the side of the bed, at the imminent risk of falling out of the maddest, merriest suit of pajamas that ever strayed this way, pushed the electric button and ordered up a brandy and soda that threatened to drown this twenty-three-year-old man who measures but 40 inches and weighs as many pounds.

"Tiger" proved himself to be the most remarkable and thirstiest dog in the country by lapping up a highball which was poured into a saucer on the floor. He is also the most valuable, for in spite of these famous canine pets of Mm. Bernhardt, Lillian Russell and other actors, he is the only one that meets the ghost for a big hunk on pay day and gets his picture in the paper every Sunday.

"Garned to have met you. Delighted," exclaimed Farmer Gabriel as he slipped behind an envelope to open it and suggested the end of the interview.

So far as he was concerned, and as George Ali looked up from his saucer of highball when the newspaper men left the room, Mr. Gabriel again yelled, "Down, Tiger, careless dog, and then felt back to his former resting place in the dent on his pillow.

NEW YORK HEALTH JOURNAL says: "The well-known firm of Jno. L. Moore & Sons (of Atlanta), by right of excellence in the production of optical goods, and in the ability to afford at this establishment, is unquestionably entitled to take first place, and the conclusion of our painstaking investigation we select this house as the representative one in Atlanta. Jno. L. Moore & Sons, 125 N. Broad st., Prudential building, 42 N. Broad st.,

WATTS HELD FOR BURGLARY

He Is Believed To Be Man Who Robbed Timms' Jewelry Store.

William T. Watts, a young white man, who was arrested Monday night on suspicion of being the person who smashed a window in W. J. Timms' jewelry store, 4 West Alabama street, was arraigned in the recorder's court yesterday afternoon and bound over in a \$500 bond for burglary and carrying a concealed weapon.

Emory Dodson, a street car motorman, testified that he saw a man break the window and thrust his hand through the hole. He thought Watts resembled the man.

A negro stated that he saw the burglary and he was positive that the prisoner was the burglar.

Patrolman Dobbs testified that he caught Watts near the scene of the burglary.

The man's left hand was covered with blood, stated the officer, "as if he had scratched it against broken glass."

When arrested, Watts had a case knife as sharp as a razor in his hip pocket. He claimed he cut his hand on the knife just before he was arrested.

He could not make the bond and was sent to the Tower.

DARING TRIP MADE BY WOMEN

Missionary and Two Girls Came Down River in Boat.

San Francisco, March 20.—Miss Anna C. Coole, a young Baptist missionary, who has been in the far interior of China for the past two years, arrived yesterday on the liner Coptic on her way to Cleveland, Ohio. With Miss Coole were Gretchen and Kathleen Wellwood, young daughters of Rev. Robert Wellwood, a missionary in Szechuan, not far from the border of Tibet, 2,000 miles up the Yangtze, from Shanghai. The trip made by Miss Coole and her two young charges was one of most unusual character. Leaving Suifu on January 18 on a native boat accompanied by a lifeboat in charge of Chinese soldiers, Miss Coole and the two little girls started down the river traveling only by day. On the way down their boat was wrecked on a rock and the party had a narrow escape for their lives, finally reaching Shanghai in safety.

Miss Coole says there was no sign of trouble at Suifu when she left and when the missionaries received a cable from the state department advising them to be ready for flight they cabled back for an explanation.

POLICY HOLDERS DIDN'T SHOW UP

Protective Society of Georgia
Yesterday Became Defunct

Only President Amorous, Secretary Barnett, and Trustee Ben L. Jones, of Macon, Were in Attendance on First Annual Meeting.

With only President Amorous and Secretary Barnett, and one trustee out of ten, Mr. Ben L. Jones, of Macon, present, it was decided at 11 o'clock yesterday morning at the Piedmont hotel, to abandon the proposed Policy Holders' Protective Society of Georgia on account of the failure of the policy holders of the state to show any interest in the project.

The society was organized on a tentative basis at a meeting held the latter part of February, and Messrs. Amorous and Barnett were chosen as president and secretary respectively, their nominations to be ratified at a later meeting when it was expected that a permanent organization would be perfected, but when time for the meeting came yesterday there were only three gentlemen present, holding proxies of about 300 out of 24,000 policy holders in the New York Life and New York Mutual companies. It was agreed that it would be folly to proceed unless the great mass of the persons who would be benefited by the movement showed a disposition to advance their own interests.

Policy Holders Dormant.

"If the policy holders do not see fit to take advantage of the opportunities, which are offered, to help themselves," said Sam Barnett, yesterday, "they assuredly cannot expect one or two men to take it upon themselves to help the 24,000 people in the state who will not bestir themselves in their own behalf. Cooperation is the only way by which the policy holders can protect themselves and secure their rights, but if the people who have the power to take the matter into their own hands, quietly fold their arms, the matter is at an end."

Mr. Amorous expressed himself in the same way about the affair. He said that it had been the intention to establish an information bureau which would pass upon all policies just as abstract companies do on titles to lands.

"The only way the policy holders can do anything is to get together and compare their policies," said Mr. Amorous. "That's the only way to find out anything about this business, and if the policy holders are so apathetic or do not care, why it is their own lookout, and they are the sufferers."

Mr. Jones, who came up to attend this meeting, and who has taken a prominent stand among the movements of policy holders to better their conditions, took precisely the same view as the other two gentlemen. No one of the three seemed to be at all put out by the failure of support, and no indignation was shown by any of them. They said that they thought that they had done their part and did not care to pose as leaders of a crusade, but were merely willing to bear their share of work, together with others who are as much interested in the matter as themselves.

After waiting for the greater part of an hour for some one else to turn up, the gentlemen parted company with a "Well, I guess this is the end of the 'Policy Holders' Protective Society of Georgia.'"

The organization is accordingly considered quite defunct.

Supreme Court of Georgia.

Tuesday, March 20, 1906.

John Robinson v. State, from Bibb. Argument concluded.

J. H. Matthews v. State, from Upson. Argued.

Thomas Cooper v. City of Gainesville. Submitted.

H. D. Stovall v. City of Gainesville, from Hall. Withdrawn.

Walter Smith v. State, from Fulton. Argued.

Romey Williams v. State, from Irwin. Submitted.

Mary Stallworth v. Mayor, etc., of Macon, from Bibb. Argued.

Henry O'Shields v. State, from Hall. Withdrawn.

H. T. Bartow v. City of Gainesville, from Hall. Submitted.

Will Smith v. State, from Laurens. Submitted.

Will Moore v. State, from Bibb. Dismissed.

Dave Jones v. State, from Randolph. Submitted.

Rosa Spencer v. State, from Brooks. Submitted.

Estelle Williams v. State, from Sumter. Submitted.

Sandy Ryals v. State, from Telfair. Submitted.

D. J. Ray v. L. K. Carlisle, from Fulton. Argued.

Killed Woman for Witch.

Mexico City, March 20.—Three men are in Belam prison under sentence of death for having killed in Toluca, capital of the state of Mexico, an old woman whom they believed to be a witch. Belief in witches prevails in the lower classes and the killing is a result of this superstition.

Cures Cold
La Grippe & Pleurisy
SLOAN'S LINIMENT
The Great Antiseptic
Price 25¢ 50¢ & \$1.00
Dr. Earl S. Sloan Boston Mass. U.S.A.

KEELY'S KEELY'S KEELY'S

Skirts and Waists

Newest Styles and Best Values of the Season

Two sales of more than usual attractiveness are on today's program for our popular second floor. One offering is of Skirts at \$5.00 (worth \$7.50); the other of Waists at \$1.00 (worth up to \$1.75). You can't afford to miss the buying economies these sales offer. Come.

The New \$5.00 Skirts

We're doing a tremendous business in five-dollar Skirts—and no wonder, when we're offering such splendid values. A new line goes on sale today. Come and see them. You'll agree that Skirts of equal style and quality cannot be had elsewhere for less than seven-fifty. The illustration was drawn direct from one of these Skirts. Note the paneled front and the graceful circular flare—both features of the best Spring style.

These Skirts are shown in fine, light weight, all wool, black and blue Chiffon Panama, cream Mohair and black and white Shepard Plaid Skirting.

They are cut in the new circular gored style and extra full flared at bottom, paneled front and back, as shown in the picture, and finished at bottom with two stitched folds of the material and deep hem.

In workmanship they are flawless, in fit perfect. You will be thoroughly pleased if you buy.

All sizes and lengths included.

\$5.00



Mail orders will have our careful attention. In ordering by mail be sure to state color desired and give size of waist, length of skirt and hip measure taken 6 inches below the waist line. Money should be sent by postoffice or express money order or in registered letter.

The New \$1.00 Waists

Our several recent sales of Waists have created intense interest among the well posted and clever buyers of Atlanta. Each has met with enthusiastic response, and the selling in every instance has been large. So, when we say that this offering is better than any previous one, the announcement is sure to bring great crowds to our second floor today. Seventy-five dozen Waists in the collection—so you may be reasonably sure of getting as many as you want if you come early. It's a bargain chance you should not miss.

Every Waist included in the sale is brand new and fresh from the hands of a leading New York maker. The styles are the daintiest and prettiest yet shown in low-priced lingerie Waists. Materials are fine, sheer India Linons and French Lawns; trimmings are Valenciennes laces, Swiss and English eyelet embroideries, tucks, plaits and hemstitching. All are full blouse styles with new loose sleeves, deep tucked cuffs and tucked and hemstitched stock collars. Making is excellent and fit perfect. All sizes in the line.

Values Range Up to \$1.75

Sale Price
Today is **\$1.00**

Keely Company



These pictures show two of the styles included. There are several others just as attractive.



The Watch-Dog in your Vest Pocket

YOU can buy Health Insurance now.

Several good "Accident" Companies sell it.

Sixty dollars per year will bring you \$25.00 per week, for every week you are Sick.

But, your time alone may be worth far more than that.

And \$200 per week might not pay for your suffering.

That's why "Cascaret" Insurance which prevents Sickness, is worth ten times as much money as other "Health" Insurance.

Yet "Cascaret Insurance" will cost you less than Ten Cents a week.

That gives you a "Vest Pocket" Box to carry constantly.

"Indigestion" means food eaten but only partially digested.

"Constipation" means food retained in the body undigested too long, till it decays. It then supplies the poisons of decay to the system, in place of the nourishment it might have supplied.

Isn't that a tremendous handicap worth insuring against?

What does it cost to Cure Constipation or Indigestion, with their train of small and great ills, and to insure against a return of them?

Not so very much.

One 10 cent box of Cascarets per week, at most, perhaps half that.

One candy tablet night and morning, taken regularly for a short time, is warranted to cure the worst case of Constipation or Indigestion that walks the earth.

One tablet taken whenever you suspect you need it will insure you against 90 per cent of all other ills likely to attack you. Because 90 per cent of these ills begin

in the Bowels, or exist through poor Nutrition.

Cascarets don't purge, don't weaken, don't irritate, nor upset your stomach.

No—they act like Exercise on the Bowels, instead.

They stimulate the Bowel-Muscles to contract and propel the Food naturally past the little valves that mix Digestive Juices with Food.

They strengthen these Bowel-Muscles by exercising them.

The time to take a Cascaret is the very minute you suspect you need one.

—When your tongue is coated a little.

—When your breath is not above suspicion.

—When your head feels dull, dizzy, or achy.

—When you have eaten too heartily, or too rapidly.

—When you have drunk more than was good for your digestion.

—When you have a touch of Heartburn, Gas-belching, Acid-rising-in-throat, or a Coming-on-Gold.

Carry the "Vest Pocket" Box where it belongs, just as you would your Watch, Pocket-knife or Lead-pencil.

It costs only 10 cents. At any drug-gist.

Be sure you get the genuine, made only by the Sterling Remedy Company, and never sold in bulk. Every tablet stamped "CCC."

FREE TO OUR READERS

It has been arranged to mail free a beautiful little French-designed GOLD-PLATED trivet box, hand-enameled in pretty colors, a handsome ornament, most liberal offer ever made, and we want every reader to have one. Ten cents in stamps is asked as a measure of good faith and to cover cost of Cascarets with which this dainty box is loaded.

Send today. Be sure to mention this paper and write your address plainly. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

The Constitution

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ATLANTA, GA., March 21, 1906.

March threatens to go out like a whole herd of lions.

We'll never doubt the prophetic veracity of the groundhog again.

Instead of "facing the music," Andy Hamilton seems to be piping while the others fellows dance.

An abrupt change to pure food might be hard on the American system. Will Doc Wiley please advise?

We fear a lot of us will belong to the oldest inhabitant class before the best trust investigation is concluded.

Everything seems to be coming that man Hearst's way politically. Distasteful Attorney Jerome has sued him for libel.

Is bound to admit that General Doctor Len Wood is no quack as a pacificator. He knows how to make a desolation and call it peace.

The czar is said to be about to turn his attention to the Russian Jews. This is fair warning for the Russian Jews to increase their emigration activity.

"Jerum K. Jerum" says America is over supplied with humor. This may have made us unappreciated of the "Jerum" oleomargarine substitute.

A petition 7 miles long is to be presented to the British parliament. This is a bit longer than the anti-Smoot petition and will probably have as little effect.

If congressmen discontinue the business of distributing seed, the constituents of a whole lot of 'em will wonder what they do to draw their salary and mileage.

The financial column reports an "easy money outlook" in New York. One would hardly expect this, after Colonel Mann's extensive easy-money operations in Gotham.

Another reason why freedom is shrinking in Hungary is because Francis Kossuth, who was expected to be the son of his illustrious sire in the present crisis, has the gout.

Mr. Carnegie's philanthropy is taking a most practical trend when he commends the smaller colleges. Recently he gave \$30,000 to Acadia college, at Wolfville, N. C., without condition.

The inventor of a bullet-proof vest is trying to induce the police department of Chicago to adopt it. What the Chicago police really need is a reliable liver regulator to increase their energy and a specific for the sleeping sickness.

However, the fact remains that if we were not in the Philippines trying to govern them without the consent of the governed, we would not be under the unpleasant necessity of shooting down "savage and fanatical" women and children.

Chairman Shonts, who is said to be afflicted with boils, is sojourning at the delightful winter resort of Atlantic City. This is calculated to make us a bit skeptical of the Panama canal zone as the ideal winter resort.

Berne, Switzerland, is enjoying a "pure sausage" exhibit in which 1,785 varieties of sausage are shown. This ought to afford a variety of meat that embraces the whole animal creation, from cannibalism to rats. It is doubtful if the Chicago packers can beat it.

The senate committee on forest reserves has reported favorably on the bill creating the White mountain forest reserve in New Hampshire, and the Appalachian forest reserve, embracing lands in Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North and South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama and Tennessee. The interests behind the two separate reserve propositions combined for strength, and it is expected that the omnibus bill will be pushed through both houses.

TILLMAN ADMITS DISFRANCHISING OF WHITES

Some two weeks ago The Constitution reproduced an editorial from The Columbia State, the leading daily newspaper published at the capital of South Carolina, in which that paper represented Senator Tillman as saying that the Brice election law, operating under the disfranchisement legislation, had disfranchised one-third of the white democratic voters of South Carolina. The Constitution did not quote Senator Tillman to that effect. It reproduced the assertion of The State, with the latter's further statement that SENATOR TILLMAN WOULD DEMAND THE REPEAL OF THE LAW UNDER WHICH A THIRD OF SOUTH CAROLINA'S WHITE VOTERS WERE DISFRANCHISED.

In another column of The Constitution Senator Tillman, today, directly following his general denial that any white citizen had been disfranchised, admits the truth of the statement accredited to him in our contemporary, in the following language:

"I suppose this story rests upon the OFT REPEATED CHARGE of mine that the Brice act, passed by the South Carolina legislature two years ago for the purpose of having counties vote on the dispensary question, had DISFRANCHISED ONE-THIRD OF THE WHITE DEMOCRATS. I HAVE SAID THAT BECAUSE IT IS TRUE."

Senator Tillman, father of disfranchisement in South Carolina, admits that in elections held, as The Columbia State informs us, under the disfranchisement law, one-third of the white voters are deprived of the ballot. That admission stands, entirely unaffected by his qualifying sentences. Yet even his explanations concerning the whites who are disfranchised in the Brice law elections conflict with the statements of The State. The latter paper, whose judgment we unhesitatingly accept in matters touching South Carolina politics, says:

"The Brice law does cut off certain citizens from voting upon the question of closing a dispensary, but it cuts off only those who are DISFRANCHISED FROM ALL ELECTIONS BY THE EDUCATIONAL AND PROPERTY QUALIFICATIONS FOR WHICH THE SENATOR IS HIMSELF SPONSOR."

The senator "charges," as he himself admits, that one-third of the white democrats are disfranchised by the Brice law. The State, an authority in South Carolina politics, declares that the same element disfranchised in Brice law elections is disfranchised in ALL elections by the EDUCATIONAL and PROPERTY qualifications.

Does Senator Tillman or any South Carolinian deny that every one of these disfranchised white democrats would be today enjoying the right of suffrage had not the disfranchisement law, of which the Brice elections are a corollary, been foisted upon the people in that state? We think not.

Why is the senator moving for the repeal of the Brice law, if all that he and others charge against it is not true?

The South Carolina instance merely proves The Constitution's frequent contention that disfranchisement once started inaugurates chaos in the election laws of any commonwealth, ENDING, INEVITABLY, IN THE DISFRANCHISING OF MORE WHITE THAN NEGRO VOTERS.

In the face of such admitted and proven conditions, we are asked to institute a disfranchisement law in Georgia! Do worthy, but poor, white citizens of Georgia wish to share the fate of their South Carolina brethren and lose the ballot for their poverty? Do industrious, but illiterate, Georgians desire to be deprived of their votes under the educational qualification of disfranchisement? For that is the unavoidable consequence of the disfranchisement proposed for Georgia, UNLESS THE HONEST BUT POOR AND UNEDUCATED WHITE VOTERS OF GEORGIA WILL CONVINCE AT FRAUD, PERJURY AND DECEIT TO GET THEIR BALLOTS IN THE BOX.

Are these citizens, who imbibed truth with their mother's milk and a reverence for honesty and law in their attendance upon the churches of God, willing to exchange their present honest voting privileges for others that must be won by fraud and self-perjury?

Strengthening the Militia.

If a measure now pending in congress is enacted into law, the militia of the United States or, as it is popularly known, the "national guard," will be given an annual appropriation of two million dollars, instead of half that sum as at present. The proposition has many good phases to recommend it, and, properly administered, the increase in funds should constitute an excellent investment both for the troops and the government.

The appropriation will be applied to advancing the discipline, equipment and general efficiency of the militia while providing an additional supply of ammunition that the troops may be improved in the very vital essential of marksmanship.

The strongest possible argument for the improvement of the national guard rests on its immediate availability in times of national danger. Under such circumstances, it is easily seen that unless the troops composing that body are well disciplined, sufficiently clothed, familiar with drill tactics and fairly good marksmen, this supposition falls to the ground. And it follows, inevitably, that they cannot be any one of these things, unless adequate provision, over and above the state appropriations, is made by the federal government.

It is obvious that as between the two courses of maintaining a costly, large and menacing standing army and the maintenance of a national guard at a point of efficiency making it almost instantly available for active service, the decision rests on the latter alternative. There are growing indications that even the present degree of militarism visible in the conduct of the federal government is uncongenial to the American people. The plan advanced by the advocates south, and The Tradesman submits

of this bill will, if developed logically and wisely, largely obviate the necessity for a formidable and expensive standing army, while operating to increase the spirit of patriotism in the towns and the cities.

Experience and history have shown that, with sensible and systematic training, the citizen-soldier of America is unsurpassed in courage and efficiency. Any suggestion looking to this betterment is worthy of thoughtful consideration.

The South's Earning Capacity.

The Macon Telegraph quotes from the current issue of The Tradesman, of Chattanooga, some figures bearing on the earning capacity of the south which are both interesting and remarkable. According to the census of 1900 the total acreage of farm lands in the southern states was 355,791,559 acres. Of this only 121,831,797 acres, or 34 per cent, were improved. The value of the entire acreage, improved and unimproved, including buildings, was placed at \$3,058,133,129. The improved portion, last year produced \$1,500,000,000, showing an earning capacity of nearly 50 per cent on the value of the total acreage, improved and unimproved.

According to The Tradesman, these lands carry an average valuation of about \$6.50 an acre, and that journal stands ready, it says, to furnish instances where industrious tenants have cleared enough on one year's crops to make substantial payments on farms of their own. It claims that the returns from last year will show earnings of 20 per cent on the total investment. These earnings of southern farmers are, of course, only a part of the aggregate earnings of the

the following tabulation as indicative of southern industry:

Receipts from agricultural sources	\$1,500,000,000
Receipts from commercial sources	2,000,000,000
Receipts from manufactured products	1,500,000,000
Receipts from miscellaneous sources	1,000,000,000
Grand total	\$6,000,000,000

The foregoing figures are said to represent one-sixth the entire wealth of the nation, which affords remarkable proof of the recuperative capacity of the south after the blighting years of war and reconstruction.

In an equal time in the future it is quite within the range of probability that this section will contain and produce annually one-third of the entire wealth of the nation.

TILLMAN TO HARDWICK.

South Carolina's Senator Admits Disfranchising of One-third of South Carolina's Whites.

The Columbia State, published at Columbia, S. C., recently complained that the election laws of that state disfranchised one-third of the white voters of South Carolina. The Constitution commented editorially upon it, whereupon Hon. T. W. Hardwick, of Georgia, wrote Senator Tillman concerning the matter. The latter sent Mr. Hardwick the following reply, in which, as will be seen, Senator Tillman admits that under the existing election laws of South Carolina one-third of the white vote of that state is disfranchised. His letter follows:

"Hon. T. W. Hardwick, House of Representatives—My Dear Sir: I have your letter of March 17, in which you say that Mr. S. J. Tyson, of Emanuel county, a candidate for the general assembly, is met in his canvass with the statement that I have admitted publicly that the disfranchising plan adopted by South Carolina disfranchises one-third of the white voters of the state. In reply I beg to state that those who make this statement in regard to any utterances of mine being capable of any such interpretation have no foundation whatever for saying it. On the contrary, I have said repeatedly over my own signature, and in lectures, that not one single white man in South Carolina has been disfranchised by our constitution of 1895, unless he was too lazy or indifferent to go to the court house and get his registration papers."

"I suppose this story rests upon the oft repeated charge of mine that the Brice act passed by the South Carolina legislature two years ago for the purpose of having counties vote on the dispensary question, had disfranchised one-third of the white democrats. I have said that because it is true, but it is no part of the election machinery of the state and the only reason why men are disfranchised under it is because they have lost their registration papers, or are unwilling to take the trouble to go to these local and special elections. Very truly yours,"

"B. R. TILLMAN."

\$1,000 BOND STILL MISSING.

Strangely Lost Georgia Security Has Not Yet Been Found.

The \$1,000 Georgia bond, which mysteriously disappeared from the office of B. C. Cothran, manager for Ware & Leland, brokers, 2 East Wall street, Atlanta, has not yet been found. The bond represents so much cash, with the unpaid coupons it is worth \$1,070.

Mr. Cothran has not yet called upon the city detectives, but he will do so if his own efforts are not successful. He says he first missed the bond last Saturday when he looked for it in order to send it to the customer who had left it with him for safe keeping. It was not until it was taken to the Fourth National bank about a month ago to collect an interest coupon.

"I believed all the while," says Mr. Cothran, "that the bond was being safely in my safe and was never more surprised in my life when I looked in the safe and discovered that it was not there."

Banks and bond dealers have been notified not to trade for the bond.

WOMAN DIES OF INJURIES.

Mrs. Mary Witter, Who Fell Into Gutter, Passes Away at Grady Hospital Yesterday.

From injuries received by falling into a gutter while with water, Mrs. Mary Witter, an elderly white woman, who lived in a basement at the corner of Central avenue and Mitchell street, died in the Grady hospital yesterday morning.

The old woman fell into a gutter Monday morning just after the rain storm and she came near being drowned. Patrolmen Hutchins and Chewing rescued her and sent her to the hospital, but she was seriously injured, but yesterday morning she had a sinking spell which resulted in her death. The physicians believe her death was caused by internal injuries.

Mrs. Witter has long been a well-known character in the city. For many years she paid frequent visits to the police barracks where a bed was often given her to keep her off the streets.

TALKS ABOUT ATLANTA

Columbus Ledger: Atlanta is not going to let that gang of crackmen go, without putting some job on them. St. George Gazette: The police were called out in Atlanta the past week to keep the crowds that were trying to go to church from tearing the buildings down in the eagerness to get in. And yet Savannah people think that Atlanta is a wicked city.

Americus Times-Recorder: The papers tell of an Atlanta man who this week had his leg amputated with a flourish. Married men in America have their "pulled" every day, and do not dare to even emit a murmur.

Columbus Enquirer-Sun: Atlanta will yield to no city in the country in the loyalty and patriotism of its citizens.

Americus Times-Recorder: Atlanta is running New York a close second on the ground that it has now have to make a move on to beat Georgia's Gate City.

Will Stop It All Some Day. (From The Philadelphia Record.) Of what avail is it to stop the smaller graft here and there throughout the country and the same time establish organized graft in the shape of ship subsidies under the authority of the federal government?

POLICE BOARD LINE-UP DISCLOSED
FOUR AND FOUR, IRRECONCILABLETANGLE IN CIVIL SERVICE
TIES UP PATROLMAN COX

In the civil service shuffle in the police department there is one policeman who, by a chain of peculiar circumstances and because of the board being split in two on the question, is about to lose out.

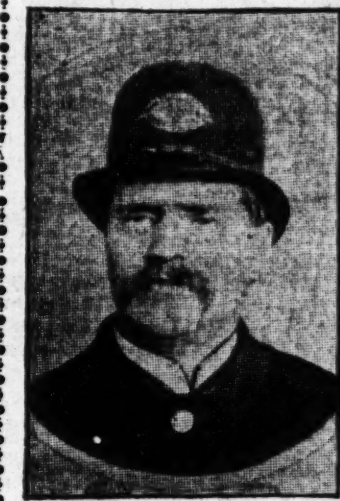
Patrolman W. A. Cox is the man. He resigned along with those who fell into line some three or four months ago, and when the great coup d'etat was made by six members of the board and civil service was sent into effect with the alarm of the riot bell, Officer Cox was at home, sick in bed, and could not respond to the call. That same day and the next day Chairman Nunnally, of the police board, swore in all the men who had resigned and been reelected, but Officer Cox was not there.

The civil service programme was executed when the old board was in power. That board passed away and a new board now holds forth at the barracks. Of the new board, Commissioner Terry is chairman, and he is one of the four who believe the civil rush was uncalled for and illegal.

When Officer Cox called upon Chairman Terry a few days ago and told him he wished to be sworn in, the chairman stated that he wasn't going to swear in anybody under the circumstances. "Believing as I do," said the chairman, "that the action of the old board was all out of order and illegal, I cannot re-swear any civil service oath to anybody until we have civil service legally and in order next year."

That left Officer Cox up a tree, so to speak. Is he or is he not a policeman? Can he serve on the force?

That question was propounded to Chairman Terry, and his reply was: "I don't know. All I know is that I cannot swear him in now under the illegal action taken by the old board."



Patrolman Cox.

Chief Jennings was asked about Cox's case, and he said:

"I suppose Mr. Cox can go on working. However, the question may come up before the board."

If the question does come up before the board it will undoubtedly be a live issue, and one that will bring the members into a line-up. It has been intimated that if it should be held that Officer Cox cannot serve, he is sworn in, he can resort to a writ of mandamus and compel the chairman of the board to administer the oath.

JOURNAL DAILY ASSAILS
DEMOCRATIC INTEGRITY

Macon Telegraph Vigorously Resents Efforts of Watson's Magazine and Atlanta Journal to Have a "Radical Party" Replace Democracy.

(From The Macon Telegraph.) WHAT is the matter with The Journal anyway? For a year or more it has been impeaching the motives and questioning the sincerity of every newspaper in Georgia, that has not adopted it as a bell-wether to follow without question wherever it may lead.

After engaging The Telegraph in a discussion of public questions, and quitting the field, The Journal picks up Murphy and any other man or newspaper that throws a brick at this newspaper and holds him and them between itself and The Telegraph.

While we have this Atlanta Journal in hand we might also ask what it means by its daily protests against preserving the integrity of the democratic ballot in the democratic primary? At first it openly advocated a straight out fusion primary, omitting from its vocabulary the word democratic, or democratic.

But under a raking fire by The Telegraph and a number of other democratic newspapers, it whirled round and planted itself for a brief time on the terms of compromise, and to protest vigorously against any suggestion requiring "future loyalty," which is the very spirit of the resolutions passed by the state committee.

To "align" and vote for the "nominees of the democratic party," is a pledge of future loyalty.

Why is The Journal so exercised about "future loyalty"? What is its plan for the "future"? Does it propose, if things do not go to suit it, to embark with the "new party" which is so elaborately discussed in the last issue of Watson's Magazine? Is this the reason it does not want a party to go beyond the immediate purposes of its own in this particular campaign only? Is this the reason that it is gathering itself under

the sheltering folds of the populist wings stretched out to it by Watson, Murphy and others? Is this the reason it finds itself cheek by jowl with populism?

Watson's Bitter Assaults. For be it recalled that the writer in Watson's Magazine is none other than the secretary of the populist national executive committee who declares that the populists and "many democrats" are ready for the new party, and he is simply casting about for a new name for it. He urges the adoption of the word "radical," "the radical party," as opposed to both the democratic party and the republican party.

Is not The Journal organizing now in Georgia this "radical party"? Is not Watson openly in that business?

Why should democrats blind themselves to this obvious fact? Are they ready to turn the state over again to "the radicals"? Is that a good word to conjure with in Georgia?

Is not Watson a radical? Does he not boldly proclaim it?

Does not The Journal preach radicalism every day in every edition?

Is not Hoke Smith's proposition to prohibit the ownership of shares in Georgia railroads by people living beyond the Georgia line the rankest kind of radicalism? While Watson has been an extreme, but consistent radical, he has never gone that far, at least so far as we have seen. "I SUGGEST THE GOOD OLD WORD 'RADICAL,'" SAYS THE SECRETARY OF THE POPULIST NATIONAL COMMITTEE. "THE RADICAL PARTY: A RADICAL: RADICAL MEASURES: RADICALISM."

"Good old word radical!"—to be sure. That was the "good old word" of approach applied to the oppressors of the south in the "old" days not yet forgotten. You can't ram it down The Telegraph's throat now?

NEARLY HUNDRED MILLIONS
PAID FOR COTTON SEED CROP

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The census bureau today issued a preliminary report on manufacture of cotton seed products during the year 1904, showing a total of \$96,407,621 in products exclusive of \$1,444,365, representing the value of oil, meal, linters and hulls produced by establishments engaged primarily in the manufacture of fertilizers and slaughtering and meat packing. Other production figures show: Seed crushed, 3,382,370 tons; oil, crude, 13,817,777 gallons; meal and cake, 1,360,172 tons; hulls, 1,213,344 tons; linters, 117,792,969 pounds.

There were 715 establishments, an increase of 94 per cent over 1900; capital invested, \$73,171,407; salaried officials, clerks, etc., 3,229, aggregating \$3,062,157 in salaries, and wage earners, 15,539, drawing \$4,837,694 wages. The report says the total value of primary products was \$68,405,463, which includes all products obtained directly from the cotton seed. As the establishments had the option of fiscal or calendar year reports, the statistics for all of them do not cover about the same twelve months period.

Har Experience. (From The Chicago News.) The Parson—Did you ever try casting your bread upon the waters?

Mrs. Homer—Yes, once. The Parson—And did it return after many days?

Mrs. Homer—No; it sunk.

Once More in Snuffbox. (From The Boston Herald.) There is a reported revival of snuff-taking in foreign circles, and, should the custom materialize it will be "over here" in a trice. It is a horrid Georgian fashion of stimulating the brain, but what of it when the present craze of snuffboxes has to be considered? Snuffboxes are still presented by governments to each other, and collectors' cabinets are overflowing with precious historic specimens that have figured in the hands of monarchs. Besides this, modern designers are desirous of entering the snuff-taking arena. They wish to try their talents on snuffboxes that will put the jeweled antique to the blush. Let 'em. There's nothing to prevent anybody with

the price using such toys for sugar plums. The bonbonniere we have always with us.

Explained. (From The Philadelphia Press.) Miss Accum—Have you seen Miss Roxie Eiders lately?

Miss Knox—Yes; saw her yesterday and she actually appeared to be at least ten years younger than the last time I saw her.

Miss Accum—Oh, come, now— "Certainly," said the superintendent. "You won't mind being searched before you begin, I presume? It's merely a formality."

"What do you want to search me for? Do you think I have bombs concealed about me?" "Worse than that. You might have a notebook and pencil, you know."

Split Over Civil Service Shows

Recrudescence of English-Brotherhood Factional Fight

POLICEMEN ARE UP IN AIR,
WONDERING WHAT'S DOING

English, Brandon, Terry, and Woodside Come Out Squarely for Civil Service—Woodward, Oldknow, Venable and Nunnally Decidedly Opposed.

Four and four.

The police board has at last lined up on the civil service proposition. Four say there is no civil service now in effect in the police department, and four say the department is at present operating under civil service.

The situation is interesting: it is unique; it is crowded with all sorts of phases, and its future filled with all kinds of features and possibilities. For the first time since the organization of the new police board, all the members have come out in the open and stated how they stand on civil service or rather on what is being called civil service. On one side, and declaring there is no civil service in the police department at present, are: English, Brandon, Terry and Woodside.

On the other side and declaring there is civil service are: Woodward, Oldknow, Venable and Nunnally.

Where does the average policeman stand? He is up in the air. Of course, many of the men would like to know that they have their jobs for life, but that knowledge is not theirs, not when four commissioners say they have, and four say they haven't. When you ask a policeman:

"Are you under civil service?"

He will shake his head, swing his bill in a business like way and reply:

"I'm polling." Just such a situation was never before known in Atlanta or perhaps in any other city. It would be unique enough if there was merely a squabble over civil service and the matter was in doubt, but when to this is added the fact that the board that is in control of the department is evenly divided and they say there is going to be a deadlock if the question ever comes up for consideration this year, the situation is fairly dizzying to the local politicians.

How They Line Up. Chairman Terry says: "I have gone on record that I believe the alleged institution of civil service in the police department was illegal, and therefore I cannot support it, otherwise than that I believe there is no civil service now in the department."

Commissioner Brandon says: "I have filed a protest against the action of the old board when it undertook illegally to place the men under civil service. That protest speaks for itself, and I do not believe we now have civil service in the department."

Commissioner English says: "I have always been in favor of civil service, and once upon a time the board passed a civil service resolution, and we all voted for it. Afterwards two members of that board went around and helped to get council to defeat the measure. In all businesses in which I am interested I have civil service, and I do not make the police force an exception. As to whether or not we have civil service now, I simply say that I am governed by the charter amendment, and the city ordinances, and the council has passed the mayor's veto that we have no civil service at this time."

Three Against it. Commissioner Woodward says: "I do not think there is any civil service in the police department at this time."

Four against it. Then, on the Other Hand.

Mayor Woodward says: "I have spoken in the board meeting and with my veto. I believe we have civil service legally instituted, and shall always take that position."

One for it. Commissioner Venable says: "I voted for civil service, and believe we have it in the department. It is there and it is there legally."

Two for it. Commissioner Oldknow says: "Yes, of course, we have civil service in the police department. Six members of the board instituted it and did it legally."

Three for it. Commissioner Nunnally says: "I have already expressed myself on the question. I was chairman of the board when we instituted civil service, and what we did was according to law. We certainly have civil service in the police force."

Four for it. And there you have it. The city council says there is no civil service. The city attorney does not believe the action of the old board was legal.

But the present board of commissioners is evenly divided, and there will come the tug of war. The four commissioners who say they do not believe there is civil service in the department at present say they will see that it is instituted on April 1, 1907, according to the city charter. What can a poor policeman do? Four commissioners are telling them there will be no more change, and that their jobs are for life, while on the other hand, four commissioners assert there will be another election in which time civil service will be instituted.

Substantially Correct. (From The Chicago Tribune.) Constituent—I suppose you know, senator, that you have the reputation of being fabulously rich?

Senator Lottum—No, I didn't know that. But I know that the stories you hear about my riches are mostly fables.

Heavy Falls. (From The Chicago News.) "We are getting ready for a great number of accidents," said the man who collects the statistics for one of the magazines.

"Is there going to be another automobile race?" asked the caller.

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Distributors for Original Budweiser Bottled Beer
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BELL PHONE 48. ATLANTA PHONE 169.

SHRINERS TO GO PAVING THE WAY TO LOS ANGELES FOR INSTITUTE

Will Discuss Trip Tonight and Initiate Buster Brown.

The imperial council of Mystic Shriners will meet at Los Angeles in May. Yaarab Temple, of Atlanta, will hold a meeting tonight at the Masonic temple, corner of Mitchell and Forsyth streets, to discuss the details of this trip.

Yaarab temple is entitled to four representatives, but they will be accompanied on this occasion by a large crowd of nobles and their families, who will take advantage of this opportunity to take a trip through the great west.

The itinerary of the Atlanta party will probably include Birmingham, Memphis, Kansas City, and then over the Santa Fe route to Los Angeles, stopping for a day and night at the grand canon of the Colorado river in Arizona. The party will stop in Los Angeles for a week, and will return by one of the northern routes, taking in San Francisco, Yellowstone park, Salt Lake City, Colorado Springs, Denver and other interesting points on their way home.

The meeting this year at Los Angeles will probably be the largest ever held by the Shriners, as it is an ideal place for a convention, being in itself a most beautiful city, and one whose hospitality is noted throughout the country.

The nobles of Yaarab Temple are most enthusiastic over their pilgrimage, and it is safe to say they will suffer no disappointment, as many of them have been there before, and know what is coming to them.

After the business session is over tonight, the degree will be conferred upon thirty candidates, who are anxious to get into the shrine. Among this number is Gabriel Weigel, better known as "Buster Brown," who has expressed the desire to have the shrine conferred on him in Atlanta.

He is high up in Masonry, being a thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason, and the nobles of Yaarab Temple will give him a royal welcome. Their only regret is that "Tige" will not go with him.

After the ceremonial session is over, and somewhere near the witching hour of midnight, there will be a banquet, which in every respect will be up to the mark of all the feasts spread by the Shriners.

CASTORA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Williams*

NEW L. AND N. LINE OPENED.

First Train, Carrying Coal, Arrives Over the Newly Constructed Road From Knoxville.

The first train over the new line of the Louisville and Nashville railroad arrived in Atlanta yesterday from Knoxville. As has been stated the opening up of this new line means another road for Atlanta to the coal fields of Tennessee, and will do much to obviate coal famine in this city.

This first train which arrived yesterday carried coal, and is the first of the new line to be used for this purpose. It was expected that the new line would be used for this purpose as early as last week, but it was not until the road had been thoroughly settled. In answer to a dispatch from Knoxville to the effect that passenger service would be opened on the new line in about three weeks, a Louisville and Nashville man said that no official advice to that effect had been received. More than this, he was of the opinion that the new line would be used for passenger service to Knoxville, Cincinnati and the north would be opened over this line as it was the policy of President Milton H. Smith to have the road in the hands of the Louisville and Nashville railroad.

The trains over the new line came into Atlanta over the tracks of the Western and Atlantic railroad, and the new line will be used for passenger service to Knoxville, Cincinnati and the north would be opened over this line as it was the policy of President Milton H. Smith to have the road in the hands of the Louisville and Nashville railroad.

To Buy Coal Lands.

Washington, March 20.—Representative Stephens, of Texas, introduced a joint resolution today, providing that the United States shall purchase the Segre coal and asphalt lands in the Choctaw and Chickasaw nations in Indian Territory, at a cost not exceeding \$5,000,000. The deposits of mineral in these lands are to become a part of the permanent school fund, and the lands are to be leased under the direction of the state legislature after Indian Territory shall have become part of a state.

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PAVING THE WAY FOR INSTITUTE

Rev. H. C. Hammond Tells of School of Methods.

The Presbyterians of the city are planning for the most elaborate school of methods in Sunday school work which has ever been undertaken in the south.

Rev. Harry C. Hammond, the pastor of the Pryor Street Presbyterian church, spoke last night at the Moore Memorial

church, telling in detail of the work which the institute is expected to accomplish.

This is the first of a series of addresses which he will deliver at the various Presbyterian churches of the city, in which he will endeavor to show the extent of the institute work and the reason why each church should be vitally interested in the meetings of the school.

Last night he stressed the help the institute would be to all Christian workers, especially to Sunday school teachers and superintendents.

Mr. Hammond is a fluent and effective speaker, and makes his array of facts tell in a most satisfactory way upon his audiences. It is this quality of impressiveness that has caused those in charge of the institute work to select Mr. Hammond to speak to the various Presbyterian churches regarding the institute work.

On the 26th Mr. Hammond will speak to a mass meeting at the Westminster Presbyterian church. In this meeting will join the congregations of Inman Park, Fourth and North Avenue Presbyterian churches.

On the 27th he will speak at the Central Presbyterian church to a mass meeting, in which will be joined the congregations of the Georgia Avenue Presbyterian church and the Associate Reformed Presbyterian church.

The School of Methods in Sunday School Work will convene in the North Avenue Presbyterian church March 30, and remain in session to April 3. On April 4 the sessions will be transferred to the First Presbyterian and will continue there through the week.

Rev. A. L. Phillips, the most noted leader in Sunday school work in the south, will be actively in charge of the school, and will have with him a list of assistants who are not surpassed in the south.

The public will be admitted free to the sessions of the school, and are invited to the mass meetings to be held by Mr. Hammond.

DRAWING MATERIAL.

Architects and engineers' supplies at John L. Moore & Sons, 42 North Broad street. Prudential building.

DID NOT KILL THE BURGLAR.

Young Baxter Calls for Police to Get Dead Man, but He Had Missed His Mark.

A young son of Mrs. Mary E. Baxter, of 56 North Boulevard, shot at a man in his yard last evening about 9:30 o'clock, and thinking he had killed the trespasser, he telephoned for the police.

The message received at police barracks was: "I have not a man and he is lying dead in our yard."

Call Officers Holcombe and Lindsay hurried to the scene, believing they would find a dead burglar. They found no dead man, and no signs of any blood having been shed.

Young Baxter had overestimated his marksmanship.

PLANNING FOR NEW HOUSES.

Waycross Badly in Need of More Residences.

Waycross, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—A meeting of the Waycross Chamber of Commerce will be held next Thursday afternoon for the purpose of discussing ways and means to provide dwelling houses for the new residents who will desire to move to Waycross during the next year. The scarcity of unoccupied dwelling houses at the present time is keeping many people away from the city, and has caused property owners to raise their rents.

The Chamber of Commerce hopes to relieve the situation by interesting outside capital in Waycross property. A large number of dwelling houses have recently been completed and are now being constructed in Waycross but the number is not sufficient to supply the demand.

The capitalists of the city have been severely taxed in their effort to provide houses for all applicants, and it will not be long before the building will have to be stopped, unless outside capital comes in to aid the situation.

Frank C. Owens, of Gainesville, S. C., and General Alfred W. Gluchist, of Punta Gorda, Fla., are making large investments in the city, and together will erect about fifty new houses. These will not supply the demands however. The Chamber of Commerce will map out plans to secure capital at their meeting next Thursday.

ORDER A CASE FOR YOUR HOME TODAY.

PABST BLUE RIBBON BEER.

ORDER A CASE FOR YOUR HOME TODAY.

ORDER A CASE FOR YOUR HOME TODAY.

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SECOND BIDDING LOWERS THE COST

City Saves About \$4,000 in Washington Street Viaduct.

It is Unofficially Announced That Grant Wilkins, on Section One, and Oliver Company, on Section Two, Are the Lowest Bidders for Work.

The call for the meeting of the bridge committee, of which Alderman Holland is chairman, has not yet been issued. The committee will consider ten bids that have been submitted for the construction of the Washington street viaduct. They were opened by the general council last Monday afternoon and were referred to the bridge committee for action.

It is announced unofficially at the city hall that the lowest bids have been made by Grant Wilkins, of Atlanta, and the Oliver Company, of Nashville. If the bids are satisfactory to the bridge committee in other respects it is probable that these two will jointly build the Washington street viaduct.

Mr. Wilkins is the lowest bidder upon section one, which extends from Hunter street to the north side of the railroad right-of-way and includes that portion of the structure that will be over the railroad tracks. Mr. Wilkins' bid upon Section 1, \$66,180, of which the railroad will pay \$57,000, leaving \$9,180 to be paid by the city.

The Oliver Company's bid upon Section 2, which extends from the railroad tracks to Gilmore street on Courtland street, \$60,190, all of which is to be paid by the city.

If the two bids are accepted, therefore, the Washington street viaduct will cost the city \$69,370 and will cost the railroad \$57,000, making the total cost \$126,370.

The total cost is about \$4,000 less than the lowest proposal upon the occasion of the first bidding, and officials of the city are consequently elated, particularly as it was feared that the second bids would be higher.

The first bids, it will be remembered, were all rejected because Chief Engineer Clayton was not convinced that the structure would be safely constructed under the first specifications.

How To Tell Pure, Clean Beer

Knowledge of Chemistry Is Not Necessary To Protect One Against Impure Food Products.

In these days of much agitation as to pure and adulterated foods one surely feels the need of knowledge how to tell adulterated and impure food from pure and clean. One does not need the scientific knowledge of the chemist and analyst to absolutely necessary.

Beer is now so clearly regarded as a food product that a plain, simple rule, which, followed, will guarantee pure, wholesome beer of highest quality will not be without its value.

One does not need the technical knowledge of, nor practical experience in, brewing to always be sure of getting absolutely pure, clean beer—if they will invariably call for Pabst Blue Ribbon Beer and insist upon getting it.

Pabst is and has been for over 60 years the leader in brewing beer. He was the very first to recognize the absolute necessity of perfect cleanliness to produce perfect beer. The exclusive Pabst method of brewing has resulted in the production of Pabst Blue Ribbon, the best brew from eight-day malt and choicest hops, absolutely free from impurities.

This constant striving on the part of Pabst to attain perfection, has resulted in a modern brewing plant that has no equal in equipment or production viewed from a pure-food standpoint, or from any other standpoint.

The exclusive Pabst method of brewing and malting is the most expensive and cleanest known, because extraordinary means are taken at every step of the process to attain perfection. The result is the Pabst eight-day malt manufactured in the Pabst malting plant, and the Pabst beer, which is absolutely pure and chemically perfect for brewing.

From the time the Pabst Beer is brewed until your pour it into your glass it is never touched by human hands. From the time it is brewed it is kept in sterilized tanks hermetically sealed, and never leaves the brewery until each individual package is perfect in age, in taste and strength.

So you do not need to be a chemist to tell pure beer. To make sure of good, pure, wholesome beer that is absolutely clean and is superior in age, purity and strength, ask for Pabst Blue Ribbon and insist upon getting it.

I. H. OPPENHEIM, Phone 325, 7-9 East Alabama St.

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ORDER A CASE FOR YOUR HOME TODAY.

Go after what you want.

People won't take the trouble to bring it to you.

Nobody will go out of his way uninvited unless he is certain that it is to his interest to do so. Remember that the public has no interest in you or your goods, and cannot be expected to patronize you voluntarily.

If you can prove that it is to the self-interest of people to buy your goods you will have to keep increasing your factory capacity in order to fill orders. If you can present facts which are convincing your success is assured.

Every week THE SATURDAY EVENING POST, a weekly illustrated magazine, reaches 750,000 American homes. If is read by thinking people who have money to spend, and who know they can depend upon THE POST's advertising columns. If THE POST came out but once a month it would be a good publication for you to use. Coming out every week makes it four times as good—you can't place your facts before the public too often or too strongly.

THE CURTIS PUBLISHING COMPANY

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NEW YORK BOSTON CHICAGO

COUNTIES LOSE MANDAMUS SUIT

Judge Pendleton Overrules Movement in Tax Case.

Judge John T. Pendleton, in Fulton superior court, yesterday denied the mandamus which has been asked for by various counties and municipalities on the line of the Georgia railroad between Atlanta and Augusta.

They sought to share in the taxes accruing from the 15,000 shares of the capital stock of the Western Railway of Alabama, owned by the Georgia Railroad and Banking Company.

The counties directed involved in this litigation, though others expected also to participate, were Greene, Taliaferro, Oglethorpe, Walton, McDuffie and Columbia, while the municipalities which were parties to the litigation were the towns of Union Point, Greensboro and Crawfordville.

These counties and municipalities joined in a suit for mandamus to compel Judge Pendleton to order the Georgia Railroad and Banking Company to make a proportionate division among them of the back taxes claimed from the Georgia Railroad and Banking Company on the county taxes to Richmond county and the headquarters of the Georgia railroad are located. They claimed that this personal property should be distributed for the purpose of taxation among the counties and cities along the lines of the railroad just the same as if it were a case of rolling stock, which is also personal property.

It is now their announced purpose to appeal to the supreme court of the state for judgment in the matter. In his decision he held that "the stock in question, though intangible personal property, had a situs, situation or location for taxation in Richmond county, the domicile of the owner, which was not changed by the act of 1899."

The amount of county and municipal taxes involved in the Georgia railroad case is something more than \$400,000.

In the case of Crow v. Farley, suit for damages caused by a fall of plastering upon plaintiff's head, the allegation has been developed by the defense that the dislocation of the ceiling was due to boiling steak and chopping kindling on the floor above the room where the accident occurred. The plaintiff, on the contrary, has put up the contention that these operations were carried on with such care that the fall of the plastering cannot be in any way connected with them, but that it was due to the neglect of the landlord, Capt. S. M. Farley. The case will begin on its third day this morning in the civil branch of the city court.

Willie Thomas and Emma Mitchell, two negro women, yesterday filed suit in the superior court against the Georgia Railway and Electric Company for \$20,000 damages each, claiming that they had been forcibly ejected from a car of the company on Peachtree street, near Ponce de Leon avenue, on the night of

NEW HOTEL TALK WELL RECEIVED

Facts Concerning Proposed Improvements Leaking Out.

It is Learned Positively That There Will Be a New Hotel, and That It Will Make Bids for Northern Tourists.

That there will be a new hotel in Atlanta has been definitely decided. It has also been decided that it will be one of the finest hotels in the south. It will be built not only for transients, but will be so constructed as to accommodate northern tourists during the winter.

The gentlemen who will build the hotel are not yet prepared to make any statement regarding it, and they refuse to discuss the matter for publication. Despite that fact, however, almost everything concerning the new hotel is known except the site and the details of the plans.

It has been stated that one of the principal investors in the new hotel will be Asa G. Candler, and by some it is believed that he intends erecting it on Peachtree street upon the property now occupied by the Peachtree Auditorium.

Ideas upon the subject do not believe that the new hotel is to go up there. It is the belief that it will be located upon property that will cause the tearing down of some of the present Atlanta buildings.

It is certain that an effort is to be made to construct the hotel as to make it attractive to tourists from the north. It is believed that those tourists who are dissatisfied with Florida, and who are now seeking other southern resorts, prominent among them Augusta and Aiken, will be brought to Atlanta by the construction of a hotel that will be suited to their entertainment.

Business men are very much pleased by the announcement that there is to be another fine hotel here, and it is certain that if they can be of any assistance in forming the plans for it they will give the proposition their active support.

Attorney General Gunter III.

Columbia, S. C., March 20.—(Special.)—U. S. Gunter, Jr., attorney-general of South Carolina, is critically ill at his home at Batesburg, and is not expected to survive the night.

March 18, and that the conductor had inflicted scalp wounds upon both of them with a lead bullet. The plaintiffs state that they had done nothing to deserve this treatment.

A petition was yesterday filed by Eugene V. Haynes and J. Carroll Payne, of Fulton county, and J. H. Erwin, of Durham, N. C., for charter for a jewelry company, to be known as the Eugene V. Haynes Company, and to be organized with \$50,000 capital stock. The privilege is asked to be allowed to increase this stock to a figure not to exceed \$100,000. The power and right to issue preferred stock not to exceed \$20,000 on value of the common stock is asked. The principal office and place of business is to be in this city.

Property Transfers.

Bond for Title—T. J. Higginson, Jr., to John H. Moore for \$1,400; land lot 86, 14th district, on East street.

Warranty Deed—Henry G. White to John H. Moore for \$1,400; land lot 86, 14th district, on East street.

Quit Claim Deed—Thomas W. McArthur to Mrs. Annie E. McArthur, for \$1,000; land lot 77, 14th district, South Pryor street and Trinity avenue.

Security Deed—Lula S. Nisbet to Elizabeth Sydney Herwig, for \$1,800; land lot 43, 14th district, East Georgia avenue between Grant street and Cherokee avenue.

Deed—Joseph O. Smith to George R. Houghton, for \$1,000; land lot 53, 14th district, known as 111 Kelly street.

Warranty Deed—Fannie J. A. Jones to Joseph O. Smith, for \$1,200; same property.

Warranty Deed—Henry Banks, Jr., to Henry Banks, Sr., for \$250; undivided one-fourth interest in city lot 129 (Vincent's map), in block 24 of land lot 51, 14th district, Calhoun and Ellis streets.

Warranty Deed—Henry G. White to John H. Moore for \$1,400; land lot 86, 14th district, on East street.

Warranty Deed—C. O. Wallis to Henry G. White, for \$1,400; land lot 86, 14th district, on East street.



To Mr. and Mrs. Hees.

MR. AND MRS. JOHN MARSHALL SLATON entertained at a beautiful dinner last evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Hees, the guests including Mr. and Mrs. Grant, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. McKelvin, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Richardson, Mrs. W. D. Grant and Mr. Willis Ragan.

The table was bright and artistic in its decorations of Richmond roses, an epigone of these forming the centerpiece, which had as its base a plateau of these same flowers edged with fern and over a Renaissance lace cloth. Four silver candlesticks placed about it had shades of red overlaid with those of silver filigree.

Silver foliage baskets held crystallized fruits and the smaller silver dishes held creamed cherries and strawberries. The bonbons and leas were of the same color, and the place cards had the monogram of the host in silver letters.

Mrs. Slaton was handsome in a dinner gown of black lace, the corsage sparkling with jet sequins.

Mrs. Hees wore a becoming gown in cream-colored lace made a la princesse.

Mrs. Hugh Richardson wore shell pink chiffon voile made empire fashion.

Mrs. Henry Jackson wore pastel green chiffon cloth trimmed in cream lace, a French touch of color given in an embroidery of lavender.

Mrs. James McKelvin wore a French gown of crush raspberry silk elaborately trimmed in lace. Mrs. W. D. Grant wore black Brussels net embroidered in jet sequins.

Mrs. John W. Grant wore black points d'esprit net over white chiffon. The guests were received in the drawing room, which had to harmonize with hangings of couleur de rose, bowls and vases of bridesmaid roses.

After dinner the guests enjoyed an informal musical programme. They were seated in the hallway and library, the hallway having miniature orange trees, bearing the gold-tinted foliage, while in the library there were bowls of daffodils on the mantel and cabinets.

To Mrs. Thornton.

THE North Boulevard Card Club will be entertained on Friday afternoon at Durand's by Mrs. Clarence Everett, a game of euchre to be followed by luncheon. Mrs. Thornton, of Memphis, Mrs. Everett's mother, will be the guest of honor, and Mrs. Quincy Everett will assist in entertaining.

The members of the club are Mrs. Lyman J. Amos, Mrs. J. N. Eaton, Mrs. C. G. Bradt, Mrs. Ralph Brown, Mrs. A. B. Christopher, Mrs. F. A. Clarkson, Mrs. R. C. Cassels, Mrs. Cobb, Mrs. S. C. Dinkins, Mrs. DeLoe Hill, Mrs. Joel Hunter, Mrs. George Hurt, Mrs. M. O. Jackson, Mrs. John M. Moore, Mrs. Mark Palmour, Mrs. Lynn Rhorer, Mrs. Charles Smith, Mrs. J. A. Walton, Mrs. Claude Williams, Mrs. B. H. Treadwell and Mrs. Clarence Everett.

Bridge Party.

MISS ELOISE STEWART will entertain informally at bridge Wednesday afternoon in compliment to Miss Pearce and Miss Brady, of New York, guests of the Misses Mobley. The party will number twelve.

To Boulevard Club.

MRS. B. H. TREADWELL, who is residing at Rockmart, Ga., will spend several days this week in the city and will entertain the North Boulevard Card club in the Oriental rooms at Durand's on Thursday afternoon.

Local Service Lecture.

MR. MARVIN UNDERWOOD will lecture at the Woman's club this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock on the auspices of the Social Service section. His subject will be "Crime: Some of its Causes and Prevention," and a feature of particular interest will be his description of the El-mira system of New York. All members of the club are invited and no admission will be charged.

Postponement.

THE mite box opening of the Woman's Home Mission society, St. John's Methodist church, which was to have taken place today is postponed one week, and will occur on Wednesday, the 28th, at 3:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. J. L. Driver, 267 Glenn street.

Musical in West End.

THE musical which was to have taken place last Friday at the home of Mrs. H. R. Berry, in West End, will take place Friday, the 23rd, at the same place. A bright musical programme and recitations will be given. An admission of twenty-five cents will be charged, and the proceeds will go toward the fund being raised by the Aid Society of the West End Presbyterian church.

Missionary Address.

MISS MADIE SMITH, who has been for six years a missionary in Brazil, will make an address on mission work at the College Park Methodist church at 8 p. m. Wednesday. Miss Smith is a daughter of Professor Rufus W. Smith, president of the city.

MARRIAGE

INVITATIONS

CORRECTLY AND PROMPTLY ENGRAVED

SEND FOR SAMPLES AND PRICES

J. P. STEVENS ENGRAVING CO., ENGRAVERS

47 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA.

Miss Broughton Entertains.

MISS ANTONETTE BROUGHTON entertained a party of fourteen at cards last evening in her apartment in the Piedmont. The guests were assembled at 8 o'clock, when bridge was played, the prettiest of prizes were awarded the lucky winners. After the game a delicious hot supper was served in the cafe.

In the party were Miss Julia Pate, Miss Florine Richardson, Miss Anais Cay, Miss Annie Fitter, Miss Sadie Morris, Messrs. Arthur Wright, Thomas Meador, Eugene Thornton, S. O. Thorn, Valdemir Gude, Lynn Werner, Mr. Wood and Mr. Street.

Miss Broughton was handsomely gowned in cream-colored Renaissance lace, made princess fashion.

Miss Pate wore pale pink messaline satin, with applications of Valenciennes lace.

Miss Anais Cay was a dainty figure in pale blue taffeta silk, trimmed in lace.

Miss Florine Richardson wore white crepe, trimmed in point lace.

Miss Sadie Morris wore white pompadour silk, trimmed in duchesse lace.

Mrs. Whitehead's Tea.

MRS. J. B. WHITEHEAD entertained at 5 o'clock tea this afternoon in honor of her charming guest, Miss Winston of Minneapolis. She will be assisted in the entertainment of her guests by Mrs. George M. Brown, Mrs. Evelyn Harris, Miss Loula Fitter.

The house will be artistically adorned with flowers, pink roses to decorate the table, and to fill bowls and vases in the reception room and library.

Mrs. Whitehead will wear an elegant toilet in white lace. Miss Winston will wear pale blue chiffon cloth and lace.

Tonight Miss Winston will be the guest of honor in a box party at the Grand, to include Mr. and Mrs. Whitehead, Miss Florine Richardson, Mr. Charles Crankshaw, Mr. Willis Ragan, Mr. Joseph Brown Connolly.

Cooking Class Luncheon.

THE servant problem will lose half its terrors and caterers will find their realm of usefulness considerably curtailed when the members of the Tuesday cooking class finish up housekeeping.

They entertained at luncheon yesterday and the daintiness, the toothsome and the delicate perfection of the meal they served was proof enough of their independence of incompetent kitchen assistance and their ability to come to terms with it.

The cooking class consisted of eighth grade pupils of Fair, Fraser and Marietta street schools, under the direction of Miss Merle Stephens, who is assistant to Mr. Uterbach, manual training director in the public schools, and they prepared everything from the Waldorf salad to the neat muslin curtains that shaded the windows. The luncheon was served in a basement room of the Girls' High school and the party of six were seated at a dainty appointed table, the centerpiece of red carnations made in the schools, and the place cards, which also bore the menu, were cleverly hand-painted, each with a different landscape in water colors, the work of the children.

Two of the girls in fresh white aprons and coquettish white caps served the luncheon and every feature of it was enjoyable.

There were delicious creamed oysters in timbals, lamb chops with their sweet-sour well preserved in the cooking, creamed potatoes, smooth and white, and graham biscuits light and palatable.

The course was followed by a Waldorf salad, pretty to look at and as good at the appearance as in taste—sliced pineapple on sponge cake as delicate as angel food cake, and with a finishing touch of cherries and whipped cream. Well made coffee and dainty wafers were the final culinary triumph.

The guests of the occasion were the principals of the three schools represented, Mrs. A. H. Smith, Mrs. M. C. Thomas and Miss Myrtle Smith, Mr. L. M. Landon, assistant superintendent of the public schools, Mr. Uterbach, manual training director, and Miss Louise Dooly.

This afternoon luncheon will be prepared and served again at 4 o'clock by eighth grade pupils of Ira and Crew streets, and the guests will be Miss Aurelia Roach, Miss Nina Mitchell, Miss Nettie Sergeant, Major W. F. Slaton and Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Burns.

The cooking classes are at work every afternoon from 2:30 until 4 o'clock and the parents of the girls are cordially invited to call and to lend the encouragement of their interest.

Meetings.

THE Nineteenth Century History Class will meet this afternoon at 3:30 with Mrs. F. H. Orme, 70 North Forsyth street.

LOWREY-HERZEY.

Waynesboro, Ga., March 20.—(Special.) Miss Laura Herzey, of this city, was married this afternoon to Mr. Carl Lowrey, of Johnston, S. C., at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Warren Higzey. The pair left on the evening train for their future home.

Miss Morrison Entertains

THE Beau Monde

At Her Opening.

THE cold winds of yesterday in no way served to dissipate the ideas the feminine mind of the moment holds as to spring gowns and bonnets, and women wearing the heaviest wraps and furs drew their hands from their muffs to caress the light, volleys, chiffons and silk, with which they were tempted at Miss Morrison's opening of yesterday.

Her importations she showed herself at the time the selling story of the spring fashions with the same confidence that the lawyer counsels his clients, the doctor his patients, and the patron, it may be said, listened attentively, adjusting the delicate meshes of baby Irish lace, marveled at the beauty of the perleable but ever fascinating materials with which Paris ever turns the heads of women, and few ventured arguments.

With a docility that would have delighted some husbands, did it not mean that their bank accounts would feel the effect, well known matrons laid down the fabric that Madame Le Modiste pronounced unsuitable, and meekly asked: "Well, what would you suggest?"

With materials of infinite variety to illustrate what she said, Miss Morrison gave interesting facts of fashions in general.

"Paquin continues his Empire effects in both street and evening gowns, but short waisted," she said. "His skirts are much narrower at the bottom, clinging close to the feet and most of them with a pointed train trimmed with rose platings and braids. His boleros still leads all other jackets, while the loose ones are mostly all short, to show the waist line."

"Beer shows the blouse jacket, a few boleros with the corset skirt, as well as some short, loose coats. Some of these coats are plaited across the shoulders and hang loose at the waist, and they are worn over waists slightly bloused. His tailor skirts are cut in some instances with seven and nine gores, while his afternoon and dinner skirts are cut circular, some side plaited, some shirred on cords. The bottom of many skirts are trimmed with knife platings, and heavy medallions of cluny and Irish lace. His waists are loosely draped over the corset skirt, and heavily trimmed with various kinds of laces and embroideries."

"Francis, Callot, Armand, Doucet Radnitz and others are showing many primrose effects. Some with corset skirt, some cut circular, while a few draped skirts are also shown. Boleros are shown everywhere with short sleeves, and some blouse jackets with three circular capes."

"Quite a number of laces are lined with Valenciennes laces—sashes and narrow ribbons in almost every style complete many of the smartest toilets."

"What of materials?" she said. "Why it seems to me, every material has its favor this season," said Miss Morrison.

"However, it may be said that veilings in pin stripes and checks predominate and soft, flowing, liberty chiffons in fancy checks and stripes are much in demand, while for evening gowns there are the beautiful painted laces, points d'esprit and plain nets."

Regarding color, there is still a craze for the crushed raspberry shades, and the graduating shades of pink and blue, "London Smoke Gray" is the color being adopted so popularly by New York women, and the novelty colors are those of "Empire Bronze" and the Beurre shade (or butter color).

"As to trimmings, Irish laces and cluny laces are in the ascendency, also the batiste embroideries."

In the dress patterns attracting general admiration was one of black skirt, taffeta in a design of scattered flowers in their natural shades. Shown to trim it were two laces, a pattern in Irish crochet, and a pattern in sheerest Valenciennes.

In evening materials a group of patterns particularly chic, included a white chiffon cloth, painted in pinks; a pale lilac silk, showing a design in roses and orchids; and a white lace painted in rose in the shades of yellow.

There were a number of exquisite patterns in white silk flowered in dainty patterns, and the liberty foulard gowns were in all the light colors.

Illustrating beauty and softness, these chiffon laces was a pattern in white with stripes of a black satin about an inch wide. This was to be trimmed in broad bands of Irish crochet lace.

Patterns in silk for street gowns showed the checks and stripes in white grounds, while the light wools were all in the inevitable black and white. One pattern in these was of black invisible checks in blue and green between open checks of white.

Pongees are still good, especially in the shades of London smoke, Alice blue and the olive green, as the Paris designers call it, the Empire bronze. Large buckles are used to hold the soft crush girdles that finish the smartest gowns unless to suit the figure these girdles are narrow in the point and deep in the back.

"The skirts are all long this year—at the ground all around, except of course the walking skirt, which calls for a few of the favored material, these two-wind skirts to be worn with short silk coats."

Social Items.

Colonel and Mrs. Dan Hughes, of Marion, are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Charlie Hill.

Mr. and Mrs. Will McBride are making their home with Mrs. S. L. McBride on Jackson street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Peck announce the birth of a daughter.

Mrs. Ludlow Jordan, of Pittsburg, will visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. P.



Fine Spring springs on us today.

The weather springs a surprise. Our stock springs many surprises in

Stunning Suits, \$12.50 to \$35.00.

Stylish Overcoats, \$10.00 to \$25.00.

Whatever wrinkle Fashion says is so, is here. Whatever worth that fabric and workmanship can give is here. Whatever economy that a thorough knowledge of the business can offer is here. We suit the most critical taste—we satisfy the most practical sense with a spring stock larger by far than our best past showings. We invite your inspection.

Eiseman & Weil,

1 WHITEHALL STREET.

For Foot Comfort Wear E. & W. Shoes.

F. Smith, in the early summer.

Dr. and Mrs. Troy Blivings are expected home today from New York.

Mr. Will Allen is able to be about again after his recent illness.

Mrs. Lee Lewman, who has been quite ill is improving, but is still confined to her apartments in the Menden Hall.

Mrs. John W. Harper and Miss Grace Harper, who have been visiting Mrs. Lyman J. Amos, returned home today.

Miss Mabel K. Stafford, who has been quite sick, is the guest of Mrs. A. McD. Wilson, and is improving.

Mr. Russell Hopkins left yesterday for a brief trip to Washington.

Mrs. G. R. Shockey is quite ill at her home in West End.

Miss Jessie Mitchell, who has been ill, is better.

Miss Alice Borden, of Wilmington, N. C., who has been the guest of Miss Mabel Powers, returns home today.

Mrs. H. C. Bagley is critically ill at her residence on Piedmont avenue, the fact bringing sincere distress to her large circle of friends.

Mrs. George Dexter has returned from a visit to Versailles, Ky.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hill have taken one of Mrs. Dickson's apartments in the Elisee on Peachtree street.

Mrs. Maud "Belle" Cobb, who has been quite ill, is better.

Miss Clara Brantley is visiting the Misses Shellman at their country home near Cartersville, Ga.

Mrs. W. W. Gray has returned from a visit to Clearwater, Fla.

Mr. and Mrs. Hees, of New York, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Grant, leave today for the north.

Mrs. Sanders McDaniel and daughter and Mrs. Henderson, of Knoxville, are at the Majestic.

Mr. and Mrs. James Penn, of Danville, Va., who have been at the Piedmont for some time, leave Thursday for Virginia.

After a pleasant sojourn of three weeks in St. Louis, visiting relatives and friends, Mrs. Homer S. Prater is again at home to her friends at 418 East Georgia avenue.

Miss Martha Foster, of Madison, is visiting Mrs. Mary V. Connolly, West End, and Mrs. H. W. Martin, 109 Washington street.

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THEATERS.

The Grand.

Musical Atlanta has a treat indeed in store for tonight and Thursday night at the Grand in the engagement of the Mantelli, English Grand Opera Company, an organization of undoubted merit, which will present tonight "Il Trovatore" and tomorrow night portions of "Faust" and "La Favorita." More than usual interest is felt in the attraction, as all the operas will be given in English instead of Italian or French, as is generally the case.

The following excerpt taken from The Charleston Evening News gives some idea of the genuine merit of the performance:

"The popular 'Il Trovatore' was splendidly presented at the Academy of Music last evening before a large and enthusiastic audience. That the efforts of the vocalists were enjoyed in the superlative was evident from the frequent, prolonged applause."

"In the role of Auccena, a gypsy, pretended mother of Manrico, Mme. Mantelli was brilliant in her efforts and her voice requires a close hunt for adjectives properly to describe. Her arias deserved richly the recalls accorded and she won the complete favor of the house. None of the audience has ever heard in Charleston a better rendering of the gypsy role. Signor Achille Alberti displayed his splendid baritone to advantage as Count de Luna, rival of Manrico, and his dramatic efforts were most excellent. Signor Alberti has sung the role here before and his admirers generously applauded his appearance. Mme. Helen Holdt, a strikingly handsome woman, did Leonora in a wholly acceptable manner, being given much applause during the evening. As Manrico, the troubadour, afterwords discovered to be the brother of Count de Luna, James F. Roach measured fully to expectation, which means he filled the role adequately and well. Miss DeCosta appeared as Inez, attendant of Leonora, and what little she had to do she did well. The basso of Robert E. Cavendish was cleverly employed in Ferrando."

Next Friday and Saturday the Grand will have as its attraction Grace George with the entire New York company and production in "The Marriage of William Ashby," one of the most pronounced successes of the season. Critics have agreed that Miss George does the best work of her career in the role of Lady Kitty, and the play, a political romance, has novelty and distinction that have made its appeal irresistible.

Briefly the story is as follows: William Ashby, equipped by nature and by circumstances for social and political successes, with a moral equilibrium that promises larger kinds of victory, takes into his life at the very eve of his career a fluttering, passionate, tempestuous child. He has fallen under the spell of her ethereal loveliness. She is strange, unruly and capricious, but at the heart of her, there is something helpless and infinitely sweet. He lifts her, like some frightened thing, into the clear, even sunlight of his disposition. He frees her from her painful environment. He counts on this, with the optimism of his easy, half-humorous good temper. But the forces of heredity are arrayed against her. From this he cannot set her free. Here is their tragedy.

The story proceeds to a catastrophe. The dramatic treatment is intimate and charged with pathos. The story ends almost without solution of the problem. But the scene at the last is transformed into a fitting close by that exquisite touch of sympathy and of tenderness, which makes of the whole work a human document.

On Saturday night Miss George will present her new play, "The Richest Girl in the World."

The Bijou.

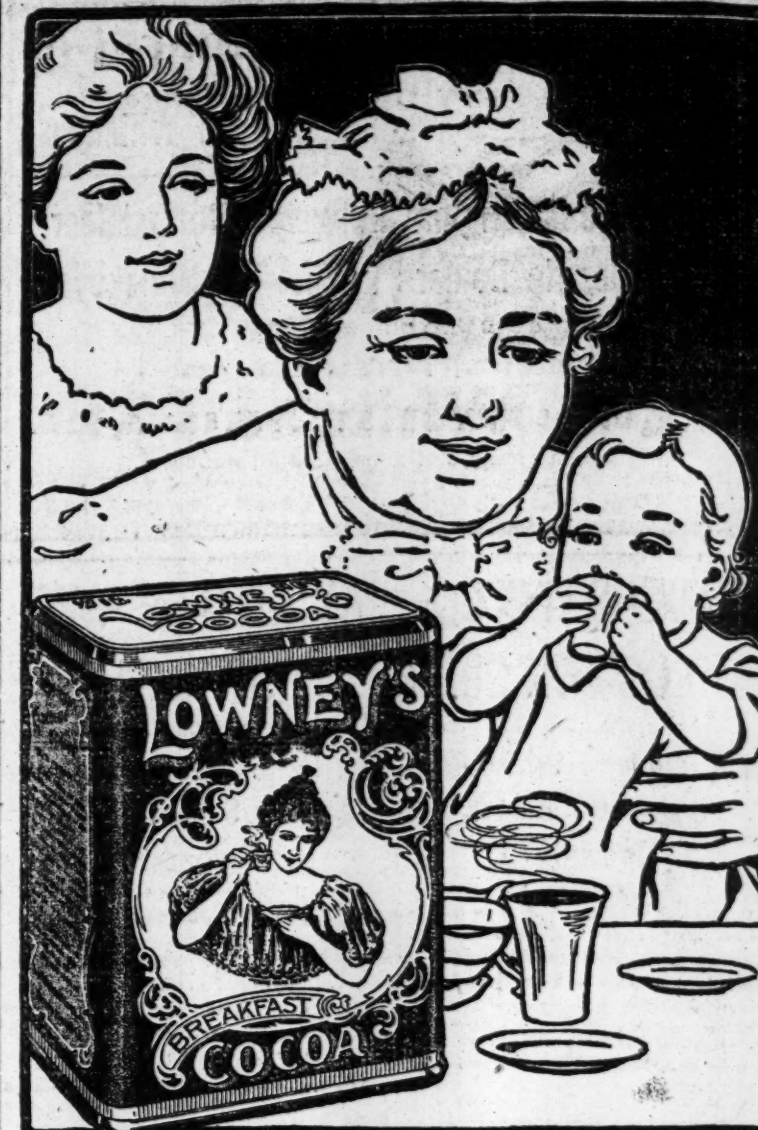
"Fighting Fate" is a real melodrama. And the Bijou audiences seem to care a great deal for the change from an almost continual reign of musical and farce comedy. The attraction is serving to entertain and interest and the attendance is quite up to what the theater usually enjoys.

"Fighting Fate" is one of the real melodrama successes.

Of the company there are a number of clever people and the production is one that demonstrates recent accomplishments of experts in stage craft.

Star Theater.

The management of the Star theater have succeeded in booking for this week one of the best shows of the season, and the patrons of this popular playhouse are showing their appreciation by packing the house at every performance.



For Young and Old—For All Ages

Lowney's Cocoa is delicious—nourishing—strengthening;—an aid to digestion and the best cocoa made, anywhere or at any price. The WALTER M. LOWNEY CO. Lowney's Chocolate Bonbons, Boston, Mass.

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On Saturday night Miss George will present her new play, "The Richest Girl in the World."

The Bijou. "Fighting Fate" is a real melodrama. And the Bijou audiences seem to care a great deal for the change from an almost continual reign of musical and farce comedy. The attraction is serving to entertain and interest and the attendance is quite up to what the theater usually enjoys.

"Fighting Fate" is one of the real melodrama successes.

Of the company there are a number of clever people and the production is one that demonstrates recent accomplishments of experts in stage craft.

The management of the Star theater have succeeded in booking for this week one of the best shows of the season, and the patrons of this popular playhouse are showing their appreciation by packing the house at every performance.</

DR. E. G. GRIFFIN'S
GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS.

\$3 22K Gold Crown **\$3.00**
Set of Teeth... **\$3.00**

Gold Fillings... \$1 and up
Bridge Work, per tooth... \$4
Have impression taken in the morning, get teeth same day.

One and Vitalized Air for Painless Extraction.

24½ Whitehall St.
Phone 1708 Office Hours, 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.
Sundays, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. LADY ATTENDANTS

CHAOS EXISTS ON TECH TEAM

Best Players On May Be
Barred on Account of
Conditions.

With four of five Tech stars of last season still conditioned in their studies, the baseball line-up for the game with Clemson Saturday afternoon cannot be announced until noon on the day of the opening contest, when the members of the faculty will state the success or failure of the delinquents in making up their deficiencies.

Two pitchers, two infielders, and possibly others may be eliminated from the line up at the very last hour. These athletes believe that they will be successful in the examinations they are to take this week, and will be allowed to play.

The statement made in an afternoon paper yesterday that Brown has decided, on account of press of study work, to retire from the game for this year, was a premature one, according to the Tech second baseman. He intends to play if it is possible for him to do so, and he thinks that he will be able to get into the fray.

Should the four men, conditioned at present, fail to make good, their places will be hard to fill, and Tech will have trouble to put out a championship team. However, Coach Heisman and the members of the team are all optimistic, and are looking forward to the downfall of Clemson next Saturday afternoon.

BASEBALL GAME POSTPONED.

This Afternoon, If Weather and Grounds Permit.

Fans, who went to the baseball park yesterday afternoon, expecting to see a game, found Billy Smith at work painting the grandstand green, while the diamond was occupied by the groundskeeper, at work with a rake, getting the ground in shape for the game this afternoon.

"It was too cold and the grounds too wet for baseball this afternoon," said Billy, when asked as to the reasons for the postponement, "but we will play tomorrow, provided that it doesn't rain or snow, and that the thermometer shows a record something better than freezing."

Having nothing else to do the Atlanta mogul had been keeping in training by showing A. B. how to do the painting with an artistic flourish, and when this task was completed he started in to doctor a lock, which mischievous boys had put out of order. Billy stated that he intended to take fifteen men to Macon with him. He will leave a number of players at home, including Thirde Baseman Teibald, Outfielders Winters and Murdoch, Catcher Kester, and two or three pitchers. He intends to play an infield in Macon of Fox, Jacobs, Morse, and Hoffman, with Eber and Kahloff behind the bat. Smith is disgusted with the weather, for he is anxious to get the team in training before the season opens. He feels that he needs all the time possible to pick the best men from the many he has corralled.

The two teams will line up as follows today:

ATLANTA. Plais, cf.; Breyer, 3b.; Curtis, 1b.; Morse, ss.; Jackson, 2b.; Simpson, 2b.; Fox, 1b.; Kahloff, c.; Kester, c.; Shaffer, c.; Harley, p.; Sparks, p.

CLEVELAND. Bay, cf.; Breyer, 3b.; Curtis, 1b.; Morse, ss.; Jackson, 2b.; Simpson, 2b.; Fox, 1b.; Kahloff, c.; Kester, c.; Shaffer, c.; Harley, p.; Sparks, p.

The game will start at 3 o'clock. Jim Lynch will act as umpire.

Protracted Services Planned.

Barnesville, Ga., March 20.—(Special.) Protracted services will begin at the First Baptist church in this town, on Sunday, March 25. The pastor, Rev. J. R. Jester, one of the state evangelists of the denomination, has been secured for the series of meetings. He will be cooperated with in the work by the pastor, Rev. C. W. Durden.

Dr. King Cures Chronic Diseases

Varicose. We treat this disease without cutting, without pain. The stagnated blood is driven from the dilated veins by means of our improved Varicose Cure, a powerful, non-toxic, and perfectly safe remedy, which restores to their natural condition and circulation re-established.

Stricture. We cure stricture without the knife or instrument, by an application which acts directly on the parts affected, dissolving the stricture completely by our painless electrical and medical treatment. Our treatment is painless, and in no way interferes with your business duties.

Loss of Manly Vigor. You may be lacking in the power to store to the manly vigor of manhood. If so, we will restore to you the manly vigor and vigor of manhood, the loss of which may be the result of indigestion, excessive use of alcohol, or other causes.

Contagious Blood Poison. It may be in its primary stage, or it may have been hereditary or contracted in early days, thereby being constitutional. We cure all its complications. We stop its progress, eradicate every vestige of poison from the system, and thus without the use of mercury or other poisons.

Private Diseases. Newly contracted cases cured. All old and new diseases, including gonorrhea, syphilis, and all venereal diseases, are cured by our treatment. Our treatment is painless, and in no way interferes with your business duties.

CHRONIC DISEASES OF WOMEN. We successfully treat all chronic diseases of women, and diseases peculiar to their sex, such as Falling and Womb Displacement, Menstrual Disorders, Pains in the Back, Women who wish to avoid instrumental treatment, and who desire a safe and necessary operation should call.

CONSULTATION, EXAMINATION AND ADVICE FREE.

Dr. King Medical Co. ATLANTA, GA.

SIX FAVORITES

HOME IN FRONT

Airship Was Only Choice to

Lose.

Nicol, Who Rode the Colt, Used Him

Too Much in the Early Part of

the Race—Weather Clear

and Track Was

Good.

New Orleans, March 20.—Airship was

the only beaten favorite at City Park

today. Nicol rode the colt, and used

him too much in the early part of the

race. The weather was clear, and the

track good. Fred Cook has added Lady

Mistake and Nevada to the matrons of

his stud.

FIRST RACE—Selling, 3½ furlongs:

Tom Dehn, 114 (Nicol), 9 to 10, won;

Beau Brummel, 111 (D. Austin), 12 to 1,

second; King Leopold, 114 (Trotter), 14

to 5, third. Time, 1:22.5. Sir Andrew, 147,

Black Flag, Alyth and Bonita run.

SECOND RACE—Selling, 1-8 mile:

Laddie, 105 (B. Smith), 1 to 10, won;

Two Penns, 109 (Munro), 13 to 1, second;

Dungannon, 104 (Koerner), 9 to 2, third.

THIRD RACE—Selling, 6 furlongs:

Enville, 105 (Nicol), 2 to 1, won;

Air Ship, 109 (Nicol), 2 to 1, second;

Long Young, 97 (H. Graham), 9 to 2,

third. Time, 1:44.4. Chief Hayes, El

Not, Cascade and Billy Handsell run.

FOURTH RACE—Seven furlongs: Ker-

cheval, 110 (W. McIntyre), 13 to 1, won;

Rickey, 114 (Nicol), 3 to 1, second; Nonce

Uccille, 112 (W. McIntyre), 10 to 1, third.

SIXTH RACE—Selling, 7 furlongs:

Goide, 96 (Harrigan), even, won; Ezra,

94 (Koerner), 6 to 1, second (Furgut);

Time, 1:28.5. Captain, Virgie Withers, Su-

sanne Roanmore, Little James, Heart of

Hyacinth and Mac run.

SEVENTH RACE—Selling, 1 mile: Be-

gonia, 100 (Harrigan), 8 to 5, won; Glen-

care, 106 (W. McIntyre), 10 to 1, second;

Gaineda, 98 (Barrow), 10 to 1, third.

Time, 1:42.3-5. Rain Devils, Ruth W.

Weiss and Rayne also ran.

CITY PARK ENTRIES FOR TODAY.

First Race—Selling, 6 furlongs: Lord

of the Valley, 118; Clyde, Budweiser, 115;

Presentation, Josie, 113; Harvest

Time, Pennyburn, 112; Prestige

Conjures, Chique, Florence May, 110;

Queen Esther, 105; Captain Bush, 104;

Time, 1:28.5.

Second Race—Selling, 5½ furlongs: Self

Reliant, Baron, Our Al, Gold Bear,

Wood, Pickin, 112; Oak Cliff, 107;

Wadehill, Little Elkin, Little Squander,

109; Little Mac, Sweet Frite, Miss Nich-

ols, Shalagh.

Third Race—Selling, 6 furlongs: Cre-

ole Jim, 118; Major Carpenter, Gamara,

115; Mildred, 112; Oak Cliff, 107;

Monk, The Only Way, 112; Frances Dil-

lona, Dundall, 109; Immortelle, 108; Gold-

war, Labor Non rest, 104; Dr. McLean, 101;

Fourth Race—Selling, 5½ furlongs: Cus-

tos, 105; Lights Out, Ohio

King, 105; John, 105; Owens, 107;

Radnor, 142; Flying Raincloud, Blue

Mint, 132; Wilkey Wood, 132;

127; Little Wally, 125. Taylor entry.

Fifth Race—Selling, 1-8 mile:

John Carroll, 121; Concorde, 100; De-

vout, 101; Granada, 88.

Sixth Race—Selling, 1-8 mile: Bellin-

dian, 107; Eonoso Lynch, 106; Bellin-

dian, 105; Florizel, 101; Thora Lee, 95.

Seventh Race—Selling, 6 furlongs: Rob-

binhood, 116; Fred Rooter, 104; Au-

colver, 102; Tygett, 100; Creel, 90; Ber-

the, 88.

AT OAKLAND

Hot Springs, Ark., March 20.—Henry O.

was the only winning favorite at Oak-

land today.

FIRST RACE—Five furlongs: Mary

Prim, 100 (Shilling), 9 to 10, won; Neane

W. 100 (Scoville), 15 to 1, second; King

Wida, 107 (Harris), 3 to 1, third. Time

1:34.3-5. Albemarle, Investor, Falkland

Golden Russell, Balmer V., Voltaire, Rely,

Lenox, Cassel North, Fabian and Cal-

cutta also ran.

SECOND RACE—Three and a half fur-

longs: Jardine, 110 (Dennison), 15 to

1, won; Miss Mary, 105 (Roth), 10 to

5, second; Rod, 108 (Scoville), 10 to

1, third. Time 1:44.5-6. Mary Welch,

Wileox, Miss Kingette, Magaret, Mor-

ris, Sanardo and Irish Brigade also ran.

THIRD RACE—Mile and 20 yards: Har-

magie, 104 (Sevel), 2 to 1, won; San

Primo, 101 (Cherry), 3 to 1, second; La-

bin, 100 (Radick), 10 to 1, third. Time

1:45. Three started.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs: Laselle,

108 (Sevel), 5 to 5, won; Dusky, 103

(Scoville), 15 to 1, second; Lucius, 105

(Radick), 4 to 5, third. Time 1:16.2-5.

Fifth Race—Mile and 20 yards: Har-

magie, 104 (Sevel), 2 to 1, won; San

Primo, 101 (Cherry), 3 to 1, second; La-

bin, 100 (Radick), 10 to 1, third. Time

1:45. Three started.

SIXTH RACE—Mile and 20 yards: Har-

magie, 104 (Sevel), 2 to 1, won; San

Primo, 101 (Cherry), 3 to 1, second; La-

bin, 100 (Radick), 10 to 1, third. Time

1:45. Three started.

Oakland Entries for Today.

First Race—Selling, 6 furlongs: Tyro-

lian, 95; Binkerton, Bob May, Fra Fra

Glats, 100; Tony Bone, 108;

Second Race—Selling, 5½ furlongs: Self-

ish, 105; Eopos, Andy Blone, 102;

Clear Night, 95; Miss Louie, 98; Cad-

lac, 108; Lavenia, Tru; Sadie Martin,

100; Kuropatkin, 97.

Third Race—Selling, 6 furlongs: W.

G. Williams, 105; Lampton, 103; Inva-

der, 98; Bendigo, J. P. Mayberry, 106;

J. W. Bell, 105.

Fourth Race—Selling, 5½ furlongs: Arab,

108; Bitter Hand, 107; Tomoch-

ch, 109; Gray Anchor, 97; Proteus, 110;

Kial, 103; Sonnet, 102; Young Sater,

105.

Fifth Race—Four furlongs: Belle Scott,

109; Allene Cummings, 114; Biawwi,

105; Chancellor, 107; Bittace, 112; Al-

lata, 110.

Sixth Race—Mile and a quarter: Los

Angelino, George Vivian, 107; Arena,

Aggie Lewis, 101; Sambo, 106; Dolinda,

105.

KEELY'S KEELY'S KEELY'S KEELY'S

Another Sale Rose Bushes

8,000 More Fine Plants Like We Sold Last Week.

A week ago yesterday we sold 8,000 of these Rose Bushes before noon, and hundreds of would-be buyers who came later were disappointed. We've secured another 8,000 to sell at the same price and will put them on sale this morning.

They're excellent plants, one year old, well rooted and many of them already in bud. Four varieties--the most popular, most hardy and easiest to raise. They were grown in the north and will thrive wonderfully in this climate. Put up in packages containing one bush of each variety. Marechal Niel, Bridesmaid, Bride and Helen Gould--and 25 cents will buy the four.

Think of it! Four rose bushes for a quarter! Isn't it a bargain chance too good to miss?

The roots are carefully packed in soil and ready to set out immediately. The growers assure us that, with reasonable care, every plant will be blooming nicely within 30 to 60 days if set out now.

Sale begins in the notion section this morning.

4 Rose Bushes for 25c

The Marechal Niel.

Nearly everybody knows and admires the Marechal Niel Rose. Its deep, beautiful, sulphur yellow color and its exquisite fragrance make it a prime favorite and rose growers everywhere always give it a high place in their estimation. The Marechal Niel plants we offer are carefully selected from fine stock.

The Bridesmaid.

The Bridesmaid Rose is a comparatively new product, being an offshoot from the famous Catherine Mermet. It possesses all the good qualities of the parent besides many additional charms. The buds are deep pink in shade and of beautiful shape and contour with long, stiff stems. Keep well when cut.

The Bride Rose.

The Bride Rose, or White Mermet, is unsurpassed for form and size and in purity of whiteness. It is a strong grower and prolific bloomer. The buds are carried high and erect on bright, smooth stems and a bunch of them, cut with long sprays of foliage, would grace any bride in her wedding robes.

The Helen Gould.

The Helen Gould is a hardy crimson ever-blooming rose, a remarkably vigorous grower and one of the most luxuriant bloomers known. Its flowers are extra large, perfectly double and deliciously sweet; color is rich, bright red, elegantly shaded and exceedingly beautiful. Very strong, well-rooted plants.

SPECIAL NOTICE: We must ask all buyers to take the rose bushes with them, as we can not be responsible for possible damage in delivery. None taken back or exchanged.

Keely's Company

SHORT ITEMS OF INTEREST

CHARLES H. HEPLIN, OF ATLANTA, travelling salesman by occupation, yesterday filed with the clerk of the United States court a voluntary petition in bankruptcy in the papers submitted to the United States marshal at Atlanta.

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT yesterday, Judge Newman presiding, eight cases charging violations of the internal revenue laws against many defendants, were disposed of during the session. A conviction resulted in each case and each defendant was assessed a nominal fine or a short term in the county jail.

AL MARSHALL, WHO HAS BEEN quoted at his home on Fair and Fourth streets for some weeks past, was slightly better yesterday and his physicians are now hopeful that he may be able to leave his home within a short time. Mr. Marshall has been suffering from muscular rheumatism and has been almost helpless for several days.

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT C. S. McManus, of the Southern railway, was in Atlanta yesterday on one of his regular trips of inspection. The special train bearing President Samuel Spencer, of the Southern, and other prominent officials which was delayed on its trip to Chattanooga on account of damages occasioned by the heavy rain, changed its route and went to Birmingham from which place it will go to Chattanooga.

THE NATIONAL LIVE STOCK INSURANCE COMPANY, of Fitzgerald, Ga., was granted a charter to do business in the state of Georgia by Secretary of State Phil Cook. The organization is a cooperative and mutual company. It is to do business without a capital stock. The principal offices and headquarters will be in Fitzgerald. Among the charter members are R. A. Smith, D. B. Ware and other prominent and influential citizens of that section of the state.

THE CHARTER HOLDERS OF THE Citizens' Bank of Savannah, yesterday submitted to Secretary of State Phil Cook an application for an amendment to that charter, the application being granted. Hereafter the bank will be known as the Citizens and Southern Bank of Savannah, the Citizens' bank.

MRS. H. C. BAGLEY, OF 663 PIEDMONT AVENUE, is seriously ill at her home. She has been ill for some time, but her condition last night was considered critical.

MR. AND MRS. J. C. WALLACE, OF 30 NORTH JACKSON STREET, announce the birth of a son yesterday. The youngster is the nineteenth grandchild of Mr. Joseph A. Wallace, one of the Constitution's veteran employees.

BECAUSE ANNIE BURDEN STEPHENSON, of her own accord, Georgia, was a knife and brought the blood. Both are Darktown belles. Georgia was standing in a door of a restaurant on Decatur street Monday night, when Annie came along and snatched one of Georgia's corns.

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT was called out last night at 9:25 o'clock to a fire at the house of Ed Collins, a negro living in Packard's alley, between the railroad and Madison avenue. The building was burned down, and all the furniture destroyed.

LIEUTENANT COLONEL W. B. Adams, of the Third regiment infantry, whose home is at Elberton, was yesterday placed on the retired list on account of ill health. He is at present one of the representatives from Elberton county in the legislature. Lieutenant Adams has served in the state militia since 1887, attaining him to a service medal with three bars representing a continuous service of eighteen years.

THE MODEL OF THE GORDON equestrian statue which has been on exhibition in the rotunda of the state house for months past, is beginning to show signs of degradation or depreciation. Pieces of the plaster of which the model was made are either dropping away or being carried off by relic snatchers as is shown by the large missing particles from the forms of both rider and horse.

WALTER J. HIPPOLYTE AND MISS Angelle Marks were married last evening at the home of the bride's parents, 404 Tenth street, Rev. A. C. Ward

'MERELY BUYING THE DIRECTORS'

Statement Made in the Pere
Marquette Litigation.

Judge Lorton Asked That All Affidavits and Briefs Be Left With Him, and He Will Announce His Decision in Few Days.

Nashville, Tenn., March 20.—Argument in the motion to enjoin the transfer of \$3,500,000 of bonds issued by the Pere Marquette railroad for the purpose of buying the Chicago, Cincinnati and Louisville railroad, and further to set up a case at law for the collection of maturing coupons of said bonds and the transfer of the original bill brought by the Pere Marquette railroad to have this bond issue canceled for alleged fraud, was resumed before Judge H. H. Lorton, of the United States circuit court, at 10 o'clock this morning.

Judge H. D. Peck, one of the counsel for Kleybolte & Co., who began his argument yesterday afternoon, concluded this morning. He declared that the stockholders of the Pere Marquette railroad made the deal complained of, and they were now estopped from the relief sought.

He cited decisions to show that a bona fide holder of negotiable securities would

be protected in its holdings unless it could be shown that he had positive knowledge of fraud. Suspicion of defection in title did not affect his rights. Judge Peck said there was absolutely no evidence of fraud in the record. C. M. Wilson, solicitor for Mr. Bradford, was the next speaker, and he first took up the allegation in the bill in regard to the purchase of the Louisville railroad; that the promoters had leased proxies from stockholders who knew nothing about the trade. He declared that it was remarkable that nowhere in the record was a single one of the stockholders given his proxy was complaining. He said that Mr. Bradford was willing to sell the Louisville property without any mortgage, simply taking bonds in the Pere Marquette.

Afternoon Session.
When the afternoon session of the court opened, Judge H. D. Peck, of counsel for Kleybolte & Co., denied an alleged insinuation that the Pere Marquette road would issue bonds merely to enable Kleybolte & Co. to secure a commission for selling them. Lawrence Maxwell then resumed his argument for the Pere Marquette Company. He presented affidavits and testimony along with his assertions, and charged that the syndicate seeking to control the three roads fraudulently issued bonds of the Pere Marquette in exchange for the stock of the Chicago, Cincinnati and Louisville, and did "other mysterious things."

"These men," he asserted, "did not pay this amount in order to get the stock, but were merely buying the directors." "All this time," he continued, "the promoters of this gigantic transaction had no other idea than to get control of the Pere Marquette and the Chicago, Cincinnati and Louisville roads, and the directors of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton and then exchange their poor securities in the other roads for good securities in the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton."

Mr. Maxwell introduced affidavits intended to show that the Chicago, Cincinnati and Louisville property was not earning enough to pay operating expenses before President Bradford sold the block of stock, and formed the consolidation and insisted that the stock had only a prospective value, based on whatever deal the company could make toward becoming a paying property. P. Morgan, he alleged, had seen all these things, and when reputation of the alleged fraudulent obligations fastened on the Chicago, Hamilton and Dayton came, there was nothing for the Pere Marquette Company to do but repudiate every alleged fraudulent action of its old board.

In Receiver's Behalf.
At the close of Mr. Maxwell's argument, Edward Colston, representing the receiver of the Chicago, Hamilton and Dayton, asked permission to make a statement on behalf of the receiver. He began by saying that the receiver had been appointed by this court, and was in fact, acting now under orders of this court. The receiver, he said, had sent him here to ask the court to grant this injunction until more details in the settlement of the entire affair could be obtained, and the parties worked out.

Mr. Colston said the Pere Marquette had no money with which to pay anything at present, and if the holders of these securities were to obtain privilege of suing for their interests, and gain judgment, they could collect nothing. At the final hearing, he thought, would be the proper time to test the validity of the securities held by Bradford, Fernald, and Kleybolte & Co. William Alden Smith, on the part of W. A. Bradford, stated to the court that he had no notice that Mr. Colston would appear in the case, or that Receiver Harmon would be represented at all. He made exception to what Mr. Colston had said.

Judge Lorton then asked that all affidavits and briefs be filed with him, and said he would take two or three days for examination of these papers before announcing his decision.

The court was then adjourned.

CROP FOR 1905 WAS 10,697,013

Final Cotton Report by Census Bureau.

Shows Decrease of Three Million From 1904, and Half Million Increase Over Crop of 1903—Market Broke on Report.

Washington, March 20.—A bulletin, issued today by the census bureau, shows the complete crop of cotton for 1905, including linters and counting round bales as half bales, to be 10,697,013 compared with 13,697,910 for 1904 and 10,157,721 for 1903. The average gross weight of the bales this season is shown to have been 503.8 pounds, and the equivalent 500-pound bales to have been 10,777,510. The items entering the totals for the crop of 1905 are 10,214,059 square bales, 279,836 round bales, 112,539 sea island bales and 230,467 linters. The number of bales estimated by the ginners as remaining to be ginned and included in the report 40,112.

Effect on the Market.
New York, March 20.—The summary of the final report of the census bureau, showing the amount of cotton ginned from the growth of this season, was published at 2 o'clock today, and was followed by a very sharp break in the local market. The market had been very nervous, an early advance to 10.78 for May being followed by a decline to 10.68 for that position under realizing. Immediately after the report was published May broke to 10.38 and July to 10.48, or about 36 points below the closing prices of yesterday. Bulls supported the market at the decline, which was followed by a reaction of 10 to 12 points, but sentiment was very unsettled during the late session, with bears taking the aggressive. The market closed steady at a net decline of 18 to 23 points. Sales were estimated at 600,000.

Courthouse Plans Adopted.
Brunswick, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The commissioners of roads and revenues of Glynn county at a special meeting held yesterday finally adopted plans for the erection of a new \$75,000 court house, work on which will begin within thirty days.

The plans for the new building were drawn by Gifford & Betts, well-known New York architects. At the next meeting of the commissioners bids will be advertised for, after which the active work will begin.

Alaskan Theater Burned.

Seattle, Wash., March 20.—A private dispatch from Juneau, Alaska, reports a destructive fire which destroyed the Louisville theater in that city as follows:

"The theater burned Saturday night, John King dead."

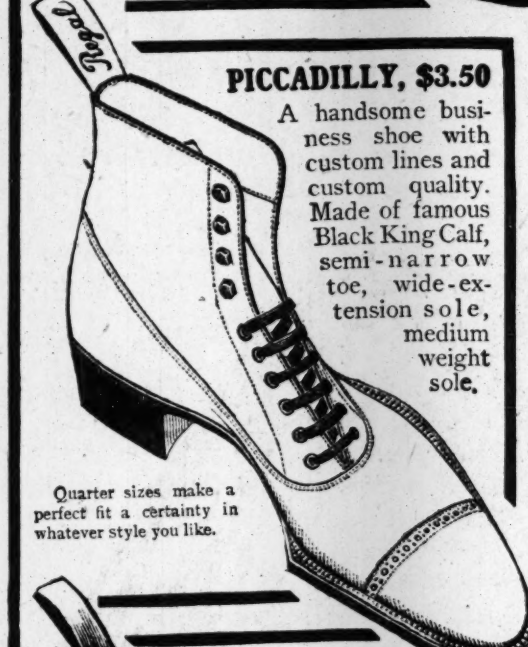
The Louisville is a two-story building of wood and was erected fifteen years ago. It cost \$25,000.

John King, mentioned in the telegram as being dead, did the fire-eating act.



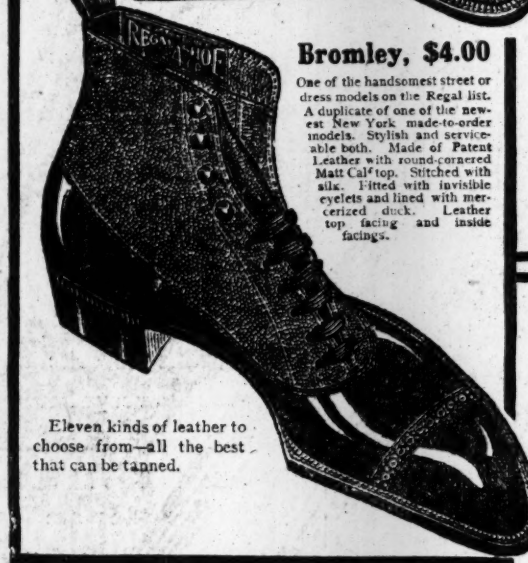
PIT, \$4.00

A Patent Leather shoe for full dress, semi-dress or street wear. Reproduced from one of the most costly made-to-order models that will be seen this season. The Patent Leather of the vamp is fitted with a Matt Calf top. Flat tread sole. Mercerized duck lining.



PICCADILLY, \$3.50

A handsome business shoe with custom lines and custom quality. Made of famous Black King Calf, semi-narrow toe, wide-extension sole, medium weight sole.



Bromley, \$4.00

One of the handsomest street or dress models on the Regal list. A duplicate of one of the most stylish and serviceable shoes. Made of Patent Leather with round-cornered Matt Calf top. Stitched with silk. Fitted with invisible eyelets and lined with mercerized duck. Leather top, facing and inside facings.

Eleven kinds of leather to choose from—all the best that can be tanned.



58 New Spring Styles in 114 Regal Stores

The New Spring Regals have just arrived in our stores direct from the Regal factories.

Regal styles are new styles—new this Spring—less than six weeks away from the original designs of the fashion-creating custom bootmakers of New York, Paris and London.

New styles are shown and are on sale in 114 Regal stores months earlier than anywhere else—and in any other store the same style, fit and quality costs you \$6.00.

Regal styles are *correct* styles—absolutely—in every detail of shape, material and workmanship.

With Regals you can go *anywhere* on *any* occasion in the comfortable assurance that your footwear is strictly in style with the *latest* hand-made models worn by the most fashionable discriminating people in the world.

Every Style in Quarter Sizes!

\$3.50 The cost of raw hides and leather has been rapidly advancing for two years, until now you have good reason to be suspicious of any shoe offered you at the same price as last year, and a satisfactory explanation should be demanded. We maintained our uniform \$3.50 price for all Regals as long as possible—even sacrificing entirely on certain Regal styles in the hope that the cost of materials would ultimately decrease to a normal point; but there is now no apparent likelihood of that outcome, and consequently there has been just one of two things for us to do: either to stop making some lines of Regal shoes or else charge a price increased sufficiently to balance their increased cost. From the very beginning, we have consistently built into every pair of Regal shoes the best materials suited to that particular style—and we shall never change that policy. We guarantee that in any \$3.50 Regal model you will get absolutely the best materials suited to that style.

Send for Style Book. Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

The largest retail shoe business in the world.
114 stores in principal cities from London to San Francisco.

REGAL
THE SHOE THAT PROVES
ATLANTA STORE:
6 WHITEHALL STREET, VIADUCT.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

Out-of-the-Ordinary Weaves in Cotton

12 1-2c Ginghams
in plaids, checks
and stripes.

Today

10c

A few pieces of
25c Madras

Today

15c

New arrivals in printed Crepe Eolienne, a weave with white ground and dainty color combinations as soft and pretty as can be found in the Chiffon cloths and the same designs

50c

Cotton Eoliennes in solid colors and mercerized yarns, blue white, cream, gray and black

15c

Mercerized Silk and Cotton Jacquard Chambray backgrounds, in all colors, with the mercerized figures deftly woven in; grays, tans, blues, browns, etc., stripes and figures

30c

In plaids and checks of various sizes and color combinations, is a cotton Etamine woven from Egyptian yarn. Mercerizing this makes it all but silk

25c

32-inch wide silk and cotton Crepe de Chines, plain colors, white cream and black. Regular 50c Crepe de Chines, at

40c

Printed hair line stripes in cotton Grenadines, the daintiest patterns in an innumerable variety of designs at

50c

A Line of Beautiful Patterns in
23c Organdies

Today

17c

36 inch Madras in designs found only in high priced foreign cloths

Today

12¹/₂ c

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company

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The Mode of The Moment in Silk Coats

The silk coat is again under the lime-light---the center of admiration among new things for Spring:

Nobby, "chic," ideal in weight for Spring days, handy and correct to wear on any occasion---little wonder they've come into their full share of popularity. We've drawn two here today---fitting illustration of two styles. Both are imported models. Parisian in every line. They are typical of the others more or less elaborate. In all, there are some fifty new arrivals in black chiffon taffeta and liberty silk or Pongees. Etons, twenty-four-inch coats, three-quarters and full length. All the styles have the three-quarter or full length sleeves.

The three-quarter length coat shown at the left is a semi-fitting effect, with accordion plaiting, and yoke heavily applied with black silk braid. The bottom of coat has deep ruffle of liberty silk with quillings of the same. The heavily braided cuffs have a pointed triple fall of liberty silk with quillings. This particular coat is \$25.00.

Other three-quarter length, half-fitting models, more elaborately trimmed, up to \$35.00.

Another style is the semi-fitted 24-inch silk coat in plain tailored effects at \$15.00.

Pony coats in black at \$15, \$18 and \$20, all black or black with white trimmings.

The coat at the right is an Eton finished all around with wide black-silk braid and silk cord as shown in cut. This particular silk Eton is \$15.00.

There are others tailored on simple plain lines. Some are trimmed with silk folds or braid and cord, in elaborate designs. Linings are black or white. Silk Etons \$5, \$7.50, \$10, \$11.75 and \$15.

There are also a number of three-quarter length, half-fitting coats in black with white lace collars and cuffs at \$20 and \$25.

Pongee coats are three-quarter or full length. Full sweeping garments trimmed with silk braids, or touched with a bit of color on collars and cuffs, Alice blue, green, navy and black, combined with heavy lace, \$15 to \$35.00.

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